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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXVIII — ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1896.—TEN PAGES. — PRICE FIVE CENTS

MAY BE SOME WAR TALK AGAIN

If Weyler Sentences the Competitor Men To Death.

MIGHT FORCE RECOGNITION

It Is Thought Morgan's Resolution Will Pass

AND THE PRESIDENT BE FORCED TO ACT

Congressmen Voted To Have Private Secretaries the Same as Senators. Other Washington News.

Washington, May 8.—(Special.)—Should the Spanish courtmartial to convene tomorrow sentence to death the men captured on the Competition carrying arms to the Cubans, there will undoubtedly be a great howl of indignation throughout this country.

It is believed that congress would be spurred to the point of passing the Morgan joint resolution recognizing the Cubans. That would force action on the part of the president.

Up to date the president has taken no official notice of the congressional resolutions sent him many weeks ago. He has appointed General Fitzhugh Lee consul to Havana, that he might investigate the situation and report. Further than this the president has done nothing. To all outward appearances he has defied public sentiment and sympathized with the Spaniards. It may not be long, however, before congress will force him to act.

Senator Morgan said today that his joint resolution would be favorably reported to the senate by the committee on foreign relations and would pass the senate by a large majority.

"When it goes to the white house," added Senator Morgan, "the president cannot regard it with the same complacent indifference he has given to the former one. Congress has recognized a state of war in Cuba. The president by his inaction has refused to so regard the situation. The joint resolution must become a law or receive a veto. The president's discretion must be exercised."

Thus it appears that the entire Cuban question is to be reopened and this would naturally delay the adjournment of congress.

Senator Bacon's Bill.

Senator Bacon today again introduced his bill prohibiting the secretary of the treasury from issuing bonds without the special authorization of congress for each issue.

It is the same bill he introduced several months ago. The bill was referred to the finance committee, where it has lain unacted upon. The senator introduced it again with the avowed purpose of calling it up in the senate for action without reference to a committee. At the first opportunity he will move its consideration. That will be a test vote. If it can be taken up it can pass. Senator Bacon intends to push it.

Members of the house will hereafter have clerks all the months of the year. They will have clerks at home, as well as when in Washington, such clerks to be paid by the government.

The house so voted today after an interesting debate. Most democrats, as usual, voted against the bill, yet every democrat hoped it would pass and every one will draw the salary and employ a clerk. Indeed a clerk is as necessary to a representative to properly attend to his business as to a senator. It is right that they should have them. Yet over a hundred members voted today against providing each member with a clerk at an annual salary. The majority of them voted "no" because of the fear of censure from their constituents. Yet every one will draw the salary for clerk hire. The bad feature of the bill is that members draw the money themselves, certifying that they have agreed to pay out the same for clerk hire. It has been intimated that some congressmen do not pay the same for legitimate clerk hire, but give it to their wives. However that may be, every congressman who attends to his business properly needs a clerk and it is right and proper that the government should provide him with one.

The Day in the Senate.

The senate spent all day in debating the Santa Monica, Cal., harbor scheme in the river and harbor bill. The senate committee wants to spend three million dollars in improving Santa Monica harbor. The California senators want this money spent on San Pedro harbor a few miles further south. Both are near to Los Angeles. The government engineers reported in favor of San Pedro, private engineers reported in favor of Santa Monica. The latter port has large docks built by the Southern Pacific railroad. The land about the harbor is largely owned by Senator Jones, of Nevada. The indications are that the senate will vote in favor of Santa Monica by a small majority.

It is said today that the president intends to veto the river and harbor bill. If he does it will probably pass both houses over his veto. The senate will not under any circumstances provide for adjournment until the president acts upon the bill.

Georgians are greatly interested in the bill because of the large appropriations made for Savannah and Brunswick harbors.

E. W. B.

VIRGINIA ALL RIGHT.

Free Coinage Winning the Day in the Old Dominion.

Richmond, Va., May 8.—(Special.)—The democratic state convention, which assembles at Staunton on June 4th, will, it is believed, be composed of more than 75 per cent of free coinage men.

Under the championship of Senator John W. Daniel, the white metal advocates have made wonderful accessions in Virginia during the past few months. There are some counties in this state, it is claimed, in which the "sound money" people have little or no following, except in the towns and among the professional men at the courthouses. The leaders of that side concede that their opponents will control the convention or select most, if not nearly all, of the twenty-four delegates to Chicago.

An interesting question which now presents itself and one which promises to cause a bitter fight, is the suggestion of Senator Daniel that his friends, if they control the convention, shall adopt the unit rule in selecting delegates to the national convention. The unit rule has not been adopted recently in selecting delegates to the national conventions. This year Senator Daniel and other silver champions urge the adoption of this plan. The former says that in his opinion the time has come for the settlement of this great financial issue in the nation. The only way to accomplish that, he thinks, is to come out and make a clear and fresh declaration on the subject. This is what it is quite certain the free coinage men of this state will do in the platform which they will adopt at Staunton. Senator Daniel defends the adoption of the unit rule upon the ground that the majority should rule and their declarations be allowed to express the sentiments of the party. The senator will be pretty sure to draw up the platform of the democrtic convention.

Threats of the Gold Men.

The condition of affairs is more complicated than has been known in any campaign for years. The growing strength of the silver advocates is looked upon with alarm by some of the most prominent Cleveland men in the state. Some of them, and the number includes some of the most prominent men in this community, do not hesitate to declare if the Chicago convention shall nominate a free coinage man they will bolt the party and vote for the republican candidate or refrain from exercising their right of suffrage.

By taking this course in declaring their purpose not to support a free coinage candidate for president, some of the most pronounced opponents of the white metal have placed them in a position in which they cannot even participate in the present contest for delegates to the national convention. In their position of having expressed a purpose to bolt the party nominee should he not meet with their approval, these gentlemen can neither go as delegates to state or national convention nor participate in any primary for the selection of such representatives. One of the most prominent and frankest of this class candidly confesses that his declarations on this subject debar him from participation in any of these party contests.

Nearly all of the leading papers in this state are on the the side of so-called "sound money" but, with possibly one excetion, not one of these has placed its self in a position where it cannot consistently support a free coinage candidate, should one be chosen at the Chicago convention. The same is true of all prominent democratic leaders. Hon. J. T. Elyson, the chairman of the state committee, is heartily in favor of "sound money" issues, but he is too loyal not to acquiesce in the verdict of the representatives of the party in the national convention. With possibly two exceptions all of the nine democratic members of congress from this state are for free coinage.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE ADJOURNS.

Interesting Papers Were Read—A Delightful Banquet Enjoyed.

Baltimore, May 8.—The National Municipal League completed its programme today and adjourned. The sessions have unquestionably been of great value to reformers as showing the extraordinary rise of interest in the reform work.

The papers read before the convention have been for the most part severely practical, and the delegates appear to be imbued with the belief that excellent results are bound to follow. At a banquet given by Baltimoreans to the league delegates at the Hotel Rennert last night General William Aikin, of Norwich, Conn., one of the leading civil service reformers of the country, made a brief address on the recent general revision of civil service rules by President Cleveland, by which nearly 30,000 officers at one sweep were brought under the protection of the civil service law.

"This action," said General Aikin, "is deserving of the highest commendation. No matter what the party be called to which the man belongs, and no matter what his views be on other questions, I would, if it be not inappropriate in a meeting such as this, move that the president of this league be requested to convey by letter to the president of the United States the grateful and appreciative thanks of the National Municipal League for the step which he has taken to enlarge the area of civil service reform in this country."

There were a score of seconds from all parts of the room. Mr. Charles J. Bonaparte put the motion, and it was unanimously adopted by a rising "aye."

MILWAUKEE'S STRIKE.

The Railway Company Refuses To Arbitrate—The Strikers Orderly.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 8.—The situation in the street railway strike here is unchanged. No cars were running last night after 6 o'clock. A special meeting of common council was held last night, at which a committee reported that the railway company refused to arbitrate the questions at issue. The council instructed the committee to continue its labors with the company, and then adjourned until this afternoon. The strikers are all orderly, and no arrests have been made from their ranks. Members of the Jefferson club and many unions have adopted resolutions giving expression to their sympathy with strikers.

STAMPING SILVER DOLLARS,

But Before the Shutdown $2,000,000 in Gold Will Be Coined.

Philadelphia, May 8.—The presses at the United States mint in this city, which have been stamping silver dollars and subsidiary coin for two months, will shortly also begin turning out double eagles. Gold bars to the value of $2,000,000 are now stored in the mint and all this will be coined prior to the annual shutdown, which will take place on June 30th, and last for two weeks. The coinage of silver dollars and the subsidiary coin will, however, not be stopped altogether, the order to coin them not having been rescinded.

THE ATLANTA TO BE IMPROVED

Secretary Herbert Considering Plans by Which the Ship Will Be Bettered.

Washington, May 8.—Secretary Herbert has under consideration a report from the naval board of construction concerning the rehabilitation of the cruiser Atlanta. The plan of the board provides for new boilers and machinery that will give the vessel a speed of 16 knots and a horse power of 4,000, and the substitution of twin screws for the present single screw. Her speed as developed on the official trial was fifteen knots, and the horse power 3,300. If the plan is carried out the traveling range of the Atlanta will be increased about 2,000 miles, gained through additional coal carrying capacity. No change in the batteries of the vessel is contemplated.

The treasury gold reserve today stood at $117,656,814. The day's withdrawals amounted to $1,544,400.

Working for the Tobacco Trust.

New York, May 8.—Joseph H. Choate appeared before Judge Fitzgerald in general sessions today,as counsel for the officers and directors of the American Tobacco Company. He asked permission to inspect the indictments found against his clients yesterday and leave to interpose a plea on next Wednesday. This was granted and the matter went over.

Birmingham Contractor Gets It.

Washington, May 8.—The contract for the plumbing work, etc., of the public building at Birmingham, Ala., was today awarded Wright & Huffner, of Birmingham, $7,381.

HARRITY SAYS THE MONEY IS UP

And the Next National Democratic Convention

WILL SURELY MEET IN CHICAGO

The Subcommittee Convened Yesterday in Special Session.

THE WORK WAS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

Chairman Harrity Tells the Story—He and the Architect Visit the Building.

Chicago, May 8.—The democratic national convention will be held in Chicago, and at the Coliseum, in accordance with the original programme.

This was the decision announced by National Chairman Harrity this evening at the close of the second session of the special meeting of the sub-committee on the convention of the national democratic committee.

The afternoon session was given up to a conference with Treasurer Donnersberger, Judge Goodrich, Jacob W. Richards, R. W. Spangler and other members of the local finance committee. The conference was held behind closed doors and at its conclusion Chairman Harrity stated that all the obligations under which the convention had been voted to Chicago had been complied with.

The obligation in question provides that $30,000 should be placed to the credit of the national committee by this date and that $10,000 additional should be forthcoming by the fourth day of July.

With the exception of Senator Gorman, every member of the sub-committee reported at the Hotel Wellington today. Even Chairman E. C. Wall, of Wisconsin, state central committee, who has been at death's door for months, came down from the Cream City. His associates were Chairman Harrity, Colonel J. G. Prather, of St. Louis; T. H. Shirley, of Louisville; Ben T. Cable, of Illinois, and S. P. Sheery, of Indiana, secretary of the national committee. With these were Architect Canda, of New York, and John J. Martin, of St. Louis, who was selected sergeant-at-arms at the last meeting of the committee. During the afternoon Messrs. Prather, Shirley and Martin visited the Coliseum and expressed themselves as satisfied at the progress made on the structure.

Committees Appointed.

When the sub-committee reconvened and the conference with the local finance committee had been concluded the sub-committee went into executive session and appointed the following committees:

On press and telegraph accommodations and facilities—S. P. Sherry, of Logansport, Ind.; E. C. Wall, of Milwaukee, Wis.; John G. Prather, of St. Louis, Mo.

On decorations and Music—Thomas H. Shirley, of Louisville, Ky.; Ben T. Cable, of Chicago; U. C. Wallace, of Washington, D. C.

The latter was also selected as a member of the committee on arrangements to succeed Senator Gorman, of Maryland, who had notified the committee of his inability to serve.

The meeting adjourned to meet again in this city May 29th.

Harrity's Statements.

Subsequently Chairman Harrity gave out the following announcement:

"No tickets of admission to the convention will be issued until July 6th. Applications for press tickets should be made to S. P. Sheery, chairman of the sub-committee on press and telegraph, Logansport, Ind. Applications for appointments as assistants to the sergeant-at-arms, doorkeepers, pages, etc., should be made to Colonel John J. Martin, of St. Louis, Mo."

The interior arrangements of the Coliseum will be made under the supervision of Mr. F. E. Canda, of New York, architect and engineer to the committee, assisted by Sergeant-at-Arms Martin, with the co-operation of the committee on decorations and music.

The railroad companies centering and tributary to Chicago will be asked to furnish transportation to delegates and others at reduced rates. The usual practice has been to grant a round trip for one fare.

Chairman Harrity leaves in the morning for a week's trip among the northern lakes. The remaining members of the committee took trains for home tonight.

CARLISLE CALLED TO KENTUCKY

Free Coinage Is Making Such Headway as To Alarm the Gold Men.

Frankfort, Ky., May 8.—(Special.)—The silver stampede has reached such a point that the "sound money" democrats are panic stricken and have sent for Secretary Carlisle to come to Kentucky.

He was expected in Louisville today, but failed to appear, much to the disappointment of the goldbug democrats. Their leaders say that the secretary's visit to Kentucky will be for the purpose of a rest, but the fact that he will attend a conference of the "sound money" leaders in Louisville next week, shows up his visit in its true light. Carlisle will be urged to make at least one currency speech by the "sound money" leaders.

Upon his arrival in Kentucky he will go at once to Covington, his old home.

Colonel Charles Sommers, who has charge of the Bland campaign in Kentucky, today announced that Governor W. J. Stone, of Missouri, the chief henchman of the free coinage senator, will open the Bland campaign in Kentucky a week from tomorrow. Governor Stone will speak at Shelbyville May 18th; Frankfort May 19th; Lexington May 20th and Richmond May 21st. The goldbug democrats are badly routed.

MICHIGAN FOR McKINLEY.

The State Convention So Declares—A Protective Tariff, Too.

Detroit, Mich., May 8.—The platform adopted by the republican state convention asks for the restoration of a protective tariff with reciprocity as a necessary supplement and says:

"We are united in favor of the nomination of William McKinley, of Ohio, by the republican party for the office of president of the United States, and hereby instruct the delegates selected at this convention to use all honorable means to secure his nomination so long as his name is before the national convention.

"We are unyielding and uncompromising in our demand for sound money. We are in favor of the use of gold, silver and paper dollars in our currency, all maintained at a parity as to purchasing and debt-paying power.

"We are opposed to any proposition that involves the depreciation of any portion of our currency, and therefore, are opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone, under present conditions, believing that such coinage would destroy the parity and depreciate and contract the currency.

"The resolutions also expressed sympathy with the people of Cuba in their struggle for liberty."

General Russell Alger, Thomas J. O'Brien, of Grand Rapids; John Duncan, of Calumet, and Mark S. Brewer, of Pontiac, were elected delegates to St. Louis.

Indiana Republicans Through.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 8.—The republican state convention adjourned at 3:30 this morning. The last nominations were those for the appellate court. The balloting resulted: First district, W. D. Robinson, of Gibson; second district, W. J. Henley, of Rush; third district, James B. Black, of Marion; fourth district, D. W. Comstock, of Wayne; fifth district, U. Z. Wiley, of Benton.

GONE TO THE WALL.

THE NASHVILLE AMERICAN IS AGAINST THE PEOPLE.

And Lack of Support Forces It Into the Hands of a Receiver—The Sun Is Flourishing.

Nashville, Tenn., May 8.—(Special.)—United States District Judge Charles D. Clark this afternoon appointed James E. Allison receiver of The American Publishing Company, and Mr. H. M. Doak master commissioner to take an account of the debts of the concern. This action is the result of a bill filed this afternoon by attorneys for George Whitelaw, of St. Louis, who is a holder of past due coupons. The suit is a friendly one and Mr. Allison, the receiver, is at present president of the company. It is understood that the paper under its present management has made more money than ever before, but the immense indebtedness of the old Union and American Publishing Company assumed by The American Publishing Company finally made it necessary that the paper go into the hands of a receiver.

The American is seventy years old and during the past few years has been a gold standard paper. The Nashville Sun is its morning competitor. The Sun is owned and edited by ex-Congressman B. A. Enloe and is a free coinage paper. It won its fight in yesterday's democratic convention overwhelmingly. The American will probably continue publication and will be disposed of as soon as possible.

MANY YEARS IN THE PEN.

The Three Boys Who Wrecked a New York Central Train Sentenced.

Rome, N. Y., May 8.—This morning the jury in the case of John Watson Hildreth, one of the boys who wrecked a New York Central express train, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. In reaching this conclusion, four ballots were taken. Judge McLennon sentenced Hildreth to Auburn prison for life.

In passing sentence the judge said he thought the jury had dealth very leniently by Hildreth; that they might have convicted him of the highest crime known to the law. He said Hildreth's crime was a terrible one under our civilization—almost as bad as poisoning the streams that came from the hillsides. Hildreth stood up and received his sentence without flinching, but after he sat down by the side of his father, his eyes filled with tears and his lip trembled perceptibly.

As soon as Hildreth had been sentenced he was taken back to jail, and in a few minutes thereafter Theodore Hibbard and Herbert Platt, the other indicted train wreckers, were brought into court.

By advice of their counsel, Mr. Sayles, they withdrew their former pleas of not guilty to murder in the first degree, and pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree, in causing the deaths of Engineer Hager and Robert Bond. Mr. Sayles asked for clemency for the boys.

Judge McLennan then sentenced the prisoners to forty years each in the Auburn state prison. The prisoners were very pale, and seemed much downcast, but shed no tears.

EVIDENCE ALL IN.

Argument in the Scott Jackson Case Will Begin Today.

Cincinnati, May 8.—Argument in the Scott-Jackson case will commence tomorrow. The last witness was Captain S. S. Bassler, of the weather bureau in Cincinnati, who testified this morning as to the meteorological conditions on Friday, January 31st, and Saturday, February 1st. When Captain Bassler finished his testimony, the defense announced that it rested its case, and the famous trial, as far as evidence is concerned, was ended. Attorney Lockhard, for the prosecution, asked for time to prepare his argument. This was granted, and court adjourned until Saturday morning. The date for Walling's trial has been set for May 19th.

ELSIE KREGLO'S SLAYER.

Ford, the Negro, Admits Cutting Her Throat.

Washington, May 8.—Irving Ford, the negro arrested yesterday at Harper's Ferry, has confessed to the murder of Elsie Kreglo Monday near the Zoological park, but denies that he attempted criminal assault. He says she threw stones at him and he attacked her. She fought him and he cut her throat with a pocket knife.

EIGHTY MILES IN ONE DAY,

But the Mule Died After He Made the Trip.

Columbia, S. C., May 8.—(Special.)—Chester, S. C., must be suffering for whisky. Henry Boulware was arrested today for riding eighty miles on a mule, borrowed without permission of its owner. Henry crossed the state line and brought back nine gallons of North Carolina corn juice. He made the trip in a day, throwing Sheridan's record in the shade, but killed the mule. The governor has the whisky and Boulware is in jail.

A FARMER ASSASSINATED

While He Was Plowing in a Field. The Murderer Unknown.

Columbia, S. C., May 8.—(Special.)—J. R. Quittlebaum, a farmer of Aiken county, was assassinated in his field today by unknown persons. Quittlebaum's little son, who was taking his father's dinner to him in the field, was the first to make the discovery, stumbling upon the body where it had been shot down. There is no clue.

Tragedy in Newberry.

Columbia, S. C., May 8.—In Newberry today Lark Suber, a prominent negro politician, was shot and killed by Benson Baker, also colored. The fight was a result of Baker's intimacy with Suber's wife. The negroes in the town are very much wrought up over the killing.

Money Goes to Japan.

London, May 8.—The sum of 8,000,000 pounds war indemnity from China to Japan was transferred to the latter's agents in London today.

PUT ON TRIAL FOR THEIR LIVES

The Prisoners Taken Off the Captured Cruiser Competitor.

IT IS A COURT MARTIAL

General Williams Protests Against the Trial.

THE PROSECUTION DEMANDS THEIR DEATH

The Finding of the Court May Be Sent to the Government at Madrid for Approval.

Havana, May 8.—At 8 o'clock a court martial opened at the arsenal here for the trial of the men who were captured by a Spanish warship on the alleged filibustering schooner, Competitor, belonging in Key West.

The prisoners were Alfredo LaBorde, born in New Orleans; Owen Milton, of Kansas; William Kinlea, an Englishman, and Elias Bedia and Theodore Maza, both Cubans.

Captain Ruiz acted as president of the court, which consisted of nine other military and naval officers. All the accused pleaded not guilty.

Several witnesses admitted that when the men were captured they were not armed, and offered no resistance. Despite this fact, however, the prosecutor, Lieutenant Saurez, asked the court martial to convict the prisoners of filibustering and to impose the death sentence upon all of them.

Counsel for the defense made a long review of the evidence and demanded the acquittal of Maza. He argued eloquently against the others being sentenced to death and declared that the evidence showed that mercy should be extended to them.

The court martial has as yet rendered no judgment. It is said that its findings will be submitted for approval to the government at Madrid.

During the course of the proceedings a letter was read from the American consul general, Ramon O. Williams, protesting against the trial. Mr. Williams abstained from attending the court martial.

More Battles Reported.

General Linares reports that his command has succeeded in dislodging the forces of Jose Maceo from the intrenched camp, occupied by them in the province of Santiago de Cuba. In the fighting that took place before the rebels retreated seventeen of the insurgents were killed. The troops, according to the report, lost only two killed and seven wounded.

Another official report issued today states that the combined forces of General Altimara and Inclan have driven the rebels under Antonio Maceo into a different position in the hills at Guaramaya, near Bahia Honda, province of Pinar del Rio. The reports make no mention of any rebel loss, but state that the Spaniards had seven killed and twenty-five wounded. Among the latter are one captain and two lieutenants.

The rebel bands of Regino and Alfonso have burned about sixty houses in the town of La Guinallos, province of Matanzas.

CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT.

The Government Will Make an Inquiry Into the South African Row.

London, May 8.—The house of commons was crowded with members and the press and strangers' galleries were filled with visitors today, upon the occasion of the presentation of the colonial estimates.

Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the opponents, reminded the government that an inquiry had been promised with the object of ascertaining whether the British South Africa Company was in the hands of fit and proper persons to be entrusted with the administration of the affairs of the company's territory.

Harcourt said that the trial of the members of the Johannesburg reform committee in Pretoria had disclosed important circumstances and the government now owed the country an authoritative statement.

Mr. Chamberlain, colonial secretary, said that the deplorable result of Jameson's raid had been to jeopardize English predominance in south Africa and it had also delayed the concord of the two races, which was England's main policy. Mr. Chamberlain further said that a harmonious settlement of the question of the rights of the Uitlanders had long been Mr. Rhodes's dearest object. If he could only have found a co-worker in President Kruger the results would have been beneficent in promoting the federation of the south African states, wherein local rights would have been fully regarded.

Mr. Chamberlain said that he had not threatened President Kruger at all, but had claimed the right to make friendly representations. President Kruger promised to consider these representations and the government awaited the fulfillment of his promise. In the meantime he had asked Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, to come to England, but the request for him to come was not intended as a recall.

But, he continued, as regards the actual invasion of the Transvaal, there was reason to believe that Mr. Rhodes had expressed his disapproval and had endeavored to stop the raid. Did the opposition demand the punishment of Mr. Rhodes? Whatever may have been Mr. Rhodes's errors, he had also rendered great service, which could not be forgotten. Mr. Rhodes was not deprived of power for mischief, and the directors of the chartered company had shown their confidence in him by deferring their acceptance of his resignation.

Considering the disturbed state of Rhodesia and the influence of Mr. Rhodes in that territory, he did not blame the directors for their show of confidence. The government, he said, adhered to their promise to make a searching inquiry into the action of the chartered company, but he held that such an inquiry must not be opened until the judicial proceedings connected with the Transvaal raid were ended.

Mr. Henry Labouchere, who is a bitter opponent of the British South Africa Company, describes the company as a gang of shady financiers who were running a gambling concern with the Union Jack flying over it. Cecil Rhodes, he said, had uttered deliberate falsehoods, basely deceiving Governor Robinson, and had, when prime minister of Cape Colony, disgraced and dishonored the high tradition that British ministers did not make money from their positions. Mr. Labouchere concluded by declaring that he regretted the decision of Mr. Chamberlain, who was fettered by the cabinet. The debate was adjourned.

Rhodes and Beit Must Quit.

London, May 8.—It is stated upon official authority that certain members of the board of directors of the British South Africa Company insist upon the acceptance of the resignations of Cecil Rhodes and Alfred Beit from all connection with the company, otherwise they themselves will resign. The duke of Fife did not attend the recent meeting of the board of directors.

South African Troubles.

London, May 8.—A dispatch to The Globe from Buluwayo says serious friction exists between the inhabitants of that town and the management of the British SouthAfrica Company. Earl Grey, administrator of the British South Africa Company, in an address to the troops, promised that the chartered company would compensate them for personal losses which they had incurred through recent troubles.

Will Be Brought Home.

London, May 8.—The court has ordered extradition to America of William Turner and William R. Dunlop, the Burden diamond robbers.

ALL ABOUT TRADE.

Bradstreet's Says Dullness Now Is Due to the Weather—The Crops.

New York, May 8.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Relatively the unfavorable features of the general business situation this week include unseasonable cool weather; which at some centers has checked trade. In Texas further improvement in the cotton crop outlook has stimulated jobbers to send out travelers to anticipate demand. The region of which Chattanooga is the commercial center is enjoying the results of an extension of the truck gardening industry. Savannah's rosin and turpentine receipts and shipments are quite active. The outlook for wheat in eastern Oregon is brightest and the like is true of Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa. More important staples for which prices are higher are cotton, print cloths, indian corn, oats, lard and coffee, while quotations for pork, coal and lumber remain practically unchanged. A sale of wool is reported at Boston at 'lowest price on record,' from which it may be inferred the bottom has been reached. Wheat flour, wheat, sugar, petroleum, bessemer pig and foundry irons have likewise been shaded in price. The evident though gradual increase in the volume of business during the past two or three weeks shows itself in an enlarged volume of bank clearings. The aggregate for the week is $1,135,000,000, or 15 per cent more than last week, but only 7-10 of 1 per cent larger than in the first week of May, 1895, although 25 per cent larger than in the corresponding week of 1894. As compared with the like period in 1893, the week's total clearings show a decrease of 11 per cent; and as contrasted with 1892, a decrease of 7.8 per cent. There are 267 business failures reported throughout the United States this week as compared with 254 last week, 224 in the week one year ago, 198 in the first week of May, 1894, and as compared with 210 in the corresponding week of 1893."

Dun & Co.'s Review.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade tomorrow, will say:

"That exports of $5,850,000 gold this week have produced no monetary disturbance is at once proof of the soundness of the financial conditions and of the prevailing confidence in better things to come. It does not matter whether the gold is required for Russia or anywhere else; it would not go from this rather than from other countries if there were not balances to be met.

"Much of the hesitation at present is due to temporarily reduced demand in some industries, and in iron and steel, the power of the new condition is being generally tested by refusal of orders, so that production exceeds consumption, but consumption exceeds new buying. The general irregularity of prices and slackness of demand for finished products do not prevent the marking up of prices by combinations, but are largely due to doubt whether such prices as are fixed can be maintained. Pig iron is weaker at the east and also at Pittsburg, and most finished products are weaker with remarkably narrow demand.

"For textile manufacturers the situation is trying. Cotton mills have a fairly active demand, though not equal to their normal output, and for many months have been accumulating goods, hoping for better things, so that some are now stopping, although the demand for some grades with higher prices for cottons, has helped to a small advance in prices.

"Print cloths are an eighth higher, but some other grades have declined, so that the average of all quotations is slightly lower. Woolen manufacturers find prices of wool sagging both here and abroad, the decline at London having reached about 5 per cent, while the average of quotations by Coates Bros., Philadelphia, was nearly 1 per cent lower, May 1st, and prices have been further reduced by concessions to clear off stocks.

"Cotton speculation has lifted the spot price to 8.31 cents, and profits have been realized from the men who have sold cotton they did not own; but it is still the fact that the outlook for next fall's crop is unusually favorable, while stocks here and abroad exceed all possible demands until September 1st.

"Failures for the week have been 238 in the United States against 227 last year, and 24 in Canada against 34 last year."

A Bank Shuts Up.

Union City, Ind., May 8.—The Citizens' bank, of this place, has closed its doors because of an inability to collect.

There had been quiet withdrawals from the bank by depositors in the city, and the school treasurers withdrew their accounts, after which the bank had not a dollar left. The liabilities are $75,000 and assets $135,000.

CAUSED A WARM DEBATE

In the Diocesan Convention Now in Session at Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., May 8.—The woman's suffrage question bobbed up in the diocesan convention which has been in session here this week, very unexpectedly today. It came up on a motion offered by Judge Haskell, to strike out the word "male" in the canon providing for the election of vestrymen, wardens, etc., in the parishes. The debate on the subject lasted for several hours and was participated in by a large number of delegates, both lay and clerical. As a general thing the clergy favored the proposed motion, while the laymen fought it hard. It was finally determined to allow the motion to go over to the convention next year undecided.

THAT LIGHT BURNED NO MORE.

Seaman Sent Into the Rigging To Light the Anchor Light Lost.

Charleston, S. C., May 8.—Captain Curtis, of the schooner Bertha F. Walker, reports while at anchor off the bar on the night of May 7th, the anchor light went out. C. H. Hunter, a native of Germany, was sent to take it out of the rigging and to relight the lantern. The wind was northeast, blowing a hard, heavy sea. Thinking he was very long about it the mate went forward and the man and lantern had disappeared. The supposition is that he slipped and fell overboard and was drowned.

Civil Service Rules Amended.

Washington, May 8.—The president has further amended the civil service rules by an order issued today bringing into the classified service the interstate commerce commission, which embraces about one hundred and forty persons.

Leaves for Holland.

Washington, May 8.—Tomorrow the Venezuelan commission's chief historical expert, Professor George L. Burr, will sail for Holland to investigate the various records bearing upon the Guinnan boundary dispute.

THE SOUTHERN BAPTISTS MEET

Chattanooga Has the Entertaining of the Body This Year.

A VERY LARGE ATTENDANCE

The Day Yesterday Given to Some Auxiliaries.

THE CONVENTION PROPER IN THE AFTERNOON

Overflow Meetings Last Night Indicate the Interest—Where Will It Meet Next Year?

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8.—This city is in the hands of over 3,000 visiting Baptists present as delegates and spectators at the session of the Southern Baptist convention.

Chattanooga feels the mighty impulse that a great religious gathering imparts to a community, and for the nonce the city is theirs. Hotels and hotel corridors are thronged with visitors, while 1,000 and odd delegates are being entertained gratis in the hospitable homes of citizens.

The convention's officers are all quartered at the Southern hotel, which is the center of interest.

The last of the auxiliary bodies that follow the lead of the big body finished its sessions today. At a largely attended meeting of the trustees of the Baptist Theological seminary, located at Louisville, Joshua Levering, a millionaire coffee dealer, of Baltimore, and president of the board, made the seminary a gift of $10,000 for a gymnasium to be erected at once.

The Baptist Editors.

Dr. J. B. Cranfell, of Texas, vice presidential candidate on the prihobition ticket in 1892, presided over the session of the Baptist Editorial Association, at which a number of learned and interesting papers were presented. The most trenchant discussion of any topic was the paper on the "Baptist Academies," by F. W. Boatright, the young president of Richmond college.

The element of discord predicted at the session of the Baptist Young People's Union, an auxiliary of the convention, by reason of violent opposition in the denomination to the existence of a southern union apart from the Young People's Union of America, did not materialize, opposition to the union coming from the churches and not from members of the auxiliary. Representatives from the department of the green, the southern wing of the international union, were present but being visitors took no part in the proceedings. The old corps of officers wes reelected by the union, to-wit: L. O. Dawson, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., president; W. W. Gaines, of Atlanta, secretary; P. H. Mell, of Auburn, Ala., first vice president, and C. L. Laws, of Baltimore, second vice president. Mr. Laws resigned, however, giving as a reason that his state, Maryland, did not sympathize with the southern union movement, but would stay under the banner of the international society.

Birmingham was selected as headquarters for the society and a board of seven local managers was appointed.

J. W. Bailey, chairman of the committee to select a special board of managers to co-operate with the local board, reported in favor of one member from each state in the convention and a general board of seven named from Alabama.

The Convention Meets.

The Southern Baptist convention, the great center of interest, met at 10 o'clock this morning in the First Baptist church. Amid an impressive silence President Jonathan Haralson, associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama, opened the session.

Dr. S. H. Ford, of St. Louis, invoked the divine blessing on the work of the body. The roll call showed 767 accredited delegates present out of a possible 1,422 entitled to seats. Judge Jonathan Haralson, of Alabama, was re-elected president without a dissenting voice and Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Augusta, Ga., and Rev. O. F. Gregory, of Baltimore, were elected again as secretaries. The president appointed Dr. H. N. Harris, of Louisville, and the two secretaries as a committee on order of business. Ex-Governor J. P. Eagle, of Arkansas; Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Virginia; J. H. Kilpatrick, of Georgia; Dr. T. S. Dunaway, of Virginia, and W. W. Dodge, of Texas, were put in nomination for vice presidents, of whom there are four.

While the tellers were taking the ballot Mayor George W. Ochs was introduced and delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the city.

Dr. R. B. Garrett, pastor of the First Baptist church, welcomed the convention in the name of the Baptists of Chattanooga.

An eloquent response to the words of welcome was made by Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Virginia. An adjournment was then taken till 2 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

On the opening of the afternoon session the announcement of the ballot showed that the following were elected vice presidents of the body:

Joshua Levering, of Baltimore; Professor H. F. Kerfoot, of Louisville, Ky.; Dr. A. H. Fort, of St. Louis, Mo., and ex-Governor W. J. Northen, of Georgia.

Reports of Boards.

The reports of the several boards were then submitted in turn. Treasurer John C. Williams, of the foreign mission board, located in Richmond, reported a deficit at the close of the fiscal year ending May 1, 1896, of $26,092; receipts for the year were $102,056, and expenditures $105,118. The past year has been a very hard one for all missions. The board has a serious financial problem to meet, which means for the present a standing still in the field work. The report of the home mission board also shows a deficit of about $8,000. Mission work in Cuba will not be resumed until the close of the rebellion, while many of the convention feel that Baptist missions have small hopes of success in the island under Spanish rule for years to come. Over $86,000 has been expended by the home mission board in building houses of worship; the increase in mission building more than offsetting the deficiency in this board's funds.

The fraternal delegates present were asked to address the convention, and several responded.

The report of the Sunday school board was submitted by Secretary J. M. Frost, of Nashville, and showed a flourishing condition of that arm of the service with money in the treasury.

Dr. Charles A. Stokely, of Washington city, delivered the opening address tonight before a magnificent audience, taking as his theme "The Theology of the Savior." An overflow meeting of almost equal size was held in the lecture room of the church, and was addressed by Rev. George B. Eager, of Montgomery.

The next session of the body will, in all probability, go to Wilmington, N. C. Little Rock, Ark., is also working for the convention, but the sentiment is strongly in favor of meeting in the east.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE.

Proceedings of the Union of the South at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8.—(Special.)—A gathering of the Young People and of a good many whose hirsute faces would indicate not much youth remaining took place here today.

There are present from North Carolina, Dr. T. H. Pritchard, of Charlotte; A. M.

Sims, of Raleigh; J. W. Carter, J. B. Mammick, Hartwell Edwards and many others. From South Carolina, C. C. Brown, of Sumter; J. L. Vass, of Greenwood; A. J. S. Thomas, of Greenville; O. M. Martin, of Anderson; D. W. Hiatt, of Westminster; J. A. Hoyt, W. C. McCall, C. S. Gordon, C. Manly. From Alabama, R. O. Dawson, Tuscaloosa; G. B. Eager, Montgomery; J. J. Taylor, Mobile; C. E. Dickinson, Selma. From Virginia, Dickinson and Pitt, editors of The Religious Herald; J. T. Taylor, W. M. Landrum, W. E. Hatcher, M. B. Wharton, T. H. Ellett, President Boatright. From Tennessee, Dr. E. E. Folk, of Nashville, chief editor of The Baptist Reflector; Stacy Lord, J. N. Frost. From Georgia, J. G. Gibson, H. McDonald, W. C. Golden, J. L. White, J. F. Eden, H. R. Bernard, J. B. Hawthorne and others. From Texas, the great giant of Waco, Dr. B. H. Carroll, who spoke earnestly in favor of continuing the work of the southern union; J. C. Cranfell, B. W. J. Simms.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning H. O. Dawson, of Alabama, took the chair and called the meeting to order. Dr. Carroll, of Texas, made a great effort in favor of perpetuating the southern union, not on sectional lines, but on lines of necessity. The southern Baptists must have such an organization for their young people. To disband and combine with the Young People's Baptist Union of America would be to absorb us and leave us little to do. Opinions are sharply divergent as to one Baptist union for all North America and a separate one for the south. Most of the South Carolina delegates disfavor a southern union and have organized their state unions with constitutional inhibitions against joining a southern union; so far as I can feel the pulse of the delegates from Georgia and North Carolina, they are standing with Drs. Gambrell, Hawthorne and Carroll for the southern union.

Our special trains from Atlanta made good time. Major Latimer was with us on the Western and Atlantic and by his untiring courtesy and fund of information enhanced greatly the pleasure of the ride.

The matter of credentials and membership was committed to the secretary, Mr. Gains, of Kentucky, together with G. Braxton Taylor and Mr. Anderson, with instructions to report.

Dr. Garrett, pastor of the church in whose building the meetings are held, says Georgia has 250 delegates on the ground, and it is confidently believed that the church building will not accommodate one-half the delegates.

Afternoon Session.

The meeting came to order at 2 o'clock, sang "I Need Thee Every Hour," prayer by J. M. Twist. Pending the report of the committee on credentials, not ready, it was asked that some one relate to us here now what was done in the Young People's meeting which met in Atlanta last November.

At the suggestion of Dr. Frost, the chairman, R. O. Dawson, made the statements desired. He most earnestly invoked the favor of God, and the good will of everybody, winding by invoking everybody present to come forward and take membership.

On motion of Dr. J. B. Hawthorne the present chairman was elected permanent chairman

B. L. Wilkins, of the American Union, was welcomed to the platform and spoke feelingly

Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Richmond, was called for and spoke. He represents the "Department of the Green," recognizing as their connection the American or National Union. He opposes a distinct or independent southern union, but wants one grand organization to cover all of North America. He is willing for the southern union to be departmental or sectional as per geography. He would change the name to American Baptist Union—A. B. U.—leaving out young for the south, B. U. S.; for Canada, B. U. C.; i. e., Baptist Union of the South and Baptist Union of Canada. He avers strongly that he is a southern Baptist, having been born in Georgia.

Dr. Hawthorne declares that it is the earnest desire of the southern union to organize so that fraternal feelings may be preserved. "While we are separate and independent we shall have no friction; unite us, then we are responsible for their non-recognization of race or set or color, that the National Union has declared. We believe that God has made distinctions in sex, color and race. We in the south only recognize what God has made, and shall continue to recognize it."

J. B. Dickinson, of Gadsden, Ala., spoke of denominational teaching in Baptist Sunday schools.

E. B. Pollard, of Washington, urged the importance of developing and strengthening the local unions in the churches.

Following is the executive committee of one from each state: Maryland, E. L. Laws; Virginia, J. J. Hall; North Carolina, J. W. Bailey; Kentucky, C. H. Nash; Tennessee, G. A. Lofton; Missouri, William Shelton, Jr.; Georgia, T. W. O'Kelly; Texas, C. L. Seasholes; Mississippi, O. L. Hailey; Florida, A. P. Pugh; South Carolina, H. R. Mosley; Alabama, J. A. Finch; Arkansas, J. K. Pace; Louisiana, D. J. Purser.

Much of the prosperity or otherwise of this union in the interim depends upon the active efficiency of this committee.

IT WAS A WARM SESSION.

The Methodist Conference in Cleveland Has an Interesting Day.

Cleveland, O., May 8.—The meeting of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church this morning was exciting.

Bishop Hurst presided. Rev. Dr. King, of New York, presented a resolution deploring any state appropriations for sectarian purposes.

The resolution recited in strong terms that all denominations save one had declined to receive moneys for Indian schools and demanded that this "co-partnership between a church and the nation be dissolved at once."

Dr. King explained "that the house of representatives had declined to further continue the appropriations for certain denominational Indian schools and that the senate had insisted on their continuance. The matter was now in the hands of the conferees."

Dr. King's resolution almost unanimously passed.

Morris Sharp, of Ohio, brought up the woman question by offering a resolution providing that as the woman delegates elected to this conference had relinquished their seats their expenses be paid, and that their male reserves, if any, be called.

Rev. Dr. Leonard made a fervid speech against the passage of the resolution. These women, it has been decided, he said, are legal members of this body, and as such their expenses must be paid without any resolution. I hope the conference will vote this resolution down.

Great excitement prevailed, and many delegates struggled to get the floor. An attempt to lay the resolution on the table was defeated.

Rev. Dr. Neely, of Philadelphia, presented a substitute for the resolution asking that the women delegates, who had claimed the right of admission to this conference, come to the floor as visitors and that their expenses be paid by the committee.

Rev. Dr. Farlier Ainstock made a point of order against Dr. Neely's resolution on the ground that four women claimed admission when as a matter of fact their right to sit in this conference was unquestioned.

Bishop Hurst refused to entertain the point of order.

Dr. Cranston appealed to the floor and the bishop decided that he had been sustained.

Then followed the greatest excitement of the conference. A dozen men demanded attention and delegates declared that they did not understand what they were voting on.

Rev. Dr. William Frysinger, of central Pennsylvania, said that he had appealed to the floor and that the appeal had been stated as having come from Dr. Cranston. Therefore, the members had not voted intelligently. He demanded that this appeal be put.

Bishop Hurst refused to let the conference act on the appeal and amid the utmost confusion Dr. Frysinger cried out: "If I cannot get justice on this floor, I will resign."

He was greeted with cheers.

Bishop Hurst said that Dr. Neely had the floor to speak on his resolution.

Dr. Kynett said that Dr. Neely had no right to the floor until Dr. Frysinger's appeal had been put.

The chair ruled otherwise.

Dr. Kynett jumped to the floor and demanded that Dr. Neeley resume his seat and let the house decide whether Dr. Neeley had the floor or that the appeal be put.

A hundred voices backed Dr. Kynett and the chair was compelled to put the appeal of the Rev. Dr. Frysinger.

The house sustained the bishop and Dr. Neely tried to speak on his resolution.

Dr. Kynett demanded that both the resolutions be read.

When the reading had subsided Dr. Canston made the point of order that Dr. Neeley had changed the reading of his resolution.

Dr. Neeley admitted that he had.

Bishop Hurst said that he must restore the wording of the resolutions.

By this time everybody was excited and a dozen angry delegates in all parts of the house were vainly trying to get the floor. During the confusion both resolutions were withdrawn and the incident closed.

Bishop Taylor, the missionary bishop from Africa, delivered his report. In part he said:

"All I can say for Africa is that as for the missionary work we do for the blacks what we would do for the whites. In regard to our work in Africa I will say that if this conference shall decide that the time has come to put all the African missions under the control of the missionary society, I shall make no objection. Only make your decision on the subject decisive."

Bishop Thoburn, of India and Asia, read his report. He said:

"In general terms we have abundant reason to thank God for our prosperity during the last four years. We have gained two annual conferences and eleven presiding elder districts. We now have twenty-four district conferences. Our preachers now speak sixteen languages, three more than four years ago, and by the end of the century they may be expected to preach in twenty different languages. Four years ago our total number of converts was 50,000 souls; now it is over 100,000. We now have 22,249 Sunday schools and 71,975 scholars, an increase of 873 schools and 21,712 pupils. The Epworth League has made its first appearance among us since my last report, and we now have 134 leagues and 6,555 members. We have over 200 natives studying for the ministry."

AT SHADY DALE.

Howard Scored Judge Lawson in Jasper County.

Shady Dale, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Judge Thomas G. Lawson and Hon. William Howard met in joint debate here tonight. There was a large crowd present. Quite a delegation from Eatonton was present, but it was evident that the Jasper crowd was with Howard. It is safe to say that there were not a score of Lawson men in the Jasper crowd. Howard completely riddled his opponent's argument twitted the judge with changing his position and asked the people which side of the record they would follow—the silver or the gold.

Colonel Howard argued that it was unsafe to trust the judgment of a man so liable to change, especially when his present position was opposed to all the southern states. He ridiculed the idea that the judge encompassed all knowledge within his brain, and said that there were men just as eminent as the judge, who had not swerved one iota in their advocacy of silver.

The judge had the opening and conclusion, but unprejudiced men acknowledge that in Howard he has met a foeman well worthy of his steel. Jasper will go for Howard and free coinage by a large majority.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

The People Will Express Their Choice for Senator.

Mt. Vernon, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee of Montgomery county met today in pursuance to a call of the chairman, and adopted a resolution, calling a mass meeting of the democrats of the county to be held on June 6th, in the courthouse at Mt. Vernon, for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention on June 25th. A resolution was also adopted by the committee, expressing themselves favorable to a primary election for county officers, statehouse officers and representatives in the general assembly. The time of said election is to be determined at a subsequent date. The committee was also in favor of the people expressing their choice for United States senator, but did not determine the time at which such vote should be taken.

IT LOOKS LIKE HOWARD.

The Eighth District Congressional Race Outlined from Athens.

Athens, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Hon. William M. Howard, of Oglethorpe, was in Athens a short while today. He spoke very confidently of the outlook in the eighth district for a victory for himself and the cause of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

He spoke tonight at Shady Dale, Jasper county, in joint discussion with Judge Lawson, and tomorrow at noon will speak at Watkinsville, while Judge Lawson is speaking at Monticello.

Next Tuesday he and Judge Lawson will speak at Danielsville; next Saturday at Elberton, and the following Tuesday at Hartwell. It is probable that other joint debates will be arranged for later dates.

Wilkes, Greene, Elbert, Madison and Jasper act on June 6th, and it is more than likely that Howard will carry all of them, which will more than nominate him. The first four of these counties are reasonably certain to declare for him and their twelve votes, with the four votes of Oglethorpe, will put him across the line.

CONVENTIONS IN CHATTANOOGA.

Populists Meet and Select Delegates to the National Convention.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8.—(Special.)—The people's party of the third congressional district and of Hamilton county was assembled in convention today. The congressional convention was called to order first. A committee appointed by the chairman to select delegates recommended the indorsement of A. L. Mims and J. H. McDowell as delegates at large and J. L. Baxter and Sid Bonds as alternates; J. W. James and I. H. Simpson and J. W. Crouch as delegates from the third district and J. W. Williams, F. M. Dickey and F. P. King as alternates to the national convention. The report of the committee was unanimously adopted.

The county convention, which was convened during the absence of the committee, nominated R. C. McRee for sheriff, C. E. Stivers for trustee and R. M. Tankesly for tax assessor.

The nomination of a county ticket is a new departure for populists in this section.

A Fire in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8.—The picker and dye departments of the Cleveland woolen mills were destroyed by fire at 9 o'clock tonight. Loss $10,000, fully covered by insurance. The fire originated from a spark from the picker machinery. Good work by the fire department saved all the other buildings.

FOR THE FUTURE

of your health take Simmons Liver Regulator. It will make all the difference in your health for the whole year if you take it now. With the breaking up of Winter there is a breaking up of the ground, and also a stirring up in your system which should throw off the accumulated waste of the Winter. What you want to do now is to wake up your liver, and the best waker up of the liver is Simmons Liver Regulator—it goes right for the liver—sets it going actively, when your bowels will be gently moved and carry off all the poison in the body, so that there'll be no chance for Malaria, or Fever and Ague, and a whole year of debility and misery. Be sure that you get Simmons Liver Regulator, remember the word Regulator, and the Red Z on every package. Don't take anything else. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TAKE ONLY

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

TEN FEET DEEP

H. H. Holmes, the Monster, Was Put Under Ground Yesterday.

THE GRAVE AS BIG AS TWO

When the Box in Which the Coffin Had Been Cemented Was Moved It Weighed a Ton.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 8.—The body of H. H. Holmes, which was imbedded in cement in a pine box yesterday after the hanging and then placed in a vault in Holy Cross cemetery, was this afternoon buried in a grave ten feet in depth.

Rev. Father McPake, who was one of Holmes's spiritual advisers and who remained with him to the last, conducted the services of the Roman Catholic church at the grave. The attendants were Lawyer Samuel P. Rotan, who defended the murderer; Undertaker O'Rourke, several employes of the Holy Cross cemetery and a morbidly curious crowd.

The grave, or rather the two graves, are located in the western part of the cemetery where single graves are sold in consecrated ground.

The box with the body imbedded in cement weighs over a ton and it was too wide to be lowered into an ordinary grave, hence today Undertaker O'Rourk selected sufficient space in the single grave portion of the cemetery to receive the unusually large coffin. The only vehicle strong enough to hold the box was a wagon used in hauling monuments, and this conveyed the body of Holmes from the vault to its last resting place.

When the funeral services were over, and Father McPake and the undertaker and his assistants had departed, the grave diggers, aided by a mason, and under the supervision of Lawyer Rotan, piled a layer of cement two feet thick upon the box. The material was packed in and about the sides and ends of the novel sarcophagus, and when the job was finished, the remains of Holmes were pronounced safe from grave robbers for all time. His tomb will be a solid wall of rock.

Mr. Rotan remained to see that the last wishes of his client were carried out.

Looking for Holmes's Property.

Lawyer Thomas A. Fahy, the legal adviser of Mrs. Pietzel, stated today that he would shortly confer with Lawyer Rotan and District Attorney Graham with the view of locating any cash or property left by Holmes that could be attached in order to satisfy the claim of Mrs. Pietzel. The latter wants restitution for the insurance money she was swindled out of by the bogus promissory note which Holmes presented as having been signed by her husband. Mr. Fahy further said:

"I have been given to understand that Holmes died intestate, although I did believe that he would leave a will devising the one-third interest in whatever estate he had to Mrs. Pietzel. I fear now that he did not make any provision for the widow of the man he yesterday denied killing, and unless he had given instructions to his attorneys as to the matter of restitution, I will have to proceed on different lines. I will attach anything I can find, for no one will deny that the first claim upon Holmes's property is that of Mrs. Pietzel."

Mr. Rotan was seen today in relation to the mass of papers that Holmes turned over to him.

"I have not yet examined the documents," said he, "but I am certain there is no will among them. Holmes stated on the day previous to his death that he would not prepare a will, but would leave instructions in relation to the disposal of his property. He long ago told me how he desired his estate distributed, but he afterwards changed his mind, and although his instructions were intended for the drafting of a will, I did not prepare the document for signing, owing to the varying moods of the man. I will not examine the papers for a few days."

ON AN EXCURSION.

The Doctors Visiting Lookout and Other Points.

A special train of Pullmans pulled out of the depot last night at 10 o'clock, over the Southern, in charge of Chief Surgeon Drake, carrying a large party of the distinguished members of the American Medical Association on a delightful excursion arranged by the Southern railway.

A number of Atlanta ladies were in the party, and some of the most distinguished of the visiting doctors. The excursion was specially arranged by Chief Surgeon C. M. Drake, of the Southern, and the party will visit Lookout mountain, Tate Springs, Hot Springs, N. C., Asheville, the "Land of the Sky," and other famous health resorts along the lines of the Southern railway.

The party is to arrive in Chattanooga this morning, where they will spend a few hours visiting Lookout mountain and other points of interest. They reach Tate Springs in the afternoon, where two hours will be spent in visiting the famous health giving waters at that place. Tonight they will be at Hot Springs, where several hours will be spent, and a dance given in honor of the party at the hotel.

Early on Sunday morning the party will reach Asheville, where they will spend the forenoon in driving to points of interest, including a drive to Biltmore, the palatial home of Mr. Vanderbilt. Dinner will be served at the Battery Park, after which the special will go on to the "Land of the Sky," where are to be seen some of the grandest mountain views in the world. At 7:30 o'clock Sunday night the party will reach Salisbury, where the train will connect with the regular vestibuled schedules of the Southern for northern and eastern points.

The Atlanta party will return via the eastern branch of the Southern in the special train, reaching Atlanta on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The special train will consist of three Pullman cars and Dr. Drake's private car, a combination baggage and smoking car, and a dining and observation car. Every arrangement has been made by Dr. Drake for the comfort and convenience of his guests, and the whole programme of the excursion is a most delightful one. A beautiful illustrated book, bearing the title of "A Trip to the Land of the Sky," with illuminated cover, and handsomely illustrated with the magnificent views to be seen along the route, has been prepared as a souvenir of the trip. It was specially got up for this occasion.

Personnel of the Party.

The Atlanta guests of the excursion are: Dr. C. M. Drake, chief surgeon of the Southern railway system, who is the host; Dr. and Mrs. Willis F. Westmoreland, Miss Lochrane, Mrs. James Freeman, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Sarah Grant Jackson, Miss Virginia Arnold, Miss Butt, of Augusta, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bell.

Some Personal Expressions.

Among those who had evidently enjoyed the meeting, and who wanted to say so, was Dr. C. W. Allen, one of the well-known physicians of New York.

"You will please say for me," he said as he stood ready to leave, "that I go away from Atlanta and the south with a heart full of love for your city and your state, and with an unbounded debt of gratitude for your charming women. My visit to Atlanta will be one of the bright memories of my life, and the remembrance of the ladies whom I have met will linger with me always. I have always heard of the charm of the southern woman, but never have I appreciated it to its full extent before. The hospitality of the gentlemen of your city has made our stay with you a memorable one with all of us. But of the ladies, what shall I say? It seems to me that they have surpassed even the famous traditions of their land, and to say that they have exerted themselves even beyond our expectations and our hopes in their efforts to make our stay in the south a charming one is but a feeble expression of what I and all of us feel. We passed some resolutions this morning, as a body, expressing our sentiments on this subject; but if you want to know how much all of are enthralled by the charms of the southern girl, you should get an expression of opinion from every member of this convention, and I am confident that even our crustiest old bachelors—if there is a man among us left who still takes pride in the title of bachelor—have melted beneath their sunny smiles."

Dr. I. N. Love, of St. Louis, was another victim. "I can't say enough of what I feel," said Dr. Love, "to express myself in speaking of the charming way in which we have been entertained. Your men have entertained us in a manner that left nothing to be desired, and we could ask for nothing more. Yet even their efforts have seemed small when compared to the attention which we have received from your ladies. I am charmed with Atlanta, and with its people. I wish that I had opportunity to express to every one of my Atlanta friends my gratitude for their attention to me and to all of the members of the association. I have now a full appreciation of what the term 'southern hospitality' means. There seems to be something in the very air of this climate which means health and buoyancy of spirit. This Georgia climate is a natural sanitarium—an ideal resort for the invalid, and I shall carry back with me to my Missouri home on the banks of the Mississippi a most feeling recollection of the pleasure of my visit to Georgia, and a very dear memory of my Georgia friends."

Dr. Elmer Lee, of Chicago, who was one of the leading spirits of the convention, had a special request to make that all of his Atlanta friends and acquaintances be thanked for the manner in which they had contributed to the pleasure of his stay.

"I am speaking not only for myself," he said, "but for many other of my colleagues who may not have a chance to say what they think of the way in which we have been entertained. To know your people is almost enough to tempt a man to leave his home, and come to live among you. From the time of our arrival we have been taken in charge and been made to feel that we were at home. My visit has been one which I will long remember as one of the most charming in my travels, and I hope some day to be able to be with my Atlanta friends again."

The Visiting Physicians.

The following physicians and their wives and daughters, who have been in Atlanta for the past week in attendance on the meeting of the American Medical Association, and in whose honor the excursion is given, are of the party:

Dr. W. B. Atkinson, Mrs. Atkinson, Miss Atkinson, of Philadelphia; Dr. Nicolas Senn, of Chicago, the newly elected president of the American Medical Association; Dr. Frank Woodbury, of Philadelphia; Dr. H. B. Ellis, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Dr. Frank Green, of Chicago; Dr. George W. Stoner, of Baltimore; Dr. C. M. Hughes, of St. Louis; Dr. H. O. Marcy, Mrs. Marcy, of Boston; Dr. Herbert Harland, of Baltimore; Dr. James D. Spencer, president of the state medical society of New York; Dr. Everett Flood, of Baldwinsville, Mass.; Dr. J. W. Grosvenor, of Buffalo; Dr. I. H. Quimby, of Jersey City; Dr. Garland McLean, of Detroit; Dr. L. H. Montgomery, Mrs. Montgomery and Mrs. H. V. Smith, of Chicago; Dr. E. H. Squibb, of New York; Dr. A. D. Price, Mrs. Price, Miss Price and Miss Hardin, of Kentucky; Dr. F. E. Stewart, of Detroit; Dr. Paul Paquin, of St. Louis, one of the most famous bacteriologists in America; Dr. William Dougall and Mrs. Dougall, of Joliet, Ill.; Dr. Fleming and Mrs. Fleming, of Chicago; Dr. F. C. Gilchrist, of the Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore; Dr. R. B. Granger, of The New York Medical Journal, Mrs. Granger and Miss Granger; Dr. C. W. Allen, of The New York Medical Record; Dr. R. C. Schultz, Dr. Charles L. Wheaton, of St. Paul, president of the section on surgery and anatomy, American Medical Association; Dr. J. Quinn, of St. Paul; Dr. Elmer Lee, of Chicago; Dr. W. H. Foster and Mrs. Foster, of Pittsburg; Dr. I. N. Love, Mrs. Love and Miss Love, of St. Louis; Dr. A. W. Suiter, ex-president of the state medical society of New York; Dr. Gibney, of New York, and Dr. F. C. Martin and Mrs. Martin, of Boston.

New York and the Buffalo.

From The Mail and Express.

The arrangement made by the park commissioners of this city with Mr. Austin Corbin for the transfer of a herd of thirty or forty buffaloes from the latter's extensive preserve in Vermont to one of the public parks north of the Harlem river is a contract of more than local significance, despite the feeling of gratification that it will undoubtedly arouse here. The commissioners will probably select Van Cortlandt park as best suited to the habits of the buffalo, and will inclose about 150 acres for the purpose.

The buffalo is the natural king of the American brute creation. The public indignation aroused from time to time by his indiscriminate slaughter has more than once made him the subject of congressional debate and legislative action. Laws have been passed for his protection, only to be violated. Herds have been rescued from the huntsman of the west and placed in the Yellowstone National park, only to stray beyond its western and northwestern limits and be exterminated by poachers lingering along the borders in Montana and Idaho. Very recently the threatened disappearance of the last of the buffaloes was made the occasion of an appeal to congress for an increased appropriation to properly police the western preserve. But the crack of the rifle still echoes over the plain, and the majestic animals still bite the dust before the unerring aim of the violators of the law.

To permit the absolute disappearance of the buffalo would be a national crime. What the government has failed to do Mr. Corbin has undertaken with success, and his enterprise is likely to confer a lasting benefit upon the country. His herds are increasing satisfactorily, as is shown by his offer to New York, and it is not improbable that the westerner in search of buffalo will soon be forced in the near future to come east of the Hudson river to find it. It is possible that Mr. Corbin's labor means the salvation of the buffalo from extinction in the United States. It certainly constitutes a wholesome object lesson to the national congress.

why?

Why wear wool?
To keep *out* cold? No.
To keep *in* heat.

If the body is supplied with plenty of fresh air—oxygen—and proper food, it will generate sufficient warmth to protect you on the coldest day—**Scott's Emulsion** of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is the best warmth-food. Thin people, people with poor blood who are easily shaken by a cold wind take Scott's Emulsion and it makes good blood, improves the appetite, increases flesh, furnishes bodily warmth, and prevents the ill results from colds, coughs, and exposures.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

WOOD STILL IN BED

And Kennedy's Trial for Murder Had To Be Continued.

AND HE REMAINS IN JAIL

A Baby Show in Montgomery—Bicyclist with One Arm and One Leg. Alabama Political Gossip.

Montgomery, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—The preliminary trial of Sheriff Kennedy, of Dallas county, charged with the murder of Percy Wood, of Selma, and assault with intent to murder Hon. Mardis Wood, brother of the deceased, has been continued until the 18th of this month, owing to the enforced absence of Mardis Wood, who is still very ill with the wound he received. Messrs. Pettus and Pitts, of Selma, and Mr. A. D. Sayre, of this city, the attorneys for the defendant, attempted to secure his release on bail, but Justice Screws insisted that he could not release Mr. Kennedy until a preliminary hearing could be had. Mr. Wood's condition is still serious and it is probable that he will not be able to come here and testify on the 18th. In the meantime Mr. Kennedy is being made as comfortable as possible in the jail and every courtesy is being shown him by the officials of the county and by his friends.

Montgomery's Baby Show.

An enterprising local merchant held a baby show yesterday and presented a valuable present each to the handsomest boy baby and to the prettiest girl baby, according to the verdict of an impartial committee of award. Dennison Sydney Ledyard, the promising son of Mr. W. E. Ledyard, was awarded the prize for the finest boy, and he was a splendid specimen. Virginia Howell, a perfect little beauty, received the girl's prize. There were over seventy contestants and the honor, therefore, is not a mean one.

A One-Legged Bicyclist.

A special from Gadsden, Ala., says that A. M. Phifer and wife, who recently came to Gadsden from the north, have left for Grand Rapids, Mich.

This fact within itself suggests nothing remarkable, but when it is known that Mr. Phifer has only one arm and one leg and that he and his lady will travel the distance of 800 miles on bicycles, the statement becomes more interesting. Yet 'tis true. Both are splendid riders, notwithstanding the husband's being one-legged and one-armed, and they expect to go through with safety.

They Stand True.

There is no danger of Alabama being Kentuckyized. The "sound money" democrats are rallying all over the state. The following special from Ozark is a fair sample of the news from all sections of Alabama:

"The democrats of Dale county have already forgotten that there was ever any contest between Johnston and Clarke for the gubernatorial nomination. Although the contest was warm and exciting, and at the time some feeling was engendered, it is all a thing of the past now and every democrat has pulled off his coat and gone to work manfully for democratic success.

"The fusion of the populites and republicans in Montgomery last week has been a great thing for the ticket in this county. Dale is largely a white county and the white people are naturally democrats, although hundreds of them got off into the populist party, but they were honestly seeking relief from what they considered oppression. Numbers of them, however, have informed your correspondent since the convention that they will not under any kind of circumstances follow the populist leaders into the republican party."

HE TOOK MORPHINE.

Richard Litsey Attempts Suicide at a Hotel.

Selma, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—Tuesday night last Richard Litsey, ex-sheriff of Perry county, and at one time wealthy, took morphine with suicidal intent in a hotel in Marion, and was found next morning unconscious. Restoratives were used, and he was brought around all right.

But he is still determined to end his life. Last night his son slept with him. This morning the son was awakened by his father stirring around the room, and saw a morphine bottle in his hand.

There was a fearful struggle, the son trying to get possession of the bottle. Before he succeeded, the would-be suicide swallowed a portion of the drug.

Doctors went to work on him immediately, and it is thought he will again escape death. For some time past Litsey has been very despondent.

Dr. Curry's Campaign.

Birmingham, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—Dr. Jabez L. M. Curry, well known as United States minister to Spain during President's Cleveland's first term, and as trustee of the Peabody and Slater funds, has begun a campaign in Alabama for the promotion of the cause of education. His particular mission at this time is to assist the teachers in their efforts to have the state legislature do something to increase the educational fund for the public schools. The teachers of Alabama have given devoted effort to the cause for several years. The Hundley amendment to the constitution, which gave each township the right to levy special taxes for school purposes, was the outcome of this effort two years ago. It was submitted to the people at the last state election, but was lost for the lack of interest. It received more yea than nay votes, but not a majority of all votes cast.

Dr. Curry now proposes to co-operate with the teachers in working up a public sentiment in favor of such action as the Hundley amendment contemplated. He delivered several lectures here this week, and spoke before the state normal school at Florence today on the subject. At a meeting of leading educators here Monday night, at which Dr. Curry was present, a resolution was adopted to the effect that the Birmingham board of education be requested to take steps looking to the organization of an educational bureau, with a view to arousing sentiment along the line of Dr. Curry's work. Literature will be published and disseminated, and statistics compiled with special reference to establishing industrial and trades features in all the state public schools.

Charged with Fraud.

Anniston, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—Romulus Calhoun, postmaster at Micaville, Cleburne county, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Randolph this afternoon on two serious charges—one of illegally disposing of stamps, and the other of embezzling postal funds, the exact amount of which is not known. The evidence in each case was so strong that Commissioner Randolph sent him to jail in default of heavy bonds to await the United States grand jury action.

JOHN WALDROP TAKES A DROP.

Negro Hanged in the Birmingham Jail Yard Yesterday.

Birmingham, Ala., May 8.—John Waldrop, colored, was hanged in the jail yard at 11:10 o'clock this morning for the murder of Alex Thornton.

Both men were convicts at Coalburg and during a quarrel Waldrop brained Thornton with a coal shovel.

Waldrop said nothing on the scaffold, dying without fear. The execution occurred an hour before the expected time, to avoid the crowd of curiosity seekers. The sheriff kept secret the intention to hang Waldrop so early and even newspapers got left. Only about two dozen deputy sheriffs were present.

At Coalburg there is a rule that each convict is given a task to do every day. According to the physical ability of the prisoner they have to mine so many tons of coal each day. Waldrop was working with Thornton on the day of the murder and was in charge of the certain place in the mines where they were. Thornton was complaining of feeling ill to the boss in the mine and Waldrop thought he was playing off and fearing that he, Waldrop, would receive the punishment for the short task at night remonstrated with Thornton and began to abuse him. Finally his anger got the best of him and he began an assault on Thornton.

The latter ran to a boss for protection, when Waldrop followed him and buried a pick blade in his back, killing him. At the trial he had no defense to make.

Will Smith, who was to have hanged today for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Arthur Wood, was respited thirty days, to be used as a witness against the associates in the crime.

Killed by a Train.

Birmingham, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—Frank Jones, a white man, aged about thirty, and married, an ore miner at the Ishkooda mines, while en route home last night from the city, where he was drinking considerably, sat down beside the Louisville and Nashville railroad track at Grace's Gap, five miles below the city. A fast train came along early this morning and struck him on the side of the head, killing him instantly. A freight train crew saw the body along the side of the track and reported it. Coroner R. E. Jones impaneled a jury and rendered a verdict that death resulted from being struck by a train.

Directors Elected.

The directors of the Elyton Land Company, the Elyton Company, the Highland Avenue and Belt Railroad Company and the Birmingham Waterworks Company are still in session in this city. The meetings of the shareholders of these companies for the annual election of boards of directors were held yesterday and resulted as follows:

Elyton Company, board of directors, James T. Woodward, A. M. Shook, F. M. Billing, Bolling Hall, B. J. Baldwin, A. T. London and J. H. McDonald. The board of directors subsequently re-elected the old officers, as follows: J. K. McDonald, president; L. P. Worl, secretary and treasurer; A. T. London, general counsel.

Highland Avenue and Belt Railroad—Board of directors: F. M. Billing, J. T. Woodward, A. T. London, Bolling Hall and B. J. Baldwin. The property of this road has been sold to the Columbian Equipment Company, of New York. It is understood that the last payment is due in June next. The purchasers have already paid a large amount of the purchase money and expended about $25,000 in improvements.

Elyton Land Company—Board of directors: B. J. Baldwin, J. T. Woodward, F. M. Billing, Bolling Hall and A. T. London.

Birmingham Waterworks—Board of directors: J. T. Woodward, B. J. Baldwin, F. M. Billing, P. H. Earle, John M. Caldwell, A. T. London and Bolling Hall. The directors re-elected the old officers as follows: J. T. Woodward, president; P. H. Earle, vice president; W. J. Milner, superintendent and general manager; J. F. Graham, secretary and treasurer; A. T. London, general counsel. The waterworks company declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. A dividend to the same amount was declared six months ago and an extra dividend was also declared during the past year, the company meanwhile meeting the 6 per cent payments on their bonds, which are at par.

MAKE SHARP REAPPOINTED.

He Is Again Named as Fire Inspector for a Year.

Macon Sharp has been reappointed fire inspector for another year. At the meeting of the Southwestern Tariff Association, which adjourned in Washington Thursday night, Chief Joyner was empowered to appoint an inspector. He wired Inspector Sharp yesterday that he had reappointed him for the coming year. Mr. Sharp has made a most efficient inspector and his appointment will give general satisfaction.

Cap Joyner has gone to New York for a stay of a few days.

A Bridegroom at Seventy.

From The Chicago Chronicle.

Andrew Schmidt, a gray haired applicant for a marriage license, visited the county clerk's office yesterday.

"How old are you?" asked the license clerk, preparing to make out the document.

"Going on seventy," replied Schmidt.

"How old is the young woman?" said the clerk, from force of habit.

"She's fifty-five," responded the prospective groom.

"Do her parents consent?" ventured the clerk.

"You attend to your own business," remonstrated the applicant. "We're both old enough to know what we're doing, and this ain't no elopement, either."

The license was issued.

Cuthbert.s Telephone Exchange.

Cuthbert, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—A force of workmen is engaged in constructing Cuthbert's telephone exchange.

The friends of Mrs. H. G. Kuhrt will be glad to learn that she is much better. Mrs. Kuhrt has been ill for several days, but it now convalescent.

An Epworth League Badge.

W. M. Thornton, one of the waiters at the Marion hotel, found a badge of the Epworth League yesterday, on the corner of Ivy and Decatur street. The owner may have the same by asking for Thornton, at the Marion, on North Pryor street.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. Twenty-five cents.

The Copper Cent

IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME—Daily New York World for 1 cent at
JOHN M. MILLER'S,
39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Flower Vases

Almost as beautiful as the Flowers themselves, are the GORHAM vases, either of solid silver, or of cut glass and silver in combination, varying from two feet in height to only a few inches. There is no more prolific subject presented to the Gorham artists, and none in which their fancy finds expression more delightful

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW
AGENT FOR
FAIRCHILD'S
Celebrated Fountain Pens.
New supply just received. Call and see them.

Crippled

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This disease of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ARE YOY

ARE YOU subject to fainting spells, dizziness, noises in the head, palpitation of the heart, heat flashes, numbness of the hands or feet, or any other symptoms indicating a diseased heart or paralysis of the brain?

ARE YOU afflicted with any chronic disease of the head, heart, throat, lungs, stomach, liver or bowels?

ARE YOU constipated and dyspeptic, with coated tongue, bad breath, pimples on your face and back and a dull, languid feeling in every part of your body?

ARE YOU the victim of some disease which causes you shame?

ARE YOU troubled with a bad blood disease which every now and then breaks out on different parts of your body?

ARE YOU troubled with nervous debility, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, aversion to society, stupidness, despondency, loss of energy, ambition, and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study or business?

ARE YOU losing your memory and do you toss around in your bed and get up tired, despondent and unrefreshed?

ARE YOU troubled with weak, aching back and kidneys, frequent painful urinations and sediment in urine, impotency and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay?

ARE YOU afflicted with any disease of the kidneys or bladder, rupture, piles, hemorrhoids, fistula, varicocele, hydrocele, swelling or tenderness of glands?

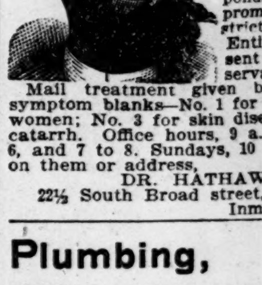
ARE YOU afflicted with diseased eyes, such as inflammation of the lids or globes, dimness of one or both eyes, ulceration, abscesses, tumors of lid or globe, cancer of lid or eyeball?

ARE YOU afflicted with ear troubles, such as inflammation of the ears, ulceration or catarrh, deafness or paralysis, singing or roaring noises, thickened drum or a purulent discharge from the ear?

ARE YOU nervous and run down, with thin blood, pale lips, dragging pains about the loins, loss of your natural cheerfulness, and with melancholy thoughts and inclinations to get up and run away?

ARE YOU a lady suffering from persistent headache, painful menstruation, intolerable itching or any other distressing ailments peculiar to your sex?

If you are troubled with any of the above symptoms call on or address Dr. Hathaway & Co.



SPECIALTIES. Specific blood poison, nervous debility, hydrocele, varicocele, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, pimples, ulcers, piles, catarrh and all diseases of women. All correspondence answered promptly; business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks—No. 1 for men; No. 2 for women; No. 3 for skin diseases; No. 4 for catarrh. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 12, 2 to 6, and 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 1 only. Call on them or address,
DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
22½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
Inman Building.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

If you want first-class work done and guaranteed at low prices, go to
PAUL & GULLATT, No. 40 N. Broad [illegible]

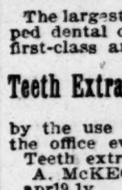
Trolley Parties and Picnic Parties

EVERYBODY GOES TO LAKEWOOD.

Thirty minutes' ride on electric cars. Cars will meet out-of-town and other special parties. Boating, music, bathing, etc. Refreshments served on grounds. Open every day and night.

Lakewood Park Com'y.

'PHONE 1921.



Philadelphia Dental PARLORS,
36 Whitehall St.

The largest and most magnificently equipped dental office in the country. All work first-class and fully warranted.

Teeth Extracted Positively Without Pain

by the use of vitalized air made fresh at the office every day.

Teeth extracted painlessly 50 cents.
A. McKECHNIE, D. D. S., L. D. S., Manager.
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Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.



Sold by all Local Druggists.

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...ade
...roke out on my thighs ... me out and an operation ... I had rheumatism ... out of shape. I lost ... sleep. I was a perfect ... ued to grow worse and ... e doctor's treatment ...
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...ood Purifier. All druggists. $1. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
...lls cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate.
...E ...YOY
...ject to fainting spells, ... ess, noises in the head, ... heart, heat flashes, ... nds or feet, or any other ... ating a diseased heart or ... brain?
...SPECIALTIES. Specific blood poison, nervous debility, hydrocele, varicocele, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, pimples, ulcers, piles, catarrh and all diseases of women. All correspondence answered promptly; business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation.
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...ter's English Diamond Brand.
...YROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

A DEATH WATCH

Has Been Placed Over Tom Allen in Bibb County Jail.

YESTERDAY VISITORS' DAY

And Allen and Mrs. Nobles Had Many People To Call and Look at Them. Other Macon News.

Macon, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Since the refusal of the governor to commute the sentence of Tom Allen, Sheriff Westcott has placed the death watch over the prisoner, and he will now be guarded night and day until he is executed, on May 22d. This watch has been established in order to make assurance double sure in not permitting Allen to escape or allowing him opportunity or means to kill himself. Ex-Policeman Ben Dumas was sworn in as a special guard by Sheriff Westcott, and he watched Allen last night for his first time. An uncle of Allen's visited him at the jail this morning, and told him that it was a mistake about the governor having refused to commute his sentence and that the governor had the matter under consideration last night. It is not known why Allen's uncle should have told him this, for the statement is of course incorrect. Allen's uncle may have been misinformed by some one, for the governor has positively refused to interfere in the case.

What Mrs. Nobles Said.

This was visitors' day at the jail, and a large number of people from Macon and the surrounding counties have called to see the various noted prisoners now confined in the jail on one charge and another. The chief prisoners of interest are: Tom Allen, Mrs. Nobles, William Ryder and Gus Fambro, who are held on the charge of murder, and Shaw, the alleged train wrecker.

Referring to visitors' day, Mrs. Nobles this morning termed it, "Come and go day." She said the curious people just come and stare at the prisoners awhile and then go away.

Sundry Legal Matters.

The most important matter in the United States court today was the argument on the demurrer in the case of James W. McReynolds vs. City Suburban street railroad, of Savannah. Palmer & Reid, of Atlanta, represent plaintiff. Defendant is represented by ex-Governor D. H. Chamberlain, of South Carolina, now of New York; Barrow & Osborne, Erwin, duBignon & Chisholm, Garrard, Meldrim & Newman, George A. Mercer, Lawton & Cunningham, of Savannah. Argument was had before Judge Boarman.

Among sentences imposed by Judge Felton this week are the following: Tom Durden, five years; George Moore, two years; Will Johnson, five years; Wesley Taylor, five years; Raymond Harris, twelve years; Will Bell, life. All of the above will serve in the penitentiary. The only case tried in the city court was Johnson Howard, who was sentenced to the chaingang for two months for larceny from the house.

Anniversary Exercises.

The anniversary exercises of the Ciceronian and Phi Delta literary societies, of Mercer university, were held tonight at the auditorium of the university, in the presence of a large and cultured audience. The addresses of the anniversarians were eloquent and highly interesting. The programme was interspersed with music.

The anniversarian of the Ciceronian Society was Mr. A. T. Napier, of La Fayette. He was introduced by Mr. J. M. Davis. His subject was, "Altruistic Love." Mr. M. J. Carswell, of Irwinton, was the anniversarian of the Phi Delta Society. His subject was, "The Past, Prophetic of the Future." He was introduced by Mr. S. R. Brinson.

Grand Lodge A. O. U. W.

The finance committee of the grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, of the jurisdiction of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, South Carolina, North Carolina and Florida, was again in session today at the Brown house, preparatory to the meeting of the annual session of the grand lodge of the jurisdiction named above at Macon on next Wednesday. Brown house will be the headquarters of the 150 visiting delegates who are expected to be in attendance. The business session will be held at Odd Fellows' hall. On next Wednesday morning the members of the local lodges, Washington and Magnolia, will escort the grand lodge from the Brown house to Odd Fellows' hall. On Wednesday night the visiting delegates will be entertained at Ocmulgee park. Dr. N. G. Gewinner, the well known Macon physician, is grand master workman.

Bridwell Got Off Lightly.

After being out about sixty-seven hours the jury in the case of Claud Bridwell, charged with assault with intent to murder John Wall, returned a verdict about 4:30 o'clock this afternoon of guilty with recommendation to mercy.

This made the offense a misdemeanor and Judge Felton sentenced Bridwell to pay a fine of $75 or serve four months in jail.

The jury perhaps would never have agreed if recommendation to mercy had not been made. It is said the jury stood a long while eleven for conviction, one for acquittal.

Inspecting Bridge Plans.

There were in the city today representatives from several bridge builders' companies to inspect the plans and specifications of the new bridge to be built over the Ocmulgee river at the foot of Spring street by the county commissioners. The companies represented were Youngstown Bridge Company, of Knoxville, Tenn; Virginia Bridge Company, of Roanoke; Toledo Bridge Company, of Toledo, O.; Iron Substructure Company, of Columbus, O. It is estimated that the bridge will cost about $25,000. The representatives obtained all the data they desired and have gone off to form their bids. The bridge will consist of two iron spans of 159 feet each. The balance will be iron viaduct. The entire length of the bridge from approach to approach will be 750 feet.

A Life Sentence.

Gus Blount was convicted this afternoon of the murder of John Allen and recommended to mercy. Judge Felton sentenced him to the penitentiary for life.

Politics in Bibb.

It is currently reported that Mr. Robert I. Collins will be a candidate for tax collector against the present incumbent, Mr. Albert Jones. This will be an exciting and interesting race.

The democratic executive committee may meet at an early day to consider the question of reconsidering its action in ordering registration for the consolidated primary on June 6th. The committee will also elect a committeeman from the Howard district vice C. W. Howard, resigned.

Congressman Bartlett is expected home the latter part of this month. It is not believed that he will have opposition for re-election.

It is thought that Hon. Seaton Grantland, of Griffin, chairman of the executive committee of the sixth district, will call a meeting of the committee soon to fix the time and place for holding the convention to nominate a candidate for congress. The counties, and their votes, composing the committee are: Baldwin, 2; Bibb, 6; Butts, 2; Fayette, 2; Henry, 2; Jones, 2; Monroe, 4; Pike, 2; Spalding, 2; Upson, 2; total, 26.

It is not known when the executive committee of this senatorial district—the twenty-second—will meet to call a convention to nominate a candidate for state senator. It is Monroe county's time to name the senator. The counties and votes composing the district are: Bibb, 6; Monroe, 4; Pike, 2; total, 12.

The Auditorium.

The city council tonight decided to build an auditorium on Third street, between Walnut and Mulberry. The total cost, completed and furnished, will be about $18,000. It is expected to have it sufficiently completed to be used for the June state convention.

Newsy Notes.

The Marshallville Sunday schools visited Macon today, several hundred strong, and held their annual picnic at Crump's park. The colored Sunday schools of Macon, 2,500 strong, held their annual May celebration at Central City park today.

President E. T. Mallary, of the Macon public library, who has ably and faithfully served the institution in this capacity, has resigned, and Mr. George H. Plant, a zealous and wide-awake director, has been elected his successor. He will make a splendid president.

Mr. John Roach Straton, the noted lecturer, will deliver a lecture in Macon tomorrow night at the Young Men's Christian Association hall.

The funeral services of Mrs. G. F. Alexander were held this afternoon and were largely attended. The deceased was highly esteemed.

A GEORGIAN HONORED.

Miss Bloomfield, of Athens Appointed Art Teacher in Drexel Institute.

Athens, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Miss Elizabeth L. Bloomfield, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bloomfield, of this city, has been appointed art teacher in Drexel institute, of Philadelphia, out of over one hundred applicants for the position. Miss Bloomfield is possessed of rare talents and will fill the position to which she has been elected with eminent satisfaction. She will begin her new work next September.

Bishop Nelson Chosen.

Chancellor Boggs has requested Bishop Cleland K. Nelson to preach the baccalaureate sermon of the coming university commencement on Sunday morning, June 14th. Bishop Nelson has accepted the invitation and his many admirers are looking forward to that occasion with great interest.

The Rumor Afloat Here.

Regarding the lease of the Northeastern railroad by E. A. Richards & Co., for $18,600, the rumor afloat here is to the effect that it is the intention of the syndicate that has leased the Northeastern to build to Augusta and from Lula to Chattanooga. Such a road would be of great benefit to Athens and our citizens only hope that the rumor is well founded.

This evening at Seney Stovall chapel two neat and attractive plays were presented. One was a French play called "Felicite," and was presented by Misses Nannie Barnett, Lucia Abbott, Mamette Hodgson, Merrie Woodberry, Cassie Briscoe, Gertrude Thomas, Berta Crisp, Annie Hibbs, Eva Bradley and Emma Belle Lowndes.

The other was a German play called "Einer Muss Heiraten"—"One Must Marry"—and was presented by Misses Esther Marks, Nell Houston Morgan and Isabell Thomas.

There is a rumor to the effect that a number of wealthy gentlemen in Athens are thinking of forming a syndicate to bid for the $242,000 of Georgia bonds that are to be sold on the 25th instant.

Mr. J. K. Kenney and a number of Athens Odd Fellows left today for Lavonia, Ga., where they will establish a new Odd Fellows lodge. The new lodge will have thirty-two charter members, and will start off in a most flourishing manner.

Newsy Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lipscomb and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dodson have gone to New York to spend several weeks.

Mrs. D. D. Quillian is still quite ill at her home in this city.

Mrs. W. T. Bryan is visiting her mother in Virginia.

Mrs. M. L. Myrick has returned to her home in Americus, after visiting her son, Mr. Shelby Myrick, of the University of Georgia.

Professor Charles Lane, of Atlanta, delivered an interesting lecture at the State Normal school tonight.

REVIVAL AT FORSYTH.

A Successful Series of Religious Meetings Closed.

Forsyth, Ga., May 8.—The revival services recently brought to a close at the Baptist church in this city were the most remarkably successful ever conducted in this community. The meetings continued for about three weeks, during which time there were forty-seven accessions to the church, which far surpasses all previous records. The services were conducted by Dr. Marshall H. Lane, the pastor of the church, who is one of the most eloquent divines in the state. Dr. Lane's sermons are always interesting and carry a great deal of force with them. Such intense interest was never before manifested in this community in revival services. Last Sunday was the anniversary of Dr. Lane's pastorate and the services were the most impressive ever held in this city. There were more than forty members received into the church, which was taxed to its capacity. The church has never before prospered as it has under Dr. Lane's pastorate.

The corner stone of Monroe's magnificent new courthouse will be laid on Friday, the 15th instant. The ceremonies will be conducted by John P. Shannon, grand master, Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia, and the indications are that they will be witnessed by a tremendous crowd. The Strict Observance lodge, of this city, will tender a banquet to the visiting Masons immediately after the ceremonies at their asylum. When completed the courthouse will be one of the handsomest structures of its kind in the state. It will cost $28,000.

Commencement exercises, Monroe Female college will take place on the 14th of next month. Extensive preparations are being made for one of the most interesting commencements in the history of the college. Under the present management Monroe college has made wonderful progress and the historic institution is enjoying a large patronage. Hon. Robert L. Berner, of the city, will deliver the baccalaureate address. Dr. Marshall Lane will leave in the morning for Chattanooga, where he goes to attend the Southern Baptist convention.

RICH KAOLIN BEDS.

A Decatur County Farm To Be Developed for Its Kaolin Supply.

Waycross, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—An inexhaustible supply of kaolin has been discovered on John F. Stone's plantation, in Decatur county. Mr. Stone resides in Waycross. He says a Quincy, Fla., kaolin company made the discovery. The kaolin is worth $11 a ton delivered on cars at the nearest station, and will bring $20 a ton in New York.

Scores of kaolin operatives will be put to work at once on the farm, and Mr. Stone will ship hundreds of carloads to New York.

Commencement Preparations.

Villa Rica, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Rev. W. E. Dozier, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Carrollton, has been invited, and he has accepted, to preach the commencement sermon of the Villa Rica high school, on the third Sunday in May.

Professor Glenn, state school commissioner, will deliver the annual address on Wednesday. The school was built in 1891. This year the first class to graduate will receive their diplomas.

The Dilta Literary Society will give an entertainment Tuesday evening for the benefit of the library.

To the great regret of the community, Professor B. L. Murphree has resigned his position as principal of the boys' department to take a special course at Vanderbilt. Professor Stud, though, will have associated with him in the future, as in the past, a thoroughly competent corps of teachers.

The children are looking forward to the commencement exercises with much anticipation, and white dress goods, patent leather slippers, etc., and flowers are in great demand.

Pierce Superior Court.

Blackshear, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Pierce superior court adjourned today. Judge Spence, of the Albany circuit, presided, Judge Sweat being disqualified. The most important case was of David F. Sellars, charged with killing John P. Dixon last July. The defendant was found guilty of murder and recommended to mercy, and sentenced to life imprisonment. The grand jury refused to indorse either Bennet or Toomer for the solicitorship.

Your Physical Condition

Needs attention at this time. If you are tired, weak and nervous, it is clear that your blood is impure and without doubt there has been too much overwork or strain on brain and body. The course of treatment for such a condition is plain and simple. The blood must first be purified so that the nervous system, and in fact all the organs will be fed upon pure blood. Intelligent people without number have testified that the best blood purifier, nerve tonic and strength imparting medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Nervousness, loss of sleep and general debility all vanish when Hood's Sarsaparilla is persistently taken; in a word, health and happiness follow after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HE FOUGHT THEM

The Bishop Objects to Recommendations of the Revision Committee,

AND USES PLAIN LANGUAGE

Lively Debate in the Diocesan Convention of Georgia Now in Session at Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—The Episcopal convention for the diocese of Georgia concluded its labors tonight. The day has been devoted to the discussion of the reports of committees and some of them evoked spirited discussions.

The report of the ladies' auxiliary was very gratifying to the convention and was received and ordered printed in the proceedings by a rising vote.

The committee of revision made one or two recommendations that elicited lively discussion and brought out some very plain talk from Bishop Nelson.

The canon that empowers the bishop to veto the call of a priest by the vestry of any parish was recommended to be repealed. This was emphatically opposed by Bishop Nelson. He said its repeal would be worse than unwise, and if its purpose was to curtail his right of opposing the entry of any priest into this diocese, it would fail. He said he would not permit a priest of certain views to become the rector of any parish in Georgia, even if he had to appeal to the civil law for a restraining order.

The other recommendation was that new parishes hereafter to come in under the cathedral system should not have a vote.

Bishop Nelson took the floor and said he was amazed at both these recommendations and argued strongly against them. He said such a regulation would simply put an end to new parishes.

After a lively argument those two recommendations were referred back to the committee to lie over until next year.

It was developed today that one-fifth of the Episcopal communicants in Georgia are in Atlanta.

The convention adjourned tonight after three days of business of like proceedings.

DISCHARGED THE MANAGER.

He Couldn't Make the Business Pay Under His Management.

Waycross, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—D. M. Wilson, manager of the Wilson Shoe Manufacturing Company's plant in this city, was dismissed this morning and T. M. Grace was made temporary manager. Mr. Wilson has been in charge of the factory since the removal from Brunswick, two months ago, and was the owner and manager of the plant while it was at Brunswick.

The cause of his dismissal, as learned by The Constitution correspondent, of Captain C. C. Grace, president of the company, is as follows: During the first month after the factory began operation in this city several breakdowns in the machinery of the plant occurred and the work was greatly interfered with, about ten days being lost. Mr. Wilson was employed to superintend the work and manage the factory. The company did not require him to do any work that an operative could do, and Mr. Wilson devoted more time to operating a machine that could have been operated by a girl at 50 cents a day than he did to superintending the work.

Yesterday the board of directors held a meeting and decided to take an inventory of the stock. When the inventory had been finished and a full investigation of the management had been made, the directors found that the factory was not paying expenses and decided that Manager Wilson was inefficient. The directors instructed Captain Grace to dismiss Manager Wilson and when Mr. Wilson reached the factory this morning Captain Grace met him and told him the action of the board of directors.

Wilson owns an interest in the plant approximating $7,500, consisting of machinery and fixtures largely, and this he will require to be paid over to him in cash by the company. He will also demand his salary for the ten months to follow, of the year for which he was engaged. The written contract between him and the company allowed him a salary of $1,200 a year. The expenses of the factory will be made less under the present management and as the company has a ready sale for all the shoes that can possibly be made by the plant, the industry may be profitably carried on in the future.

NAMES THE CANDIDATES

To Be Voted for in Randolph at the June Primary.

Cuthbert, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—After the speech of Hon. J. M. Griggs, on yesterday, in which Colonel R. F. Crittenden acted as chairman, all democrats favorable to free coinage were requested to remain. Only a very few of the large audience left. Judge W. D. Kiddoo was made chairman of this meeting and Captain T. I. Ball secretary.

A committee was appointed to select and suggest suitable names of delegates to be voted for in the primary on June 6th, favorable to free coinage, to the state convention. The committee named Judge W. D. Kiddoo and Dr. W. W. Binion as principals and Mr. D. W. Hammock and Judge J. G. Sasser as alternates, as suitable names.

The meeting unanimously adopted the report of the committee, and these delegates will be voted for by free coinage democrats at the primary for the purpose above set out.

LARGE SALE OF LAND.

Will Be Colonized by Eastern and Northern People.

Bremen, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Probably the largest land purchase made in Haralson county, Georgia, in recent years was consummated last Tuesday by the Southern Fruit Growing and Colonizing Company, of Bremen, Ga. They purchased land during that day, the aggregated cost of which was between $25,000 and $30,000.

This land, in addition to other large tracts, which they already owned, will be colonized by the very best class of eastern, northern and northwestern people, many families of whom are already located here.

A canning factory is being erected here.

A very fine hotel is to be built here this summer to accommodate those visiting our government rifle range, as well as the hundreds of prospectors who are inspecting this point, her lands, fruit growing possibilities and her railroad and shipping facilities, this being the junction of two trunk line railroads—running north, south, east and west.

Bremen is coming to the front. Keep your eye on her.

Found His Collar Bone Broken.

Augusta, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Mr. Eugene Hansberger, a popular member of the Richmond Hussars, discovered this morning that his collar bone was broken. Last night the Hussars repeated their Broncho Bill wild west show, and Mr. Hansberger got a fall from his horse. He remounted and was not aware that he had been hurt. This morning his shoulder pained him so that he saw a physician and was informed that his collar bone was broken.

Claim It Is Not Accounted For.

Savannah, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—A sensation was sprung in city political circles today when it appeared that a lot of old iron collected on the streets had been sold to Mr. William Kehoe, a founder here, and the money paid for it had not been accounted for by the officials in charge of that department. The officials claim that they have accounted for the money, but it does not show up in the city reports. The discovery of the matter today may result in an investigation, and it will no doubt be used as political thunder.

A NEW TERMINAL STATION.

It Will Be Ready by Another Winter To Accommodate Visitors.

Waycross, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Jacksonville, Fla., will have a new terminal station in time for another winter. The engineer of the company has been engaged for some time past in preparing the necessary blue prints of the plans, which will be used by contractors for examination in preparing their estimates for bids on the contsruction of the building. The bids will be invited at an early date. The foundations of the new structure have already been laid, so that there will be no trouble from this score because of the health regulations, and work can proceed during the summer without interruption. Besides this, the foundations of the building represent a very considerable part of the work, inamuch as the place where the building is to stand was at one time a marsh, and it was necessary to fill in the same and then to drive piling for the foundation of the building. The piles were afterwards sawed off close to the ground and on top of these, cement and brick foundations were built. The station is to be located just north of the carshed, fronting on bay street, and covering the entire block between Cleveland and Stuart streets. A few slight changes have been made in the building from plans prepared two years ago, but the general appearance of the structure will be much the same. Its entire length will be 361.6 feet and the width 131.11 feet. The main entrance will be in the center of the building, fronting on Bay street, and will be thirty-three feet wide, extending through the center of the building to the carshed in the rear. To the right of the main entrance will be the general waiting room, and in front of this, facing Bay street, will be the ladies' waiting room. Directly in the rear will be the smoking room. The lunch and dining rooms will be just west of the waiting rooms, and the kitchen will occupy the extreme western end of the building. The baggage room will be just east of the main entrance and the express department, conductors' room, mail room and Union newsroom will also be in this position of the building. The second story will be devoted entirely to the offices of the company. The building is to be heated by steam and lighted by electricity. The material will be brick and granite. A high tower will rise in the center of the building, giving it a very imposing appearance. The appointments and arrangements are such as to make the station ample to accommodate the very largest numbers of people who may come to Jacksonville, and with the attached train shed of more than 1,000 feet in length, which is now used for the purpose of a union passenger station, Jacksonville will have railway accommodations that cannot be excelled by any place in the south.

INTERESTING TALKS

By the Women in Their Convention at Rome.

Rome, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—The session of the Woman's Parsonage and Home Mission Society today was enlivened by a very interesting talk. It was devilered by Miss Tucker and was very interesting from beginning to end. Mrs. H. H. McClure read a paper on "Mite Boxes," and the vast amount of good that could be accomplished by these small contributions. Mrs. McClure is one of the most earnest Christian members of the Methodist church in this city.

Mrs. Edward Elder delivered an interesting talk on "Our Finances," and an open discussion of the subject followed which was participated in by all the ladies present.

"Parsonages" was the topic treated in a most original and entertaining manner by Mrs. Alonzo Richardson, and it was one of the best papers that has been read before the meeting.

Tonight Rev. Dr. T. F. Pierce, presiding elder of this district, conducted the exercises and there was a large congregation present to hear the papers by Miss Treadwell on "City Missions," and by Miss Tucker on "Rescue Work." Both were thoughtful and filled with good suggestions. So far the meetings have been well attended and very enjoyable.

The Colored Brethren.

Tomorrow will occur one of the most interesting episodes of the meeting, when Mrs. Phyllis Stubbs and Bishop R. S. Williams, of the colored Methodist church, deliver their message from the colored brethren to the white Methodists. Rev. Dr. W. F. Glenn, of Atlanta; Rev. Dr. T. F. Pirece and Rev. S. R. Belk will respond to the message, and the morning session will be devoted to the colored church.

Down the Coosa.

After the election of officers and the closing up of the routine business the delegates will be complimented with an excursion down the Coosa by the ladies of the Methodist church, and of the Rome Parsonage and Home Mission Society.

During the trip a complimentary tea will be given, and the trip will be a most enjoyable one.

Dr. T. R. Kendall, of Atlanta, will preach the annual sermon Sunday, and there will be a beautiful consecration service led by Misses Tucker and Bennett.

RELIGIOUS REVIVAL AT ROME.

Large Congregations Attend—Wreck at Weaver, Etc.

Rome, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—Dr. Headden is still conducting the interesting revival services at the First Baptist church, and large congregations are in attendance at every service. Next week Rev. Mr. Nelson, a well known evangelist, will be here and assist in conducting the meetings.

Wreck at Weaver.

This morning the local train on the Alabama division of the Southern was wrecked near Weaver, a small station below Rome. The engine, baggage car and several freight cars were badly damaged. The cause of the wreck was the breaking of an axle.

A Military Excursion.

Tonight the Hill City Cadets, accompanied by a large number of invited guests, went down the Coosa on an excursion. They had a most enjoyable trip and returned without accident, about midnight.

THE COLONIAL DAMES.

Georgia's Society Has Its Third Annual Meeting in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., May 8.—The Georgia Society of Colonial Dames held their third annual meeting today at the De Soto hotel. Reports showed twenty-nine new members had been added during the year.

A handsome gavel made from a piece of the oak under which George Whitfield preached, and finished in silver, was presented to the society by Mrs. Thomas S. Morgan, of Augusta, one of the vice presidents.

The officers elected were: Mrs. W. W. Gordon, of Savannah, president; Mrs. Thomas S. Morgan, of Augusta, first vice president; Mrs. J. J. Wilder, of Savannah, second vice prseident. Members of the board of managers for three years, Mrs. F. H. Orme, of Atlanta, Mrs. H. C. White, of Athens, Mrs. P. A. Stovall and Miss Emmie Lawton, of Savannah.

SALLIE JARMON IN COURT.

Committed for Trial on the Charge of Murder.

Dallas, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—The committal trial of Sallie Jarmon for the murder of Mary Jarmon and the poisoning of the family of G. A. Jarmon, which trial has been in progress for three days, was concluded today, which resulted in her commitment to jail to answer for the offense of murder. The state was represented by Colonel A. J. Camp, of Dallas, and the defense by Colonel Will E. Spinks, of Dallas, and J. J. Northcutt, of Acworth.

Randolph Superior Court.

Cuthbert, May 8.—(Special.)—Randolph superior court is in session in Cuthbert this week, Judge H. C. Sheffield and Solicitor John R. Irwin in charge. It is the first time in which either the judge or solicitor has presided in this county, both being new, but both have engrafted themselves into the confidence of our people and have made many friends.

HARK, THE BRAVES

The Grand March of the Red Men to Atlanta Next Week.

MANY TRIBES TO COME

Will Plant Their Wigwams in This City for Two Days—The Full Programme.

The great council of the Improved Order of Red Men of Georgia will convene in Atlanta on next Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock in the Knights of Pythias hall.

The meeting will be called to order by the great sachem, David G. Bailey, of Griffin, after which the address of welcome will be delivered by Mayor Porter King, on behalf of the city. The great sachem will respond on behalf of the visitors, and his response will be answered by Mr. Jack Slayton.

The Improved Order of Red Men is a benevolent and fraternal organization, with a total membership in the United States of over 300,000. The great council of Georgia is composed of thirty-five tribes, which are established in the principal cities and towns of the state. Atlanta has six tribes, with a total membership of nearly a thousand men. For eight years the order in Atlanta struggled along with only a handful of members. Of the less than a dozen faithful braves who formed the first organization and perpetuated it under the most unfavorable circumstances for the eight years, there remain in Atlanta today only four, vix: Messrs. G. E. Johnson, Jacob Emmel, T. D. Bell and L. S. Morris. The other original members of the order have either died or moved away from the city. The present flourishing condition of the order in Atlanta is in a large measure due to the steadfastness of purpose of the faithful four, from whom the local tribes have drawn largely of inspiration.

The council will be in session two days, and will have its headquarters at Folsom's hotel, on Marietta street. There will be about a hundred delegates in attendance, and the local branches have prepared to make their visit to Atlanta a pleasant one.

Tuesday night, at the Lyceum theater, there will be a prize contest for the adoption degree, which will be participated in by at least four, and maybe five tribes from the cities of Augusta, Savannah, Atlanta and Columbus. All warriors and braves in good standing are requested to be at the Lyceum that night. The beautiful ceremony of adoption will be presented in a most attractive and impressive manner. No order has a more beautiful ceremony than the Red Men. The situations are dramatic and the lines are beautifully poetic. Many prominent Red Men from all parts of the state who are not delegates will attend to witness the beautiful work. A great deal of important and interesting legislation will be enacted at its coming session. The election of great chiefs for the next great sun will occur on the second day of the session.

The present officers of the great council of eGorgia are: Great sachem, D. J. Bailey, of Griffin, Ga.; great chief of records, E. T. Payne, Atlanta; great keeper of wampum, G. E. Johnson, Atlanta.

This year Georgia will have the great incoheeny of the world. Robert T. Daniel, of Griffin, who is now great senior sagamo, will be promoted next September and become the great incoheeny, the highest officer of the order, and for the first time conferred on a southern man. A Georgian will thus be placed at the head of the 300,000 Red Men in the United States.

Candidates Will Take Notice.

The ladies of Austin Grove Mission Sabbath school will give an ice cream festival at Lakewood park on Monday night next. The candidates for the various offices in Fulton county are invited to attend and they will be given an opportunity of meeting the voters of South Bend district and patronizing the fair. Cars on the Atlanta street railway will carry the people to and from the city up to 12 o'clock at night.

Fell Off a Train.

Savannah, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—L. H. Edwards, a conductor on the Central railroad, fell off a train at Brewer tonight, and had both his legs smashed. He was brought into the city hospital here, and is now in a very precarious condition.

SACRED CONFIDENCE.

NO WOMAN'S LETTER PUBLISHED EXCEPT BY REQUEST.

Mrs. Pinkham's Tender Relations With the Suffering of Her Sex—Women Who Cannot Hide Their Happiness.

There is a class of women who, from their own experience, sympathize with their suffering sisters, and in order that such suffering may be lessened, nobly put aside false modesty and in heartfelt gratitude publish to the world what every woman should know.



Mrs. W. L. Elliott, Liscomb, Iowa, is one of those women, and has requested us to publish the facts in her case, otherwise it would not be done, as all such evidence is treated in sacred confidence, unless publication is requested by the writer.

She says to Mrs. Pinkham:—"I wish you would publish the circumstances of my case, in order that other women may be benefited by my experience.

"I doctored nearly all the time for two years. I spent several hundred dollars without receiving much benefit. Last June I wrote to you and described all my aches and pains. Such a long list as there was: headache, backache, bearing-down pains, terrible soreness, constipation, dizziness, feeling of extreme lassitude, irregularity and nausea; but you answered my letter and told me just what to do. I followed your advice.

"After taking eight bottles of the Vegetable Compound and three bottles of Blood Purifier, I am glad to write you that I have not enjoyed such good health for years, and I am able to do all my own work. I can surely sound the praises of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and a number of my friends are taking it upon my recommendation."—Mrs. W. L. Elliott, Liscomb, Iowa.


ESTABLISHED 1870.
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SPECIAL STYLES OF SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES MADE TO ORDER
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12 WHITEHALL ST. ATLANTA GA.

MRS. T. W. GLOVER IS DEAD.

WIFE OF HON. T. W. GLOVER DIES AT MARIETTA.

Great Grief in Her Home City and Many Houses Close—Will Be Buried Tomorrow Morning.

A death that will touch many hearts with grief occurred at Marietta yesterday afternoon. It was the death of Mrs. T. W. Glover, the young, beautiful and lovely wife of Hon. T. W. Glover, many times mayor of Marietta and one of the most popular citizens of the state.

The death was one of peculiar sadness. Mrs. Glover was just in the bloom of youth and beauty and would not have been twenty-one years old until next July. She was a favorite in a wide circle of friends and the news of her death will fall as a terrible shock among those who knew and loved her.

Her death was not unexpected, as she had been critically ill for some months, but her family and friends never gave up hope to the last. She was given the benefit of the very best medical aid and was watched over constantly by loving relatives. Drs. Noble and Taliaferro, of this city, were with her from Wednesday morning until the time of her death. Dr. Letze, of Marietta, was also in attendance upon her. The devoted husband of the stricken young wife and many relatives and friends watched eagerly for a change in her condition, but none came, and she died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The entire town of Marietta was shocked by the terrible news and many business houses were closed during the afternoon.

Mrs. Glover was said to have been the most beautiful woman in Georgia and she was as bright and cheerful in disposition as she was beautiful. She was the only daughter of Colonel and Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, and they were devotedly fond of her. She married Hon. T. W. Glover in 1893, and their life was a poem of wedded happiness until the fatal affliction which terminated yesterday in Mrs. Glover's death cast its shadow over the household. The blow of her death was a terrible one for the loyal and devoted husband and it left him well-nigh maddened with grief.

Mrs. Glover left a bright little babe of two and a half weeks of age and just a few hours before her death she, on yesterday morning, called all her relatives about her and kissed them goodby. Then she took the little babe in her arms and kissing it she prayed that God would protect it and guard it. Shortly after this she sank into unconsciousness and never rallied again. The scene was one of unspeakable pathos and touched every heart that was present.

Mrs. Glover will be buried at Marietta tomorrow morning and the funeral will doubtless be one of the largest ever seen in that place. She was loved universally for her graces of womanhood, and all Marietta mourns her death. As Miss Marielle Nesbitt, she was a great favorite. She graduated from Agnes Scott institute.

Death of a Little One.

Macon, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—This evening at 6:45 o'clock Walter, the bright and attractive sixteen-months-old son of State School Commissioner G. R. Glenn, died at the home of the commissioner, in this city of teething. Funeral services tomorrow afternoon. The deep sympathies of many friends of Commissioner and Mrs. Glenn in Georgia are tendered them in their great sorrow. Commissioner Glenn has been in Macon several days attending at the bedside of his son.

Michael Nisbet.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 8.—Michael Nisbet, grand secretary of the grand lodge of Pennsylvania, Free and Accepted Masons, died at his home here last evening, aged sixty-seven years. Mr. Nisbet was a prominent figure in Masonic circles in this state. He was in the fraternity for forty-five years and few Masons have had more honors and degrees conferred upon them.

N. W. Meserole.

Washington, May 8.—N. W. Meserole, secretary of the Greenwich Fire Insurance Company of New York, died at his home, in that city, at noon today.

CHIEFS IN CONVENTION.

The Polcie Chiefs Will Meet in Atlanta Next Tuesday.

The preparations for the entertainment of members of the convention of police chiefs are completed and Chief Connolly thinks the stay of the visitors in Atlanta will be made decidedly pleasant.

The convention will meet at 10 o'clock next Tuesday morning in the ballroom of the Kimball house and remain in session three days. The address of welcome will be delivered by Mayor Porter King and will probably be responded to by the president of the convention, Chief Eldridge, of Boston.

President Eldridge is expected to arrive in Atlanta a day or two before the opening of the convention. He will be accompanied on his visit to Atlanta by the chairman of the board of police commissioners of Boston, as well as the Hub's first assistant chief of police.

There are several hundred members of the convention and there will be representatives from every state and territory in the union.

Chief Connolly expects the attendance to be large and is in receipt of many letters from the chiefs of different cities indicating their intention to be present. Among those who have announced that they wil be present are Chiefs V. M. Smith, of Minneapolis; Frank M. McMahon, of Little Rock; J. H. Clack, of Nashville; George F. Bill, of Hartford; S. A. W. Fash, of Peoria, Ill.; R. N. Westbrook, of Albany, Ga.; P. Kain, Saginaw, Mich.; B. F. Howard, Richmond, W. S. Orr, Charlotte, N. C.; J. H. Carter, Asheville, N. C.; Murphy, of Newark, N. J.; Donovan, of Hoboken, N. J.; Jensen, of Milwaukee; Burke, of Mobile; Gaster, of New Orleans; Butner, of Macon; Williams, of Columbus; Phillips, of Jacksonville; Hill, of Chattanooga, and McDonald, of Birmingham. There will be possibly 200 members present, many of whom will be accompanied by their wives.

Tuesday afternoon there will be given a trolley party, while Wednesday afternoon will be devoted to an old-fashioned Georgia barbecue at Cold Springs, on the famous 'cue grounds of Captain Harry Stockdell. The barbecuing will be done under the personal supervision of Mr. Stockdell, who has a wide reputation for knowing how to prepare the best barbecued meats in the country.

On Thursday afternoon the chiefs and their wives will be given a carriage drive to the battle fields and all points of interest in and around Atlanta. The committee on amusements will provide pleasant entertainment for the ladies during the sitting of the convention in business session.

Chief Connolly received a telegram last night from First Assistant Chief Alex Ross, of Chicago, making inquiries about the convention and stating that he would attend.

Messrs. W. A. and R. A. Pinkerton, of the great detective agency, will attend the meeting in Atlanta. Both are members of the organization and will prove notable figures in the meeting next week.

Chief David Gaster, of New Orleans, will be another conspicuous member. He has been chief of police of New Orleans since the assassination of Chief Hennessy by the Mafia society and is a terror to evil doers in the Crescent City.


WE USE THE FAMOUS WOOL SOAP ON SHIRT WAISTS AND ALL DELICATE COLORED GOODS & SET THE COLORS BEFORE WASHING.
WE STARCH AND IRON THEM PROPERLY TOO!
GUTHMAN'S STEAM LAUNDRY.
130-132 PEACHTREE ST.
PHONE 610.

NORTH CAROLINA ITEMS.

Royal Arcanum State Council—Political Gossip.

Raleigh, N. C., May 7.—(Special.)—The grand council Royal Arcanum of North Carolina, in session here today, elected E. L. Harris, of Raleigh, regent, and J. Howell Ray, of Waynesville, supreme representative.

So bitter is the feeling between the Russell and Dockery factions of republicans that many of each swear they will not vote for the choice of the other faction for governor. It now appears that a dark horse will get the nomination.

W. A. Guthrie confidently expects the populist nomination for governor. He counts on running on a silver platform and getting the votes of thousands of republicans and democrats.

It is the almost tacit understanding among democrats that Julian S. Carr is to be their nominee for governor.

Daniel Parker, colored, fell eighty-five feet at Durham and his injuries are slight. He was working at the top of a chimney when a scaffold broke.

The supreme court today adjourned as a mark of respect to ex-Associate Justice John H. Dillard, who died at Greensboro yesterday.

President McIver, of the State Normal and Industrial school at Greensboro, says that May 19th and 20th will be commencement days and that on the former a life-size portrait of Senator Vance will be presented to the school, Richard H. Battle, who was Vance's private secretary during the war, delivering the address.

Charles W. Dabney, assistant secretary of agriculture, will deliver an address on industrial education. Dr. J. L. M. Curry is also expected to speak.

It is said the Seaboard Air-Line appears to be arranging to enlarge its shops at Portsmouth instead of rebuilding those recently burned here. As yet no steps are taken toward rebuilding the latter. The loss by the fire was $46,000, and the insurance $25,000 on machinery and $15,000 on the buildings.

The Episcopal diocesan convention now in progress at Charlotte is a grand success in every respect. Many prominent preachers and delegates are there in number.

PLEA FOR UNITED ACTION.

Labor Organizers on the Necessity of Standing Together.

An important and successful meeting of the Industrial Union was held Thursday night. There were about 350 persons present, and the majority of them were enthusiastic laboring men. The meeting was probably the largest that has ever been held in this city, and showed an increase of interest in the labor organizations.

The object of the meeting was to get expression from every class of labor organizations. Speeches were made by a large number of those present, and George W. Evans acted as chairman of the meeting.

Mr. D. M. Vining made an excellent speech on the origin of the Industrial Union. He told why it was a chartered institution and told of the benefits of it on that account. He stated that it was the only political organization that he ever knew to have a charter. All of the organizations should be well represented, he said, and should stand together as one body and vote together. He stated that in his opinion the unions could do better and accomplish more by voting together than in any other way. Even if they sometimes made mistakes, they were together and could do better.

W. L. Lemmons, M. A. McIntire, R. P. Dodge, H. O. Teat and J. E. Belcher all spoke on the same line.

Mr. Belcher polled the house by asking that all those who would vote the ticket made up by the committee appointed for that purpose stand up. In answer to this request every person in the house rose as one mon. There were 260 present who represented labor organizations, and enough others to amount to 350. When the meeting adjourned every one was pleased with the result, and labor unions are at present on a boom.

"ALKAHEST" OUT TODAY.

Atlanta's New Periodical Will Make Its Bow.

The Alkahest, the splendid new local periodical, makes its first appearance this morning. It is a dream of typographical beauty and art work, and possesses a highly attractive table of contents. It has a beautiful cover printed in colors. The reading matter is supplied by a number of bright writers. The paper contains articles by W. P. Trent, John Young Garlington, John Henderson Garnsey, Robert Adamson, Julian Harris and others.

It is gotten up in highly modern style, and is very attractive. It is one of the finest pieces of press work ever turned out in Atlanta, and the contents of the number have been selected with great care.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.


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ATLANTA GA.

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CINCINNATI—J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine St.
NEW YORK—Brentano's, corner Broadway and Sixteenth Street.
CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams Street; Great Northern Hotel.
DENVER, COL.—Hamilton & Kendrick.
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Notice to Subscribers.

Do not pay the carriers. We have regular collectors in the city—Messrs. Charles H. Donnelly, R. L. Cannon and G. W. Tasker.

The traveling representatives of The Constitution are Messrs. William M. Kersh, W. H. Overbey and L. B. Wilcox.

Watch Your Dates.

The dates following the address of subscribers indicate time to which paid. All are urgently requested to watch this date, and notify the home office when errors are discovered.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building sole advertising managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., May 9, 1896.

"Fetch in Another Hoss!"

Johnny Lolow, the great clown, used to have a way of convulsing circus audiences by yelling out during the performance, in season and out of season, and with a touch of agony in his voice, "Fetch in another hoss!" If a trapeze performer allowed his hand to slip, or a rope-walker dropped his balancing pole, Mr. Lolow would cry out, "Fetch in another hoss!" The clown was merely mocking at one aspect of humanity. His buffoonery was so shot through with real humor that the most ignorant person in his audience could relish the characteristic. His mockery was so true, in fact, that we find the cuckoos and gold men of Georgia crying out: "Fetch in another hoss!"

One cabinet nag not being enough to convince the democratic voters of Georgia that they ought to indorse and adopt the financial views of "Honest" John Sherman and the republican party, the cuckoos are yelling out, "Fetch in another hoss!" And they are sending petitions to Mr. Carlisle. "Won't he please speak here?" and "won't he please speak there?"

Our advice to Mr. Carlisle is that he come and bring his democratic record with him. Let him spread out his silver record before his audiences side by side with his recent conversion to the gold standard principles of John Sherman and ask the voters of Georgia which they prefer. We do not insist on this particular programme, but we advise Mr. Carlisle to respond promptly to the cuckoo demand for "another hoss."

And if, for any reason, he is of the opinion that he will not be able to convert the honest democratic voters of Georgia to republican doctrine, let him engage a special train and bring Cleveland and all the members of the cabinet. They are all needed here at this juncture, for the campaign of the money power thus far has fallen about as flat as anything of the kind that was ever started in Georgia. Therefore, instead of "fetching in another hoss," let Mr. Carlisle fetch in all the cabinet hosses.

We can inform Mr. Carlisle why the cuckoos and agents of the money power are calling on him at this time. It is because they see that their desperate and disreputable scheme to cram John Sherman's financial views down democratic throats is going to pieces in every section of the state, and they desire to make one final effort to save it.

We can also inform Mr. Carlisle—and we charge him nothing for the information—that if he were to come himself and bring all the members of the cabinet, and all the bullion dealers, and all the bondholders, and all the gold syndicates, in the United States, he would not be able to change the result in Georgia. For an overwhelming majority of the people of Georgia are democrats, who know what democracy means and who are far more firmly grounded in the faith than Mr. Carlisle seems to be. They know the nature and character of the democratic principles formulated by Thomas Jefferson and put in operation by Andrew Jackson, and they have heard them expounded by men quite as able as Mr. Carlisle—by men who won their confidence by their courage and consistency.

The democrats of Georgia do not need to go to Mr. Carlisle to learn democratic principles or policies. If they did they would prefer to hear what he said when he was representing the democrats of Kentucky in house and senate, when republicanism had not been smuggled into the party, and when a proposition for the democratic party to embrace the republican doctrine of silver demonetization and currency contraction would have practically damned the man that made it.

Nevertheless, we hope Mr. Carlisle will come to Georgia accompanied by the whole caboodle of those who have debauched the public service and are now trying to debauch the democratic party. And then, after that, there will still be loud cries from the cuckoos and agents of the money power to "fetch in another hoss!"

Creelman's Expulsion from Cuba.

The recent expulsion from Cuba of James Creelman, the war correspondent of The New York World, has not only aroused the indignation of that paper but has likewise inflamed the feelings of the entire metropolis of New York.

Since entering upon his mission as the special agent of The New York World Creelman has made a fearless correspondent and has described the situation on the island not only in the graphic manner for which his pen has acquired some distinction, but with absolute fidelity to the truth of Spanish despotism as it has come within the range of his own eyes.

In applauding the courageous spirit of the war correspondent, the asperities of journalism have been forgotten and the newspapers of New York have nothing but kind words for Creelman in discussing the action of the Spanish authorities on the island.

The special feature of the war correspondence which aroused the hostility of the captain general of Cuba was that contained in a published dispatch which made its appearance in The New York World on Friday of last week.

This dispatch gave the names of the white men who had been brutally shot down, without the intervention of a trial, by Spanish troops in the neighborhood of Campo Florida during the month of April. In sending this information to The New York World the correspondent accumulated enough evidence to corroborate the facts and to justify the publication of the article in all of the frightful and appalling details.

In view of the punishment which innocent and unoffending parties had received from the authorities, notably that inflicted upon Diaz, the Baptist missionary, it required no small amount of courage on the part of the correspondent to send a truthful dispatch. But, estimating the danger to which he exposed himself in arousing the anger of the captain general, he believed that a faithful performance of his duty would justify the risk, and he firmly resolved to take it, regardless of the peril which he invited.

As soon as the paper which contained this dispatch reached the island, General Weyler issued an order for Creelman's expulsion from Cuba and also directed that all communications between him and The New York World be suppressed. Creelman is supposed to be on his way home, and as soon as he reaches New York he will be tendered a public reception by his friends in the metropolis.

In discussing the treatment which its war correspondent has received at the hands of the Spanish authorities, The New York World says:

> It is not worth while to discuss the flimsy pretext put forward by General Weyler that the account sent by Mr. Creelman was false. If it was in the power of General Weyler to prove the falsehood of the story he would have been more than glad to do it. By refusing this vindication, and seeking the easier alternative of expulsion and suppression, he indirectly admits the truth of the damning charges of cruelty and massacre laid at the door of the Spanish soldiery over whom he has absolute control.
>
> The expulsion of Mr. Creelman puts the Spanish attempt to suppress the Cuban revolution in its true light, as an appeal to cruelty, an effort at extermination and a relapse into the ferocity and barbarism which marked the original conquests of Spain on this continent.
>
> The World will not, of course, relax its efforts to discover and print the entire truth about the struggle in Cuba.

If the atrocious character of the Spanish government in Cuba, as evinced by what has happened within the last few weeks, is not sufficient to make it plain that Cuba's independence should be promptly recognized, that fact is not capable of demonstration.

Under Spanish despotism there is no hope for Cuba. The yoke of Spain is itself a condemnation.

Contraction Under the Gold Standard.

The other day the editor of The New York Financial News printed the treasury report, the figures of which give the amount of money in circulation at about $21 per capita. The editor went on to say that if the amount of the currency of the country had increased in proportion to the business and maturing wealth of the country, the per capita amount of circulation would be $100, and everything would be on a high tide of prosperity.

But a correspondent of The Financial News is not satisfied with the treasury report, which hides the real facts, and sends to the editor the following, which we commend to the careful attention of our readers:

> To the Editor of The Financial News—In your today's issue in an article, "Our Limited Circulation," on the authority of the secretary of the treasury, you give the sum of $1,500,007,082 as the amount of money in circulation (our total money stock), and which would give a per capita of $21, as you figure it. I submit you must deduct from the total named the sum of $571,000,000 held—locked up by law—as national bank reserves. Does not that reduce the per capita to, say, $14? Then is there not another $100,000,000 of gold held—locked up by law—in the treasury, nominally to redeem irredeemable greenbacks, but actually to enable the monarchial governments of the outside world to replenish their coffers by the easy method of exchanging unmatured corporate securities for it, thanks to the New York stock exchange? Then, is there not always at least $125,000,000 held by the government? These three items make the sum of $796,000,000, not in circulation, and, taken from the total, leaves the per capita circulation $11.
>
> I will wait long enough for some one to disprove the foregoing, and then I will show further that the actual per capita circulation is less than $7. When these simple truths are made known business men and other sufferers may begin to realize "what's the matter with Hannah."
>
> CALUMET.
>
> New York, May 6, 1896.

Now, this correspondent is evidently a business man or a financier who thoroughly understands the situation. There is no fact more notorious (and we use the word in its old English meaning) than that the treasury reports are now and have been for years artfully manipulated so as to conceal even from the average business man the real condition of the currency.

The correspondent of The New York Financial News can easily show, to the satisfaction of any person not an idiot or stupidly selfish, that the actual amount of currency in circulation in this country at this time is less than $7 per capita.

The contraction of the currency under the single gold standard has been so great that a number of national banks, in spite of the threats and protests of the money power, have been compelled, in self-defense, to take out more circulation.

These facts, so plain, so clear, and so simple, ought to appeal to every business man to study the money question for himself and apply his knowledge in defense of his own interests. Money is valuable only as it enables the people to transact business with each other. A dollar is simply a tool of exchange. It is not a sound dollar if it is so scarce that it robs business men and producers of half their profits and property of half its value.

Is Insanity Increasing?

Unless there is something peculiar about the mental status of Connecticut which is altogether different from that of other states, there is some basis for the supposition that insanity is on the increase in the United States.

From the official records of the Nutmeg State it appears that this increase has far exceeded the ratio of population during the last forty-five or fifty years.

These records supply the following data: In 1850 the number of insane persons in the state was 470, or one insane person to every 788 inhabitants. Twenty years later the number had increased to 772, or one insane person to every 696 inhabitants. Again in 1880 the inmates of the various asylums in the state numbered 1,725, and the ratio was fixed at one to every 360. In 1890 the number stood at 2,056 in the asylums, or one insane person to every 368 inhabitants.

These figures are interesting. Perhaps a better word would be alarming, since what is true of this state may likewise be true of other states in the union.

It would hardly be fair to charge Connecticut with having a monopoly of lunatics in her asylums, although the number of these inmates appears to be somewhat excessive. She has always managed to make herself felt in the world of business and politics, and if her industrial and commercial records are consulted it will be found that no state in the union surpasses Connecticut in the vigorous enterprise of her people. If she has more inmates in her insane asylums than other states in the union it is possibly for the reason that her people are overworked in her factories and give way under the task of holding up before the eyes of the nation a superb pattern of industry.

In a recent article on this important topic Dr. Edwin A. Down, of the Hartford Retreat for the Insane, takes the position that these figures do not prove conclusively that insanity has increased to any great extent. He argues that the definition of the word insanity has experienced quite a decided modification within the last half century and that hundreds are now classed as insane who were not so designated fifty years ago.

Says this distinguished authority, in explaining the increase of inmates in the state lunatic asylums within the last few years:

> Large numbers of persons to whom the term lunatic seemed difficult to apply came within the limits of the difinition and were registered as insane. Eccentric characters, who were harmless enough if unmolested by the small boys, and weak adults, came to be included among those of unsound mind, and found themselves comfortably housed in our state institutions without one care or thought for the morrow's meal, and glad to change their uncertain mode of living for the regularity and order which prevail in our modern hospitals or asylums. The salutary effect of placing such cases under state care is inestimable. Not only are these persons prevented from wandering to and fro a constant reproach to our citizens, but they are placed in a position which effectually prevents the propagation of their kind.

In speaking for Connecticut, Dr. Down may possibly describe the conditions which prevail in other states. It is to be hoped that he is right in his supposition and that insanity is not, as a matter of fact, increasing in the United States.

But regardless of the manner in which this question may be settled, it cannot be denied that Americans need to be more prudent. Incessant application, together with the care and worry incident to business, is not calculated to promote a vigorous condition either of mind or body; and what is needed by the great mass of the American people is less worry over business matters and a greater amount of wholesome relaxation.

Some Results of Rapid Transit.

Those who have looked upon the growth of such large cities as New York, Philadelphia and Chicago with some degree of alarm, as evincing a decided drift toward centralization, recognize in the increased rate of speed developed by locomotive engines a timely agent which providence has interposed to check this tendency.

By reason of the fast schedules which are now enjoyed both north and south, the inducements which have heretofore operated in favor of the cities have been, to a large extent, removed.

To make this plain it is only necessary to call attention to the fact that those who live within a distance of thirty or forty miles of any of the leading commercial centers of the land substantially enjoy the benefits of city life without residing in the community itself.

In this age of rapid transit distance is estimated by hours instead of miles. For example, according to the present rate of travel, the distance between Baltimore and Washington is only one of forty minutes. A man residing between those cities has the choice of either market and within a few minutes can do his trading or perform his errand, as the case may be, and return home without losing any more time than would be required in going from one part of the city to another.

But these rapid schedules accomplish even more than this. Not only is the man who lives within a short distance of the city persuaded to remain at home instead of taking up his residence in the metropolis, but likewise hundreds who are cooped up in the crowded cities of the land avail themselves of the opportunity furnished by these rapid schedules of moving out into the country and of breathing the more salubrious and invigorating atmosphere of the fields.

Thus it becomes apparent that the locomotive is rapidly becoming a diffusive agent and is fraught with even greater blessings than those which have hitherto been derived from its commercial usefulness.

The Condition of a Wall Street Organ.

The New York Times, which was formerly a rampant republican organ, but which for several years has posed as the chief organ of Clevelandism in New York city, has not found its recent policy very profitable. Some of the stockholders of the company have applied for the appointment of a receiver, and are proceeding to a voluntary dissolution of the company.

The petitioners say that the paper has been losing money at a rate that, if allowed to continue, will result in the loss of the entire assets of the paper. The petitioners also disclose the fact that $200,000 worth of debenture notes, due and payable in 1898, and exchangeable for stock, are held by Wall street firms.

These disclosures have a certain interest for the people of this section. The various deliverances of The New York Times in behalf of the gold standard have been quite freely quoted by the cuckoo and Wall street organs in the south. These deliverances have been put forth in such a high and mighty way, and with such a tone of unquestionable authority, that people who do not know the condition of affairs in metropolitan journalism would suppose that The Times not only represented public opinion but is public opinion itself in a condensed form; whereas, as a matter of fact, its views represented nobody's on earth except those of a few Wall street magnates.

The Execution of Holmes.

Seldom is the execution of a criminal a matter of such intense satisfaction as that of H. H. Holmes, in Philadelphia, last Thursday morning.

Never did the scaffold perform a better day's work or vindicate more nobly the cause of outraged humanity.

Though few were so credulous as to believe the story of his marvelous confession, which appeared in the newspapers of the country several weeks ago, no one doubted that he was a most accomplished artist in his line of work and that perhaps the only reason which renders it impossible for him to have committed all the deeds which he acknowledges in his confession is that Satan himself would have manifested more compassion.

After shocking the refined instincts of society by his alleged confession he was bold enough to declare his innocence on the scaffold and to protest against the taking of his life.

The only regret about the matter is that a common execution was too good for such a criminal.

The ocean steamers raised their rates for transporting gold, and Europe promptly raised the price it is willing to pay for American gold. And so there you are!

The fact that Colonel Foraker, of Ohio, is "loyal" is again announced in the public press.

Correspondent Creelman has been expelled from Cuba, which shows that the war there is getting warm.

Mr. Hanna didn't do a thing in the world but snatch Indiana right out from under Mr. B. Harrison.

The various widows of the late Mr. John Stetson are making matters warm. The Washington Post suggests that they hire a hall.

The Washington Post says the country is full of "small-fry politicians who are traveling about on other people's money." Can this be a dig at the cabinet members who are about to take the road again?

The Boot and Shoemakers' Union, of Manchester, N. H., has sent a petition to congress for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. These men know where the shoe pinches.

Allen county, Ohio, the home of Senator Brice, has instructed its delegates to the state convention to vote for the free coinage of silver.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

One of the latest suggestions in regard to the federal pension rolls is to give each surviver $8 a month on arriving at the age of sixty-two years. "This plan," says The Baltimore Sun, "would add to the present annual pension outgo of $140,000,000, about $10,000,000 in 1896 and various larger sums in future years till 1907, when the addition would be $28,876,320. The last survivors would disappear, it is estimated, in 1945, but their widows—if we consider the fact that there are still widows of the revolution of 1776-81 on the pension roll—will continue to get pensions on their account till 1980. Such would be the outlook under a 'service-pension' law giving each survivor $8 a month for life. There is another proposal, which is to give $12 a month to every survivor that served as long as ninety days. This would cost $79,303,291 in 1896, in addition to the $140,000,000 now being paid, and would continue to produce its effect on the treasury balance till 1945."

Eighteen bills providing for the erection of statues in honor of great Americans are now pending in congress, all of which are to be located in Washington city in the event appropriations are secured. Among the men whom it is thus proposed to honor are: Grant, Lincoln, John Paul Jones, Edwin M. Stanton, General Zachary Taylor, Salmon P. Chase and others. Just at this time there is quite a monument fever abroad, and thousands of memorial structures are going up in all parts of the land.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes was no less celebrated for his philosophy than for his quick wit. One day Charles Francis and Carl Schurz called on the distinguished autocrat. Among other things in the course of conversation, the doctor told them that a canvasser for the Century dictionary had just called, teasing him for a subscription. "No," quoth the doctor, "I am too old—eighty years. I shan't live to see the Century published," to which the encouraging book agent replied: "Nay, doctor, you won't have to live very much longer to use our book. We have already got to G." "And you may go to —l, if you like," exclaimed the little doctor, and the canvasser went—somewhere.

According to the London correspondent of The New York Sun, Queen Victoria's household consumed $10,000 worth of beer and $30,000 worth of wine last year at the public expense. These totals do not include the amount spent in drink at Osborne and Balmoral, which, being the queen's property, the cost of their maintenance does not appear in the estimates dealt with by the house of commons. Her majesty, of course, has her own private cellars at all her palaces, and probably her capital locked up in wines for private use is never less than $250,000. Queen Victoria herself is most abstemious.

GOLD IN CIRCULATION.

Interesting Statistics from a Man Who Knows What He Is Talking About.

Cornelia, Ga., May 9, 1896.—Editor Constitution: In a speech recently made at Chicago by Mr. Carlisle, the secretary of the treasury, he stated that he had "about $620,000,000 of gold in circulation," and asserted that free coinage of silver would drive this gold out of circulation and thus contract the currency to the extent of "about $620,000,000." If Mr. Carlisle is correct in his statement as to gold now in circulation in the United States, then the figures sent out by his authority through the bureau of statistics for the treasury department are very misleading and should be corrected.

An examination of the "Monthly Summary of Finance and Commerce of the United States," prepared by the bureau of statistics for the treasury department, will show the following facts:

For the five years, from 1868 to 1872, inclusive, our domestic exports exceeded our imports of gold coin by the sum of $123,622,160, and for the five years from 1873 to 1877 the excess of exports over imports of gold coin was $104,498,116. For the next period of ten years, from 1878 to 1887, inclusive, we gained by the increase of imports over exports of gold coin the sum of $123,552,279.

Then for the five years from 1888 to 1892, inclusive, our exports exceeded our imports of gold coin by $26,681,641, and from 1893 to 1895, inclusive, with eight months of the present fiscal year to March 1st, we again lost by domestic exports over imports of gold coin the sum of $115,020,454.

If from the total losses for the term of years beginning with the year 1868 and ending on March 1, 1896, which losses amount to the sum of $369,477,998, we take the gains of gold coin made during the same period, which is the sum of $187,867,755, we will find that during the time named we have lost by export of gold coin the net sum of $181,610,243. The total gold coined at the mints of the United States since 1892 up to March 1, 1896, is the sum of $586,168,106. Deduct from this sum the amount of $181,610,243 lost by excess of exports over imports as shown and the remainder will be $404,557,863, from which amount take $140,874,515 reported as in the treasury on March 1, 1896, and you get the sum of $263,683,348 as the amount which should be in so-called circulation, provided no gold coin was lost by export or otherwise previous to 1868.

This sum of $263,683,348 does not come anywhere "about $620,000,000" Mr. Carlisle claims to be in circulation, but is the amount reported by the treasury department to be in circulation March 1, 1896, if we deduct the loss by exports as shown. The amount reported by the treasury department in circulation March 1, 1896, is $445,293,591. Take from this the $181,610,243 lost to the gold circulation of the United States by the excess of exports over imports of gold coin since the beginning of the year 1868 and you have the exact sum before arrived at, $263,683,243. It may be claimed that Mr. Carlisle includes in his "about $620,000,000 of gold in circulation" gold bullion, used often in large commercial transactions. Unfortunately for such a claim and for the people of the United States, examination will show that during the same time our exports of gold coin exceeded our imports by $181,610,243, we sent out of the country over $100,000,000 of gold bullion in excess of what we imported. There is certainly an error somewhere, for the statement of the secretary and the figures of the treasury department do not "tally by a jugful." In this connection it is well to consider that for only ten of the twenty-eight years given, from 1868 to 1895, inclusive, has the balance of trade been against the United States—that is, our exports of domestic merchandise have been greater than our imports for every year but ten of the twenty-eight.

JAMES W. ROBERTSON.

REED AND McKINLEY.

Kansas City Star: Tom Reed is still a young man, with nothing in his public career to apologize for. He may not be nominated at St. Louis, but that would not signify that he might not, at some future time, be chosen as the leader of the republican party. The scheme to lay him on the shelf by nominating him for vice president will hardly win.

Boston Daily Advertiser: It is an absurd fallacy to talk about a combination of "the field" against Reed or of "the field" against McKinley; if by that is meant that all the delegates who are not in favor of Reed as their first choice will take for their motto "anybody to beat Reed," or that all who are not in favor of McKinley as their first choice will take for their motto "anybody to beat McKinley." People who are building their hopes on such an expectation are building on an exceedingly sandy foundation, which the winds and floods of popular sentiment will sweep away at St. Louis in quick time.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: McKinley served all through the war, and for the first fifteen months was a private soldier. In the award of honors richly earned the man who carried the knapsack stands second to nobody, and his figure will adorn the presidential pedestal.

Chicago News: Says Steve Elkins: "It is written down that McKinley is to be the next president and we are only making unnecessary trouble for ourselves as well as for him by resisting the inevitable." Evidently Brother Hanna has been whispering in Steve's ear the story of the good little boy who gave a penny to a poor baker and got a great big red gumdrop.

New York Commercial-Advertiser: That energetic McKinley organ, The Chicago Times-Herald, makes use of the largest type in its office to give to the world what it calls an important statement from Mr. McKinley on the money question, viz: "If the republican platform declares for free coinage, I will not be a candidate. I would not run on a free silver platform." This is highly important. The republican platform is about as likely to declare for free silver as it is to declare for the free and unlimited coinage of green cheese for the manufacture of moonlight.

Illinois Democrats for Bimetallism.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

It may further be set down as certain that the democrats of Cook county will cast their influence at the state convention in favor of free silver at the old ratio of 16 to 1.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

With a Kiss.

Here's a health to the fellow who wakes me each morn
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!
Whose beautiful tresses my temples adorn
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!
Here's a health to the little one there at my bed,
With his ruby red lips and his ringleted head;
And God give the rose to the paths he shall tread,
And a kiss, and a kiss, and a kiss!

Here's a health to the fellow who wakes me each morn
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!
In a little white gown, or a jacket that's torn,
But still with a kiss, with a kiss!
Here's a health to the little one there at my bed,
And for all of God's roses—the white or the red,
He is sweeter than angels have sung or have said,
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!

Here's a health to the fellow who wakes me each morn
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!
And I brave the world's anger and all the world's scorn,
For his kiss, for his kiss, for his kiss!
And God keep him ever from grief and from moan,
Though I dwell in life's valleys alone—still alone;
Let my own have the light, and the light keep my own,
With a kiss, with a kiss, with a kiss!

—*Frank L. Stanton.*

The New York Society of American Authors should hold its next meeting in Atlanta. There are more authors in Georgia than in any other state in the union, and the brethren would be royally entertained here. Besides, Atlanta is the convention city of the south.

She's Comin' Home.

She's comin' home, my dearie;
She's comin' home once more;
But the winds are sighin' weary,
An' the waves weep on the shore.

But over the ocean's salty foam,
A sweet voice sings: "She is comin' home!"
No more in life's desolate lands to roam—
She is comin', comin' home!

She is comin' home, my dearie;
She is comin' home once more;
But the Night—it glooms so dreary
That my heart has flown before!

But 'out of the black mists and over the foam
A sweet voice sings: "She is comin' home!"
No more in the desert and dark to roam—
She is comin', comin' home!

It makes one sad to see the pictures and letters of Bill Nye still going the rounds of the press through the syndicates. Is it not sad, indeed, to caricature the dead?

Talking of Bob.

Talk 'bout Bob, by day or night,
Why, Bob's all right!
It ain't so many days ago
I saw him wadin' through the snow
To help a poor soul to the light:—
Yes! Bob's all right!

Talk 'bout Bob, by day or night—
Why, Bob's all right!
'Pears like it was but yesterday
I saw him go a beggar's way,
To lead his blind steps to the light:—
Yes! Bob's all right!

Talk 'bout Bob, by day or night—
Why, Bob's all right!
It ain't a day or night ago
He made a lonely fireside glow,
And made a dark soul see the light:—
Yes! Bob's all right!

A Georgia obituary reads:

"The little hero buried here
Was conquered ere he was aware!"

We infer from this brief summary that the poor little fellow was taken completely by surprise.

A Candidate's Experience.

Jim Jones, he was a candidate for office—
so he was:
He'd been workin' 'long from daylight in the Democratic cause;
He'd heard about the salary an office-holder draws,
So he weat out for an office in the mornin'!

He brushed up his old black beaver and polished up his boots;
He got him twenty packages of Georgia-made cheroots;
An' they 'nissed him from the village and political disputes,
For he went in for an office in the mornin'!

But the office was a-comin', an' they told him for to wait;
The road was kinder crooked when he thought it kinder straight;
But Jones—he kept a-swingin' on the democratic gate,
"For," said he, "I'll catch the office in the mornin'!"

Soon the candidates had smoked up all of Jones's fine cheroots,
An' the mud had worn the polish from his brogans and his boots;
And he lost his reputation in political disputes,
An' he never got the office in the mornin'!

—F. L. S.

The New Cotton Acreage.

From The New York World.

It is asserted with probable justice that the reports of increased cotton acreage telegraphed to Europe have been grossly exaggerated. It is true, however, that there is some danger of planting more cotton than will be good for the market.

In Texas, where the acreage of the new crop can now be determined, it is said that the increase will not be more than 10 per cent. In the more northern sections of the cotton belt planting is still going on, and there is yet time to take practical measures for correcting the harm which reports of an extraordinary acreage are likely to do the country.

In nearly all the cotton state corn can be planted with advantage up to the first of June, but these who expect the corn fields of last year to be put into cotton calculate that there is still a large supply of corn on hand and that its price last year was low, while that of cotton was comparatively high.

Such considerations undoubtedly exert a powerful influence on the agricultural intellect, but they do not justify the hopes which some English buyers are forming of getting our cotton crop this year at their own figures. Cotton is in good demand at fair prices, and unless southern planters lose their heads it will remain so.

Now Is the Time.

From The Lumpkin Independent.

A candidate who has any respect for his own peace of mind will pay his announcement fee in advance, to keep from paying $3 or $5 after the election is over for the privilege of choppin' cotton.

EVERYDAY TALK OF STATE POLITICS

A good many friends of Colonel [illegible] did not understand why he should have been dropped by Colonel Buck and his followers as a candidate for delegate from the state at large to the national republican convention. Colonel Buck has been considerably criticised for making the promise which left Major Hanson out. Since the convention Colonel Buck has been confined to his home by illness, and has not had an opportunity of making any reply to his critics. The following letter, which he received from Major Hanson, and which came unsolicited by him, is a sufficient answer to these criticisms:

"Macon, Ga., May 4, 1896.—Hon. A. E. Buck, Chairman Republican State Committee, Atlanta, Ga. My Dear Sir: On my return from New York I find that a great deal is being said by various parties with reference to the failure of the republican convention to elect me as one of the delegates from the state at large to the St. Louis convention and that you are being censured on this account. I have told some of my friends that your action was in line with a suggestion made to you by myself at the Brown house in Atlanta about a month ago.

"I beg to assure you that personally I am more than satisfied with the situation as I wanted something done to prevent a contesting delegation and that was to secure the largest practicable number of McKinley delegates.

"McKinley will get a good vote from New York on the first ballot, if [illegible] Morton does not retire from the race. The cleanest canvass in the history of the country has been made in his behalf.

"I hope your health will soon be fully restored. Am glad that the campaign is over, and sincerely congratulate you upon what you have accomplished, and as a friend of McKinley, thank you for it. Very truly yours, J. F. HANSON.

"P. S.—If you think proper to make a statement for publication in accordance with the above, I shall be pleased for you to do so. It might be well to add that you proposed to me to go to St. Louis and let you remain at home, and that I unhesitatingly refused to consent to this arrangement. J. F. H."

The efforts of the gold standard organs to make it appear that the eleventh district is an absolute unit on the money question, and that there are no silver men at all in that district, might be misleading if anybody belived those organs. The fact of the matter is that the friends of Congressman Turner are using as one of their principal arguments in favor of his re-election that the democrats of the district ought to give it to the "old man" once more and it is the talk throughout the district that he will not be a candidate again. Whether there is any definite understanding on this line is not the question, but some of his strongest friends say that it would be a hard matter for him to secure another election after the present one.

The silver men in the eleventh are active. Colonel Burch, who is making the race for congress in that district, is being greeted by large audiences and there is no question that very many of the people of the eleventh favor the restoration of silver. The silver men of Lowndes county met a day or two ago and perfected an organization. Among the leading men who took part in the organization were Judge A. H. Smith, Colonel W. H. Griffin and Colonel J. O. Varnedoe. In the conference which was held there were present a number of prominent citizens and a firm organization was perfected, whose purpose it will be to make a straightout fight for silver within the democratic ranks.

Colonel Livingston, member of congress from this district, spent several hours in the city Thursday. He left that night for Washington, being summoned there by the critical illness of his grandson, who has typhoid fever. Colonel Livingston was to have made a speech in DeKalb county today, but on account of the necessity for his return to Washington has had to postpone the meeting.

"I am to speak in Walton county on the 19th of May," said Colonel Livingston, "and shall arrange a date in DeKalb about the same time."

The friends of Hon. Robert Hodges, who is a candidate for solicitor general of the Macon judicial circuit, are doing active work in his behalf. Among the circulars issued in his behalf is one by Mayor Price and Aldermen Morgan, Moore, Pearson, Jordan, Happ, Royles, Willingham, Jones, Mansfield and McCrary. Another is signed by Judge Ross, Ordinary Wiley, Clerk Hubbet, Deputy Clerk Holt, Clerk of the City Court Smith, Sheriff Wescott, Deputy Sheriffs Manard and Herrington, Tax Receiver Anderson, Treasurer Massenburg, Tax Collector Jones, Coroner Hollis and Chief Smith, of the county commissioners. Still another is signed by the members of the county commission, Mr. Davis, as chairman, and Messrs. Amason, Henry, Jenkins and Nelson, commissioners.

On the heels of circulars referred to comes one signed by a member of the county officers who signed the indorsement of Bob Hodges. This time they write about Hope Polhill saying that they do not want to disparage the candidacy of the latter gentleman, who is after the same office, and express their confidence in Polhill's ability and capacity to fill the office, and say his election will be entirely satisfactory to the people of Bibb. "To make this announcement," they write in conclusion, "in order that Mr. Polhill may be placed upon the same footing of Mr. Hodges, so far as our indorsement of him is concerned." This letter is signed by Messrs. Wiley, Nisbet, Holt, Westcott, Anderson, Massenburg, Jones, Smith, Davis, Henry, Jenkins, Nelson, Willingham, Ryals, Moore, Happ, Jones, Mansfield, McCrary and Jordan.

Editor Gus Morrow sounds a keynote when he writes in The Jonesboro News:

"The people of every county in Georgia should express themselves on the senatorial question. The issue is clearly made between bimetallism and the single gold standard, and a vote on the question will unquestionably result in a victory for the former. It should be made impossible for any one to be selected to serve the people of Georgia in the senate who favors any legislation that would allow a continuance of such a ruinous financial policy as is now crippling the industries of the country."

The Albany Herald has it from a source which is entitled to more consideration than attaches to the predictions or claims of the ordinary local politician that, while the town of Thomasville is for Clevelandism and the single gold standard, the county of Thomas can probably be carried for free silver coinage if the proper effort is made. In other words, while Thomasville may be for the single gold standard, it does not necessarily follow that the county of Thomas is against free coinage.

The Augusta Chronicle expects too much in suggesting the possibility of consistency in the gold standard organs. The Chronicle calls attention to the fact that "in one breath they argue that the production of silver has so far surpassed the production of gold as to make the value of silver only one-half that of gold, and then in the very next they publish statistics to show the tremendous increase in the output of gold—an increase which they declare to be so great as to leave no further use for silver, and to supply enough gold for all monetary purposes."

Hon. R. D. Callaway, in his announcement of his candidacy for the legislature in Wilkes writes: "Recognizing the right of the voters of Wilkes county to know each candidate's position on all great political questions, and having been asked by a great many for an expression of my views on the financial question, I take this method of stating my position. I am for the free, unlimited and independent coinage of both gold and silver, and to give to silver all the rights it had prior to 1873."

Jones county names the senator from the twenty-first this year. Among those who seem to be most seriously considered are: Colonel Jim Van Buren, of Griswoldville, and Colonel Hamp Ridley and Colonel Jack Barron.

DOCTORS SAY AU REVOIR

The Great Medical Convention Has Adjourned.

MEETS NEXT IN PHILADELPHIA

Fiftieth Anniversary Will Be Celebrated Next June.

DR. SENN ELECTED PRESIDENT

Movement To Establish a National Department of Health.

A NEW CABINET OFFICER IS WANTED

Visitors Take Reluctant Leave of Atlanta and Pass a Resolution of Thanks for Nospitality.

The great medical convention has adjourned and most of the doctors who came from every state and territory of the union to Atlanta have set their faces homeward.

It was the forty-seventh annual meeting of the American Medical Association, which is the representative body of the profession in America, and one of the most distinguished associations of professional men in the world.

In the entire history of the association there has never been a more brilliant and successful convention, and the visiting doctors were practically unanimous in saying



DR. WILLIAM WARREN POTTER, of Buffalo.

that they have never been as royally entertained as they were in Atlanta.

The association was organized forty-nine years ago in Philadelphia. Two years no conventions were held on account of the civil war, and the semi-centennial celebration of the organization is to be held in Philadelphia on the first Tuesday in June of next year.

It will be the golden anniversary, and the doctors who will have the arrangement of the occasion in hand claim that they will make it a red letter occasion in the history of the medical profession.

As was predicted in yesterday's Constitution, Dr. Nicolas Senn, of Chicago, was elected president of the association in place of Dr. Beverly Cole, of California, whose term of office expired yesterday. The election was unanimous, and when the new president was escorted to the chair the doctors were aroused to considerable enthusiasm.

Dr. Senn's nomination was made through the nominating committee composed of one representative from each state in the union. The report of this committee was unanimous and the following officers were elected through its recommendation to serve with Dr. Senn:

First vice president, Dr. George M. Sternberg, of Washington, D. C.

Second vice president, Dr. Edmond Souchow, of Louisiana.

Third vice president, Dr. D. J. Thomas, of Pennsylvania.

Fourth vice president, Dr. W. F. Westmoreland, of Georgia.

Treasurer, H. P. Newman.

Assistant secretary, Dr. T. F. Sneidman, of Pennsylvania.

Librarian, Dr. George W. Webster, of Illinois.

Chairman of committee of arrangements, Dr. H. A. Hare, of Pennsylvania.

Trustee to fill vacancy, Dr. C. C. Savage, of Tennessee.

Trustees, Dr. E. E. Montgomery, Dr. J. M. Matthews, of Kentucky; Dr. A. L. Reed, of Ohio.

Judicial council, Drs. George W. Stoner, United States marine hospital service; C. W. Foster, of Maine; Dr. J. McF. Gaston, of Georgia; Dr. I. N. Snimby, of New Jersey; Dr. H. Brown, Dr. X. C. Scott, of Ohio.

When Senn Was Nominated.

When Dr. Senn was nominated there was a burst of applause and the other officers when named were applauded to a greater or less extent, according to their popularity. Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland came in for more than the usual amount of cheering.

On motion of Dr. Holton, of Vermont, a committee of two was appointed to escort the newly elected president to the chair. Drs. Holton and Quimby were assigned to the duty.

Dr. Holton presented Dr. Senn to the president in a thoroughly graceful way that quite caught the audience and stirred every one to applause. Dr. Cole, the retiring president, in turn made a speech in introducing the new president. He sair that he never knew a prouder moment than the time, on a similar occasion, when he himself occupied the position which Dr. Senn held today, for, he said, he felt the affection of a brother for the distinguished Illinois surgeon.

In response to this kindly greeting Dr. Senn said:

Dr. Senn's Graceful Acceptance.

"Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: It is the laudible ambition of every American citizen to become president of the United States. This opportunity only comes once in every four years, and it is impossible for all to accomplish their aspiration. But there is not a man who has the desire who is not a better citizen for



DR. NICHOLAS SENN.

Elected President of the American Medical Association Yesterday.

having it. So it is the ambition of every progressive physician who has the welfare of his noble profession at heart to make every legitimate effort to occupy the highest office in the gift of the greatest organization of his profession in the United States. That only a few of those who make that position the goal of their ambition succeed, only makes the ambition the more lofty.

"I have occupied a number of chairs, large and small, hard and soft. It is now my proud privilege to have been called to the presiding chair of the highest medical organization, not only of this country, but of the whole world.

"This association will celebrate next year its golden anniversary, and as it has been my privilege to be called to preside on that notable occasion, there are a few things which, in assuming this chair, I deem it my duty to mention.

"Like a Political Caucus."

"In the last few years I have become fully aware of that fact that even in the general sessions these proceedings resemble more those of a political caucus than of a scientific body. I hope that in this respect the next year will witness a much needed reform. This charge is made more true by ambitious men who take advantage of the floor of this association to advance their selfish interests.

"We have lost much valuable time, gentlemen, in attacking the most sacred code of ethics known to any profession, and for the preservation of which we all stand ready to pledge our lives and our sacred honor. Without this code of ethics this great body would degenerate into a medical anarchy, without law and without order.

"Let us all labor to preserve the inviolable standard of the ethics of our profession, without which the high standard of our profession would soon crumble into dust. The executive and political work of this organization should be done in the committee room, and not on this floor, where time is so valuable and so much needed. In this way the precious time of the general sessions can best be devoted to the highest interests of the association and to the advancement of American medicine.

"I thank you once more, from my heart, for the high honor which you have conferred on me, and pledge you my best efforts in the performance of the duties of this chair."

The following doctors were elected as the men to prepare the three special papers for the next annual meeting: Dr. W. W. Keen, of Pennsylvania, to deliver the address on surgery; Dr. Austin Flint, of New York, on the practice of medicine, and Jerome Cochran, of Alabama, the address on state medicine.

Their selection was unanimous by the convention on recommendation of the nominating committee.

New Section Officers.

The new officers of the several sections elected yesterday were as follows:

Opthalmology—Dr. George E. de Schweinitz, of Philadelphia, chairman, and Dr. Horace M. Starkey, of Chicago, secretary.

Materia Medica—Dr. W. B. Hill, of Milwaukee, chairman, and Dr. F. Woodberry, of Philadelphia, secretary.

Surgery—Dr. R. Sayre, of New York, chairman, and Dr. R. Holmes, of Chicago, secretary.

Obstetrics—Dr. M. B. Ward, of Topeka, chairman, and Dr. George H. Noble, of Atlanta, secretary.

Laryngology and Otology—Dr. W. E. Casselberry, of Chicago, chairman, and Dr. D. B. Kyle, of Philadelphia, secretary.

State Medicine—Dr. Elmer Lee, of Chicago, chairman, and Dr. L. F. Bishop, of Morristown, N. J., secretary.

Neurology and Medical Jurisprudence—Dr. W. J. Herdman, of Ann Arbor, chairman, and Dr. Charles Hughes, of St. Louis, secretary.

Dental and Oral Surgery—Dr. R. R. Andrews, chairman, and Dr. Eugene S. Talbot, secretary.

Treasurer H. P. Newman then presented his annual statement, which shows that the financial condition of the association is in splendid shape.

His introductory statement was as follows:

"In offering my second annual report as treasurer of the American Medical Association I feel that very little is required by way of prologue or of peroration.

"The figures I shall present are eloquent in their own behalf and testify most solidly that the credit and financial standing of this association are steadily and surely increasing, and as our chief source of revenue is in our membership subscriptions, they also evidence the fact that we are not only one of the most prosperous medical bodies in existence, but the largest and most progressive.

"Our annual reunions, with their helpful fellowships and encouragement for permanent co-operation, do much to promote this growth and success, but the foundation upon which our continued strength and stability most surely rest is the publication and circulation of our Journal.

"For the efficient manner in which he has managed this publication the thanks and the congratulations of the association are due the able editor, Dr. John B. Hamilton, and his co-adjutors, the trustees.

"At the Baltimore meeting, one year ago, I recommend in my report a change in the fiscal year, which has heretofore dated from one annual meeting to the next, to correspond with the regular calander year.

"This was unanimously approved by the association and by order of the trustees has been in effect during this past year.

"The good results are already apparent



DOCTORS TELL US GOOD-BYE.

and will be yet more evident when the slight confusion incident to the transition period is over.

"There have been about 850 new members added to the association since May, 1895, exclusive of those joining at the Baltimore meeting. It will also be observed that our actual paid membership has more than doubled during the past year and that the annual balance in the treasury has never been so large as today."

The balance in the treasury amounted to $9,075.94.

Dr. Rohe's Address on State Medicine.

Dr. George H. Rohe, of Baltimore, read the special paper at yesterday's session. It was devoted to "State Medicine," which treats of the hygienic laws of cities, drainage, sewerage, climatology, etc.

Dr. Rohe's address was an able one and was well received by the delegates. When he took his seat he received much applause and the secretary was ordered to have the address published for the benefit of the members.

Dr. Rohe is a member of the committee that has charge of the erection of the Rush monument. He reported the progress of the work in raising funds for the monument, which was very satisfactory to the convention.

A telegram was read from Dr. Albert L. Gibson, medical director in the United States navy, stating that the navy department had assigned a site for the Rush monument in the park facing the Naval Museum of Hygiene, in Washington. This announcement was received with applause. The thanks of the convention was, on motion, extended to the navy departmet.

Permanent Home for the Journal.

Dr. Garcelon, ex-governor of Maine, who on Thursday celebrated his eighty-third birthday and who is one of the most picturesque figures in the convention, made a short speech on the new building proposition for The Medical Journal. Dr. Garcelon always commands attention when he talks. He made a motion, which was carried, which entitles every member of the association to have a vote in selecting the place in which The Medical Journal shall be located. Heretofore it has not had a permanent home.

A National Department of Health.

Dr. Jerome Cochran, of Alabama, proposed a plan to push a bill, which has been prepared, through congress. It provides for the establishment of a department of public health which shall have equal standing with the war, navy, treasury and other departments of the government. The bill provides that there shall be a secretary of health in the cabinet of the president of the United States.

The plan received unanimous indorsement at the hands of the convention, and proper legislation will at once be introduced, and, if possible, enacted into law.

The scheme is based on the marine hos-



DR. W. L. LUCKIE, of Alabama.

pital plan, but is far more extended, and will be of equal scope with the other departments of the government.

A New Cabinet Officer.

The following bill has been prepared, which expresses the general idea of the doctors, but there are a number of changes which will be inculcated in it before it is finally adopted:

"Section 1. That there shall be established a department of public health. There shall be appointed by the president from the medical profession, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, a secretary of public health who shall be entrusted with the management of the department herein established. He shall be paid an annual salary of $8,000.

"There shall be appointed by the president, with the approval of the senate, an assistant secretary of public health, at an annual salary of $5,000.

"The secretary of public health shall, with the approval of the president, provide suitable offices for the department, and shall employ such assistants and clerks as may be necessary.

"Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the secretary of public health to obtain through all accessible sources, including state boards of health, municipal authorities and the surgeons general of the army, navy and marine hospital service of the United States, weekly reports of the sanitary condition of all ports and places within their territories and departments, and he shall publish weekly abstracts of the information thus obtained and other pertinent matters received by the department. The said department also shall, as far as possible, by means of the voluntary co-operation of the state and municipal authorities, of various general and special hospitals, sanitariums, public associations and private persons, procure and tabulate statistics of marriage, births (noting those that are illegitimate), and deaths from epidemic, endemic and all other diseases, specifying those of a degenerative character, such as malignant growths, and affections of the nervous, circulary, respiratory, secretory, digestive and reproductive organs, and from violence, accidents, suicide, murder, and data concerning the fruit of consanguinous marriages and the transmissibility of insane, alcoholic, syphilitic, nervous and malignant types of constitution to offspring and to evils of race miscegenation.

Particular Attention to Consumption.

"He shall also procure information relating to climatic and other conditions beneficial to health, and especially in reference to the most favorable regions in the United States for the cure or relief of chronic diseases, particularly tubecular consumption. He shall also procure information as to the prevalence and ruinous effects upon the body and mind of intemperance and prostitution. He shall endeavor to ascertain the extent, the origin and classification of insanity in the several states and territories of the country. He shall investigate the state and comfort of the laboring classes in respect to their lodgment, their trades, occupations, the healthfulness of their workshops and the contents of the atmosphere they habitually breathe, and the prevalence of premature degeneration of the nervous and muscular systems by the exactions of piece-work employment. He shall obtain information in regard to the soundness of their food and purity of water supply. He shall ascertain the ages at which the children of the poor are put to work and its hindrances to their physical development, and their lack of common school education. He shall seek through the state boards of health, information of the hygienic state of public



DR. JOHN V. SHOEMAKER,
A Member of the Board of Trustees of the Medical Association.

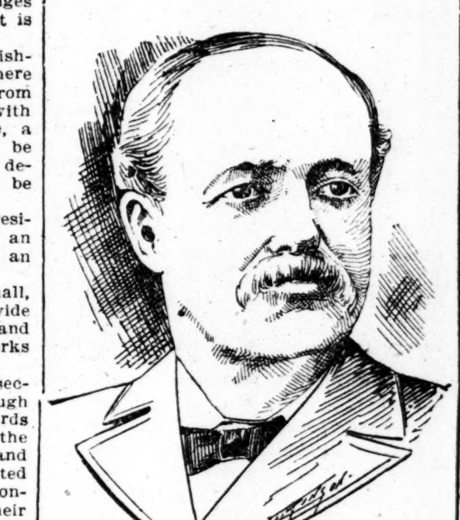
pollution of streams and navigable waters and public and private wells. He shall attempt, through the co-operation of the authorized medical schools in all the states, to promote the most extended and thorough training of students in order to fit them for the responsible duties that devolve upon practitioners of medicine.

To Improve the Quarantine Service.

"He shall, whenever an epidemic disease is spreading abroad, or in any country which by commercial or other relations may endanger the health of the inhabitants of the United States, have power to call a conference of the surgeons general of the army, navy and marine hospital service, and the executive officer, or officers of the various state boards of health throughout the country, to consider and advise with him in regard to the best methods to be pursued to protect the country against the invasion of any such epidemic disease, and the results of such conference shall be, by the secretary of public health, communicated to the president and his cabinet for such action as they may deem wise and expedient.

"Besides the reports of the state of the public health which he shall make from time to time, the secretary shall make an annual report to congress, with such recommendations as he may deem important to the public welfare, and the report, if ordered printed by congress, shall be done under the direction of the department. The necessary printing of the department shall be done at the government printing office upon the requisition of the secretary, in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as that of other printing for the several departments of the government.

Section 3. The president is authorized, when requested by the secretary of public health, and when the same can be done without prejudice to the public service, to detail officers from the several depart-



JOHN H. ROACH,
Member of the Board of Trustees of the American Medical Association.

school buildings respecting their illumination, ventilation and presence of noxious elements in the circumnambient air. He shall seek information in regard to the ments of the government for temporary duty, to act under the department of public health to carry out the provisions of this act, and such officers shall receive no additional compensation except for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of such duties. When a detail of such officers can be made, the secretary, approved by the president, may employ such experts, and for such time and in such manner as the funds at the disposal of the department may warrant.

"Section 4. That to defray the expenses in carrying out the provisions of this act, the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to be disbursed with the approval of the president, under the secretary of said department.

"This act shall take effect sixty days after its passage, within which time the secretary and assistant secretary may be appointed."

All Favor the Scheme.

This proposition aroused much comment, but it was all one way—in favor of the scheme.

A resolution was carried requesting congress to adopt the metric system of weights and measures as the legal system of the United States.

A motion was introduced and carried declining to send representatives of the American Medical Association to the great Moscow pan-medical convention unless the English language is recognized.

Thanks to Atlanta.

On motion of Dr. Quinby, of New Jersey, the thanks of the convention was extended to all of the citizens of Atlanta who had contributed to the entertainment and enjoyment of the delegates. This resolution was especially issued to the ladies of Atlanta, and the Southern railway was also made the subject for special thanks.

There were a number of short speeches of praise to Atlanta and to the Southern people in general for their hospitable treatment to the visitors, and then President Cole declared the session formally adjourned until the next annual gathering occurs in Philadelphia.

When the special train of the Southern, carrying away the guests of Dr. Drake, chief surgeon of the Southern railway, on the excursion to Lookout and the "Land of the Sky," left the city last night at 10 o'clock, the last contingent of the great Atlanta meeting of the American Medical Association left Atlanta.

Many of the delegates left the city on the noon trains, but the large majority staid on until the adjournment of the association, at half-past 12 o'clock. All during the afternoon the hotel corridors were crowded with doctors, with grips in hand, bidding goodby to their Atlanta friends, and hastening to the depot to catch the outgoing trains to the north, east, south and west.

It was the breaking up of the most distinguished body of men which ever assembled in Atlanta. They have dispersed to every quarter of the union, to carry home with them the story of the hospitality which they enjoyed beneath the fair southern skies of the capital city of the Empire State of the South. One and all had a good word to say of the beauty of the women and the kindliness of the men of the south, and it is safe to say that at no meeting of the American Medical Association has there been present so universally pleased a crowd, judging by their expression of satisfaction at the entertainment which they received.

The Saturday Night Club.

The Young Men's Saturday Night Club will hold its regular meeting tonight at the library and discuss the question: "Resolved, That the influence of Moses has been greater upon the human race than that of St. Paul." The debaters on the affirmative are Messrs. W. O. Wilson and Lowndes Calhoun; on the negative, Messrs. J. R. Nutting and Harvey Hatcher. Miss Minnie Quinn will favor the club with a humorous recitation.

George du Maurier

Probably not fifty people know that the drawing by Mr. du Maurier which has been the most widely circulated is the one that millions of people have seen and are still seeing every day without ever suspecting whose the drawing is, and it has been seen by millions of people who never even heard of Mr. du Maurier's name.

The drawing in question is the picture of the bubbling spring which decorates the label of every bottle of Apollinaris water, and the original design is in the possession of the Apollinaris Company, London.—"The Bookman."

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Stock of Clothing

We believe our new Spring Suits will be a revelation, as were our Overcoats, to swell, tip-top dressers. Every garment our own responsible make—just as careful as painstaking tailors can make them, and specially designed for this particular Whitehall street store. The same responsibility extends to their Fashionableness, Materials, Shapes, Turns, Twists and wit in Tailoring characteristic of the unusual business. Of course, you do not pay two profits. There is no middleman's toll. At least three to five dollars less on $15 and $20 Suits. Call and look the stock through. You'll buy intelligently elsewhere, if you don't buy here.
If we didn't make the goods we sell our prices would be as high as others. As it is, our make of Clothing is as good as Clothing can be made—and prices much lower. The fact is—we spend extra money to have everything better than you expect.
Here and there, somebody may say—"Oh, I don't mind the price." But what's the good paying $20 and $25 for what costs your friend $15 or $18?
Or, transfer your criticism to our Making to Measure with its beautiful and special fabrics—and attractive prices.
Very cautious Tailoring in Making to Measure—at below prices. At the same time, materials you'll not see elsewhere.

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THE TRADE AT SEA

The Bull Operator Did Not Support the Cotton Market Yesterday.

BUSINESS IS RESTRICTED

At a Loss as to What To Do on the Summer Positions and Dare Not Sell the Later.

The cotton trade is completely at sea regarding the bull manipulators, and on the letters sent out from New York two theories are advanced. One that the manipulators want to bring about a decline with a view of twisting prices higher than ever is advanced because the leading bull operator did not support the market yesterday. The other that the advance has already culminated, and that the bull manipulators are only seeking to secure their profits by gradually marketing their holdings is advanced for the same reason as the first. It is not stated whether or not the bull manipulators are securing their profits.

The market was left to itself yesterday. The leading bull did not give it support. The arrival market at Liverpool closed at the same figures as at the previous closing, but spots were shaded 1-32d, sales continuing on a liberal scale at 12,000 bales.

The New York market opened at from 2 to 4 points lower prices, rallied to slightly above Thursday's closing, declined and closed 3 to 4 points below the previous close.

Spots were quoted weak and 1-16c lower. Weather and crop conditions are of the same favorable character. The government report will be issued on Monday.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Atlanta—Steady; middling 7⅜c.
Liverpool—Easier; middling 4 7-16d.
New York—Weak; middling 8 5-16c.
New Orleans—Quiet; middling 7¾c.

The following is the statement of the receipts, shipments and stock in Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS 1896	RECEIPTS 1895	SHIPM'TS 1896	SHIPM'TS 1895	STOCKS 1896	STOCKS 1895
Saturday	219	21	......	......	5389	4443
Monday	171	164	......	......	5580	4597
Tuesday	135	84	......	......	5695	4631
Wednesday	45	19	......	......	5745	4650
Thursday	45	5	318	6	5465	4653
Friday	14	43	......	300	5479	4295
Total	627	289	318	306	......	......

McIntyre & Wardwell's Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to the Paine-Murphy Brokerage Company.

New York, May 8.—The early Liverpool cables were lower and prices receded. There was some realizing, which helped depress prices, but there was no pressure to sell. Prices opened 2 to 5 points lower, recovered this loss on buying for leading bull account, but later reacted and declined, closing 3 to 5 points lower for the day, with the tone easy. Liverpool recovered most of the loss before the close. Shorts here were nervous and helped to sustain prices. New Orleans declined 1 to 3 points. Liverpool declined 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales. Futures there declined ½ to 1½ points, but closed steady and unchanged to ½ point lower. One strong feature of the statistical position is the heavy decrease in interior stocks this week. They are expected to lose about 20,000 bales, and many think this is due to buying of spinners, as exporters are taking on their usual quantity. The bureau report giving the contemplated acreage will be issued on Monday. The quantity to come into sight this week is estimated at 45,000, against 53,000 last week, 38,000 last year, 33,000 in 1894 and 41,000 in 1893. The Liverpool sales for the week were 68,000, including 56,000 American, against 49,000 last week, of which 42,000 were American. The total stock there now is 1,113,000, including 950,000 American, against 1,142,000 last week, of which 972,000 were American and 1,600,000 last year, including 1,572,000 American. Spots here declined 1-16c, middling 8 5-16c. No sales here. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged. Augusta and Mobile were easy. New Orleans sold 1,500. Port receipts were 6,877, against 5,926 last week and 6,818 last year. Thus far this week 36,814, against 39,023 last week and 41,269 last year. New Orleans expects tomorrow 1,500 to 1,600, against 1,196 last week, 2,239 last year and 1,157 in 1894. Houston expects tomorrow 600 to 700, against 1,028 last year.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Today's Close.	Yesterday's Close.
May	8.09	8.11	8.05	8.07-08	8.11-12
June	8.09	8.11	8.08	8.08-09	8.12
July	8.06	8.11	8.05	8.06-07	8.09-10
August	8.07	8.14	8.06	8.08-09	8.11
September	7.56	7.61	7.54	7.54-55	7.58-60
October	7.36	7.41	7.35	7.34-35	7.38-39
November	7.23	7.29	7.23	7.22-23	7.25-28
December	7.23	7.27	7.21	7.21-22	7.25-26
January	7.26	7.30	7.24	7.24-25	7.28-29
February	7.29	7.31	7.29	7.28-29	7.32-34
March	7.34	7.34	7.33	7.32-34	7.35-38

Closed easy; sales 108,600 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1896	RECEIPTS 1895	EXPORTS 1896	EXPORTS 1895	STOCKS 1896	STOCKS 1895
Saturday	5166	6551	14185	6147	411960	644109
Monday	7426	8863	12209	11999	407275	636996
Tuesday	7265	11382	4920	18949	402876	634230
Wednesday	5563	4199	6328	5534	402244	630896
Thursday	4517	4103	3771	9355	399108	625474
Friday	6877	7171	4872	4760	397785	625137
Total	36814	41269	49285	55844	......	......

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	6.99	July	7.72
February	......	August	7.63
March	......	September	7.17
April	......	October	6.99
May	7.72	November	6.95
June	7.72	December	6.97

Closed quiet and steady; sales 14,500 bales.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, May 8.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts at United States ports..	36,814
Same time last year....	41,269
Showing a decrease of..	4,455
Total receipts to date..	5,004,069
Same time last year..	7,722,302
Showing a decrease of..	2,718,233
Export for the week..	49,285
Same time last year	55,824
Showing a decrease of	6,539
Total exports to date....	4,135,270
Same time last year..	6,169,806
Showing a decrease of..	2,034,536
Stock at United States ports..	397,785
Same time last year..	625,137
Showing a decrease of..	227,352
Stock at interior towns..	73,547
Same time last year..	48,947
Showing an increase of..	24,600
Stock at Liverpool..	1,112,000
Same time last year..	1,680,000
Showing a decrease of..	568,000
American afloat for Great Britain..	95,000
Same time last year..	110,000
Showing a decrease of..	15,000

Total Receipts at United States Ports.

New York, May 8.—The following are the total net receipts at all United States ports since September 1, 1895:

Galveston....	913,460
New Orleans....	1,691,647
Mobile....	203,871
Savannah..	732,300
Charleston....	275,500
Wilmington....	169,398
Norfolk..	322,893
Baltimore..	40,794
New York....	95,424
Boston..	142,732
Newport News..	14,731
Philadelphia..	40,912
West Point..	141,943
Brunswick....	74,340
Port Royal..	73,672
Pensacola..	16,433
Texas City....	54,019
Total....	5,004,069

Hubbard Bros & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, May 8.—There is little change to note in the conditions surrounding the markets, and it is difficult to describe a market limited in its movements by factors acting differently upon the new and the old would... The summer positions are regarded ...ing the best opportunities for a loss, that made ...allest bases for a profit in at... solution of the bull movement. Nevertheless, ... other hand the relatively ...hich the new crop is selling, ... prices deters those who look upon the prospects of next season's crop as excellent. Business is, therefore, restricted, as few wish to buy in the face of poor trade and good crop accounts, while none dare to sell in the face of the bull movement. As a result of the advance a larger amount of cotton is appearing in the south, while undoubtedly cotton is being held in anticipation of higher prices before the new crop moves to market. The market has been a narrow one during the afternoon, with few sellers for the near, and few buyers for the distant positions. The movement of the crop will show in excess of last season, but is not considered a factor at the moment. Liverpool straddle operators bought the market at the close and the re-selling abroad in the morning will affect that market adversely.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, May 8.—(Special.)—Today's market resembled that of yesterday except that the fluctuations were narrower and around a somewhat lower level. August opened at 8.07, rallied to 8.14 and closed at 8.08 bid, with the tone easy. The two conflicting theories that now prevail are, first, that the advance has already culminated and that the bull manipulators are only seeking to secure their profits by gradually marketing their holdings, and second, that the manipulators want to bring about a decline with a view of twisting prices higher than ever. One thing is certain—the leading bull operator is not now supporting the market and seems to regard the disposition to sell with perfect complacency.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, May 8.—Cotton declined 2 to 5 points, recovered the loss, but reacted and closed 3 to 6 points lower with the tone easy. The sales were 108,300 bales.

Today's features: The Liverpool news was disappointing again today and prices here weakened in sympathy. There was some long liquidation induced by the decline in Liverpool, and the receipts at the ports and interior towns were liberal. The loss was subsequently recovered but later prices weakened again. The prominent bull gave the market little if any support. The decline, however, was not great, and some contend that it was only a natural reaction after the sharp advance of late. One sustaining influence was the expected decrease in the interior stocks of about 20,000 bales. Some believe that this large decrease is due to buying by spinners, as exporters have not been unusually active buyers this week. The crop advices continue favorable. The spot markets were less active and in some cases easier in tone. Some May notices were circulated today. The government report giving the contemplated acreage, will be issued on Monday.

New Orleans Cotton Exchange Statement.

New Orleans, May 8.—Crop statement from September 1st to May 8th, inclusive: Port receipts, 5,636,003 bales, against 7,780,165 last year, 5,715,686 year before last and 4,771,-384 for the same time in 1893. Overland to mills and Canada, 766,244, against 1,021,621, 801,699 and 829,712. Interior stocks in excess of September 1st, 170,813, against 89,282, 78,192 and 117,735. Southern mill takings, net, 745,118, against 689,959, 601,263 and 580,337. Brought into sight during eight months and eight days to date, 6,718,176, against 9,580,027, 7,196,840 and 6,299,168. Brought into sight for week, 42,752, against 40,567 for seven days ended May 8th, last year; 22,393, and 24,401. Brought into sight first eight days of May, 50,433, against 42,373, 30,439 and 26,626 for the same time in 1893.

The comparisons in these reports are made up to corresponding date last year, year before last and in 1893, and not to close of corresponding week.

Cotton Gossip.

By Private Wire to the Paine-Murphy Brokerage Company.

New York, May 8.—New York stocks are steadily decreasing. They are the smallest in fourteen years, with exception of 1890. Figures today are 126,000. Bullish fever appears to have struck, and is considered by many to be beyond control and possible to reach figures not dreamed of by extreme bulls, including Inman himself. It is thought the bureau will show an increase and not over 12 per cent on Monday.

Talk is that general trade is better, especially dry goods. Manchester is said to be making a better showing.

Very tame opening. It is believed Inman will come in before long with supporting orders.

New Orleans says: "Telegram received from New York says contemplated acreage of cotton will be issued by the bureau on Monday at 12 o'clock.

"A prominent New York house says Mr. Inman is absent, and thinks he has too much company on the bull side."

Paris, Tex., wires: "No indications of rain, and situation getting serious."

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, May 8.—There has been but an indifferent attendance of buyers in the dry goods market today, and spot business has generally ruled quiet in all departments of both cotton and woolen goods. The staple cotton goods market in brown and course colored cottons and in low grades bleached is feeling the effect of higher cotton and stronger print cloths and sellers are growing more reserved and occasionally quote higher prices. Stocks in the first named are in very fair shape in first hands, the purchases of exporters and converters and the curtailment of production helping toward the reduction of these. The woolen goods departments have disclosed no new feature today, business being quiet and prices unaltered.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, May 8—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot demand fair with prices easier; middling uplands 4 7-16; sales 12,000 bales; American 10,700; speculation and export 500; receipts 15,000; American 14,100; uplands low middling clause May and June delivery 4 21-64, 4 20-64; June and July delivery 4 19-64, 4 18-64; July and August delivery 4 17-64, 4 16-64; August and September delivery 4 13-64, 4 14-64; September and October delivery 4 7-64; October and November delivery —; November and December delivery —; December and January delivery 3 62-64; January and February delivery 3 63-64; futures opened steady with demand moderate.

Weekly—Sales 68,000; American 56,000; trade trakings, including direct from shipside, 63,000; actual export 6,000; import 39,000; American 36,000; stock 1,112,000; American 950,000; afloat 106,000; American 95,000.

Liverpool, May 8—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause May delivery 4 21-64, 4 22-64; May and June delivery 4 20-64, 4 21-64; June and July delivery 4 18-64, 4 19-64; July and August delivery 4 17-64, buyers; August and September delivery 4 14-64, buyers; September and October delivery 4 7-64, buyers; October and November delivery 4 1-64, buyers; November and December delivery 3 62-64, buyers; December and January delivery 3 62-64, buyers; January and February delivery 3 62-64, 3 63-64; futures closed steady.

New York, May 8—Cotton weak; sales none bales; middling uplands 8 5-16; middling gulf 8 11-16; net receipts none bales; gross 1,336; stock 135,491.

Weekly—Net receipts 579; gross 7,527; exports to Great Britain 4,823; to France 67; to continent 1,569; forwarded 1,869; sales 5,444; to spinners 927.

Galveston, May 8—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 1,175 bales; gross 1,175; sales 123; stock 30,274.

Weekly — Net receipts 6,487; gross 6,487; sales 2,296; to spinners 135; exports to Great Britain 6,613; coastwise 1,683.

Norfolk, May 8—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; net receipts 1,290 bales; gross 1,290; sales 43; stock 18,176; exports coastwise 1,772.

Weekly — Net receipts 4 679; gross 4,679; sales 2,327; exports coastwise 5,156.

Baltimore, May 8—Cotton nominal; middling 8⅜; net receipts 98 bales; gross 573; sales none; stock 12,575.

Weekly—Net receipts 98; gross 4 660; exports to Great Britain 1,030; to continent 1,300.

Boston, May 8—Cotton dull; middling 8⅜; net receipts 434 bales; gross 575; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 556.

Weekly — Net receipts 2,787; gross 7,111; sales none; exports to Great Britain 1,149.

Wilmington, May 8—Cotton firm; middling 7¾; net receipts 853 bales; gross 853; sales none; stock 6,063.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,472; gross 1,473; sales none; exports coastwise 150.

Philadelphia May 8—Cotton firm; middling 8 9-16; net receipts 16 bales; gross 16; sales none; stock 7,696; exports to Great Britain 22; to continent 100.

Weekly—Net receipts 487; gross 487; sales none; exports to Great Britain 22; to continent 100.

Savannah, May 8—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; net receipts 1,161 bales; gross 1,167; sales none; stock 28,109; exports coastwise 956.

Weekly— Net receipts 6,569; gross 6,575; sales 1,150; to spinners —; exports to continent 4,747; coastwise 4,590.

New Orleans, May 8—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; net receipts 1,576 bales; gross 1,539; sales 1,500; stock 132,017; exports to France 430; coastwise 2,140.

Weekly—Net receipts 11,784; gross 13,325; sales 17,200; exports to Great Britain 8,670; to France 9,108; to continent 5,164; coastwise 6,491; sales to spinners —.

Mobile, May 8—Cotton easy; middling 7⅝; net receipts 64 bales; gross 64; sales 100; stock 8,534; exports coastwise 150.

Weekly—Net receipts 412; gross 412; sales 1,000; exports coastwise 750.

Memphis, May 8—Cotton steady; middling 7 9-19; net receipts 197 bales; shipments 427; sales 1,325; stock 49,030.

Weekly — Net receipts 973; shipments 7,133; sales 6,400.

Augusta, May 8—Cotton easy; middling 8; net receipts 156 bales; shipments 28; sales 73; stock 12,813.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,778; shipments 2,622; sales 2,221.

Charleston, May 8—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7⅝; net receipts 108 bales; gross 108; sales none; stock 17,202; exports coastwise 350.

Weekly—Net receipts 442; gross 442; sales 80; to spinners —; exports coastwise 665.

Houston, May 8—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 667 bales; shipments 501; sales 160; stock 20,926.

Weekly — Net receipts 5,997; shipments 6,787; sales 5,200.

Montgomery, May 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 172 bales; shipments 627; sales 627; stock of 1896, 3,314; 1895, 3,073.

Macon, May 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 69 bales; shipments 818; sales —; stock of 1896, 3,086; 1895, 1,259.

Columbus, May 8 — Cotton, net receipts of the week 111 bales; shipments 685; sales 533; to spinners —; stock of 1896, 5,109; 1895, 5,568.

Nashville, May 8 — Cotton, net receipts of the week 161 bales; shipments 130; sales —; to spinners 130; stock of 1896, 195; 1895, 438.

Rome, May 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 813 bales; shipments 404; stock 1,601.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chinch Bugs Less Active and Wheat Closed a Fraction Lower.

Chicago, May 8.—Chinch bugs were less active, at least as a bull factor, in wheat today. Whilst the opening was firm, and the sentiment for a few moments such as might favor a continuation fo yesterday's boom in prices, yet before the day was over the pulse of the market became less feverish, and values lost much of what was gained yesterday. July wheat opened from 64¼@64½c, declined to 63⅝c, closing at 63¼—¾c under yesterday.

Corn, finding no help in the wheat market, was perforce obliged to decline. A portion of yesterday's advance was relinquished, and traders who covered yesterday reinstated many of their deals, the performance of the act imparting weakness to the tone. Outside news was scarce, and outside business scarcer. July corn opened at 30⅜c, sold between 30½ and 29⅝, closing at 29¾c—⅛@⅝c under yesterday. Cash corn was fairly steady at a decline of ¼c per bushel.

Oats lost a portion of yesterday's enhancement through weakness derived from the other markets. The hot weather was not conducive to exertion, and traders were disinclined to do much business, more so because the outside exhibited no interest or concern in the market. July oats closed ⅝c under yesterday. Cash oats were ¼c lower, closing easy.

Provisions—No encouragement was to be obtained from the hog market today. A decline of 5@10c was reported at the yards, and in the face of that intelligence, product made no attempt to advance. The influence of wheat and other grains was likewise of a derogatory character. At the close July pork was 17½c under yesterday, July lard 5@7½c lower and July ribs 7½c lower.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
May	62	63⅛	62¼	62¼
July	64½	64½	63⅝	63¾
September	65⅜	65⅜	63⅞	64
CORN—				
May	29⅛	29¼	28⅝	28⅝
June	29⅜	29⅜	29	29
July	29⅞	30⅛	29⅝	29¾
September	31⅛	31⅛	30⅞	31
OATS—				
May	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¼
July	20	20	19½	19½
September	20½	20½	19⅞	19⅞
PORK—				
May	7 70	7 70	7 70	7 70
July	7 95	7 95	7 75	7 80
September	8 12½	8 12½	7 97½	8 00
LARD—				
May	4 70	4 70	4 70	4 70
July	4 80	4 80	4 77½	4 77½
September	4 95	4 95	4 92½	4 92½
SIDES—				
May	4 05	4 05	4 05	4 05
July	4 20	4 22½	4 15	4 17½
September	4 35	4 35	4 30	4 32½

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to the Paine-Murphy Brokerage Company.

Chicago, May 8.—The action of the wheat market today was not encouraging to investors or parties who have been buying the past week looking for a May bulge such as we had last year. The numerous reports from the southwest and southern Illinois of the damage by hot winds and bugs, drought in some sections and the usual amount of rain up in the northwest were all on hand to assist the bulls and scare the shorts. This caused a strong opening, which proved to be the highest point of the day. Some large lines that had been recently acquired were thrown on the market, which more than offset all the bad reports that were circulated in the day. The cash demand was very poor, and there was nothing doing at the seaboard for export. During the past three days New York has received about 600,000 bushels of western wheat, and should soon be in a position to clear a large amount on the May and June orders that were reported early in the spring. The general business and financial condition is not encouraging. There is a feeling of distrust which tends to depress prices. The feature toward the close was selling by professionals, some of whom have made a great deal of money on the short side, and look for materially lower prices. This caused a very weak close.

Coarse grains have sympathized with wheat, and lost the gain recorded yesterday. The weather is all that could be desired for corn, and traders took advantage of the opportunity, and sold quite freely from the start.

Provisions suffered further weakness on almost a total lack of support and continued large receipts of hogs.

Grain Notes.

Chicago, May 8.—The Illinois state report, to be issued Saturday will show winter wheat condition of 91.

There has been a lot of corn sold by Schwarz-Dupree, Carrington, Hannah, Logan, Counselman and others. There is a poor demand. The market is said to be out of line with the seaboard. There was large buying of corn by Brousseau—over 500,000 bushels.

Kansas crop advices are very conflicting. Reports from about the same localities come in good, bad and indifferent. Primary market receipts: Wheat, 247,000 bushels against 192,000 last year; shipments 852,000 against 583,000. Corn receipts, 227,000 against 164,000; shipments 312,00 against 193,000.

Clearances of wheat and flour aqual 228,-000 bushels of wheat. Corn 267,000.

New York received 279,000 wheat, making over 600,000 in three days, so that it will soon have a stock to clear.

There has been a lot of wheat sold today by people who led in the buying yesterday—Patten, Brosseau and Cudahy. There has not been much outside trade. Selling has been encouraged by lack of cash demand here and on the seaboard wheat has yielded on very large selling by Patten, through brokers—possibly 500,000 bushels. It is supposed to be long wheat. Cudahy, Brosseau, Bartlett, Frazier and others have sold freely. Offerings were all absorbed. Wheat looks stronger. There are some bad crop reports from the southwest. The St. Paul Pioneer Press contains a very bullish article on spring wheat.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., May 9, 1896.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, May 8 — Flour first patent $5.00; second patent $4 30; straight $4 00; fancy $3.90 extra family $3 60. Corn, white 42c; mixed 41c. Oats, white 33c; mixed 31c. Rye, Georgia, 75c. Barley, Georgia raised, 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.10; small bales, $1.05; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 95c. Meal, plain, 43c; bolted, 41c. Wheat bran, large sacks 65c; small sacks 67c. Shorts, 75c. Stock meal, $1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. ₩ 100 lbs.; hulls $6.00 ₩ ton. Peas, 60c. ₩ bu. Grits, $2.30.

New York, May 8—Southern flour quiet, unchanged; good to choice $3.00@3.30; common to fair extra $2.40 @3.00. Wheat, spot dull and easier; No. 2 red winter in store and elevator —; afloat —; options more active, closing weak at ¼@¾c decline; No. 2 red May 69⅜; June 69½; July 69⅜. Corn, spot dull but steady and ¼c lower; No. 2 in elevator 35½; afloat 36⅝; options dull and weak at ¼@¾c decline; May 35⅜; July 36. Oats, spot dull but steady; options dull and easier; May 24¼; No. 2 spot 24¾; No. 2 white 26; mixed western 25@26.

St. Louis, May 8—Flour firm; patents $3.65@3.75; fancy $2.75@2.85; choice $2.50@2.60. Wheat lower; May 58¼; July 60¼. Corn lower; May 26 asked; July 26¾. Oats lower; No. 2 May 17¾; July 18¼ bid.

Cincinnati, May 8—Flour quiet; winter patents $3.70 @3.90; fancy $3.10@3.30; spring patents $3.60@ 3.90. Wheat quiet and steady; No. 2 red 67@63. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 31¼; No. 2 white 32. Oats quiet and steady; No. 2 mixed 21½.

Chicago May 6—Flour quiet and steady; No. 2 spring wheat 62¼@63½; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 66½@ 67½. No. 2 corn 28¾@29¼. No. 2 oats 18½.

Provisions.

Atlanta, May 8—Clear rib sides boxed 5½c; clear sides 4⅞c; ice-cured bellies 7¼c. Sugar-cured hams 10@12c; California 7¾c. Breakfast bacon 8@10c. Lard, best quality, 6c; second quality 5¾c; compound 5c.

St. Louis, May 8 — Pork, standard mess $9.95. Lard, prime steam, 4.55. Dry salt meats, shoulders 4.25; long clear 4.12½; clear ribs 4.37½; short clear 4.37½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.75; long clear 4.75; clear ribs 4.87½; short clear 4.87½.

New York, May 8—Pork quiet and steady; old mess $9.00@9.50. Middles nominal; short clear —. Lard quiet and lower; western steam 5.00; city steam 4.40; options, May 5.00.

Chicago, May 8—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $7.75@7.87½. Lard 4.72½@4.75. Short ribs, loose 4.10@4.20. Dry salt shoulders, boxed 4.50@4.62½; short clear sides, boxed, 4.25@4.37½.

Cincinnati May 8— Pork quiet and steady; mess $8.85. Lard quiet; steam leaf 5.15; kettle 5.15. Bacon quiet; shoulders 4.75; short rib 4.75; short clear sides 5.00.

PRESSURE TO SELL

Gold Shipments and the Indictment of Tobacco Managers the Influences.

$1,500,000 TO BE SHIPPED

Stocks Rallied in the Late Afternoon and Closed Firm—Wheat Left Off a Shade Lower.

New York, May 8.—There was considerable pressure to sell sugar, Tobacco and St. Paul at the opening of business at the stock exchange, and over 12,000 shares of these stocks changed hands right at the start. Tobacco was the special feature, being from 65½ to 62⅝, the indictment of the managers having led to selling for both accounts. Gold engagements to the extent of $1,500,000 also had an adverse influence and London houses and local operators sold fairly large amounts of the leading issues. The foreigners, according to authorities sold nearly 10,000 shares. The loss in prices ranged from ½ to ⅞ per cent, the Industrials, Mobile and Ohio, the Internationals and the Grangers scoring the greatest declines. The railroads were sold on stories of crop damage in the west and southwest. In the afternoon trading when it was found that but little long stock was coming out, the shorts endeavored to cover and prices advanced all along the line. Reports that the leading republican candidate for the presidency will come out for sound money had a good effect on the market in the late afternoon trading. The rally in prices ranged from ½ to 2⅛ per cent, Tobacco leading with sales up to 64¾ @64⅛. In the specialties Louisville, New Albany and Chicago was in demand and on increased dealings rose to 10. In the closing dealings the market was firm in tone Net changes show gains of ⅛@2 per cent. Rubber preferred, however, lost ¾ per cent and Tobacco 1⅜.

Total sales were 166,834 shares, including 35,400 Sugar, 25,500 Tobacco, 12,700 St. Paul and 4,900 Leather preferred.

Railroad bonds were easier. Trading was light, only $960,000 changing hands.

Treasury malances: Coin, $120,727,683; currency, $89,164,350.

Money on call firm at 2½@4; last loan at 3, closing offered at 3; prime mercantile paper 5@5½.

Bar silver 67⅞c.

Sterling exchange steady to firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ @$4.88 for 60 days and $4.88¾@$4.89 for demand; posted rates $4,88½@$4.89½; commercial bills $4.86¾@$4.87½.

Government bonds easier.

State bonds firmer.

Railroad bonds steady.

Silver at the board was quiet.

London, May 8.—Bar silver 31d. Consols 111⅝ for money and 111 11-16 for the account. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 102 francs for the account.

The following are closing bids:

Am'n Cotton Oil	13⅛	Mobile & Ohio	19
do. pref.	58	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	68
Am'n Sugar Refin'g	123⅛	U. S. Cordage	5
do. pref.	103⅛	do. pref.	9⅞
Am'n Tobacco	63⅞	N. J. Central	105½
do. pref.	97	N. Y. Central	97¼
Atch., T. & Santa Fe.	14⅛	N. Y. & N. E.	†50
Balt. & Ohio	17	Norfolk & Western	4
Canada Pac	59	Northern Pac	1⅛
Ches. & Ohio	16⅞	do. pref.	12⅝
Chic. & Alton	157½	Northwestern	104⅝
C., B. & Q.	79⅝	do. pref.	143
Chicago Gas	69	Pacific Mail	26¾
Del., Lack. & W	161	Reading	12⅛
Dis. & Cat. Feed	18⅛	Rock Island	70¼
Erie	14¼	St. Paul	77⅜
do. pref.	37⅛	do. pref.	127¼
Ed. Gen. Electric	31¼	Silver Certificates	67⅞
Ills. Central	96	T. C. I.	28½
Lake Erie & West	17¼	do. pref.	100
do. pref.	70½	Texas Pacific	8⅛
Lake Shore	149¾	Union Pacific	7⅞
Louis. & Nash	50½	Wabash, St. L. & P.	6⅛
Louis., N. A. & Chic.	9⅛	do. pref.	17⅛
Manhattan Consol	107¼	Western Union	85¼
Memphis & Char	15	Wheeling & L. Erie	9¾
Mich. Central	95	do. pref.	35½
Missouri Pacific	25⅝		
Bonds—			
Alabama, Class A	106	Va. funded debt	61¼
do., Class B	106	U. S. 4s, registered	108⅞
do., Class C	100	do. coupon	110
Louisiana stamped	97	do. 2s	94½
N. C. 4s	104	Southern Railway 5s	92¾
N. C. 6s	125	do. common	9¼
Tenn. new set'm't 3s	85	do. preferred	30⅜
Virginia 6s, deferred	5	S. C. 4½s	106
do. Trust rec'ts, S.	6		

*Ex-dividend. †Asked ‡Ex-interest.

Early Morning Gossip.

By Private Wire to the Paine-Murphy Brokerage Company.

New York, May 8.—Early selling was inspired chiefly by London, which seems to be scared in regard to McKinley. Cables refer to this point frequently and seem to think that the tendency is against a gold standard. The selling has disclosed supporting orders in several stocks, including Chicago Gas, St. Paul and Sugar. The decline in American Tobacco brought covering on a considerable scale.

Van Hoffman & Co. will not ship gold tomorrow, as they expected. Lazard Freres will ship $100,000 tomorrow.

The quick decline in Missouri Pacific yesterday was due to a stop-order at 26. Traders bought some stock around 25½ for a rally, but were disappointed that no inside buying followed. On the contrary, there appeared to be orders to sell for account, supposed to represent inside views, if not inside transactions. There were said to be unfavorable crop reports from Kansas, particularly referring to damage to wheat in the central part of the state.

The recent weakness in Distilling and Cattle Feeding brought a rumor that the issue of the new securities would be further delayed. We understand that there has been no change of programme, and that the new securities will come out near the first of June. The exact date depends on just how rapidly it is found practicable to sign the new certificates. Insiders say the present stock is worth 24 upon the smaller valuation that is put on the new securities. Distilling and Cattle Feeding people believe th ecourt will approve the report of the master in the rebate voucher case.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, May 8.—New York News Bureau—The stock market opened heavy and slightly lower for the railroad list, under the influence of political misgivings and distrust, the continued reports of crop damage in the west and the announcement of gold exports.

A drive was made at Industrials on account of the indictment of American Tobacco directors and the stock fell nearly 3 per cent, but later recovered about half of the loss. Sugar declined over 1 per cent, but in the afternoon it advanced above last night's close. Rubber rallied 1½ per cent and Leather preferred advanced over 1 per cent.

The declines in the railway group were not pronounced. A late recovery left prices generally higher. The absence of liquidation led some of the bears to cover shorts, and a rumor was circulated that the leading republican candidate for the presidential nomination would in a few days make a public statement in favor of sound money.

The market closed firm at about the best figures.

DESCRIPTION.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Delaware & Lack	161½	161½	161	161	161¼
Northwestern	104¼	104⅞	104¼	104⅞	104¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	28	28⅝	27¾	28½	28⅜
Southern Railway	......	......	......	9¼	9¼
New York & N. E.	......	......	......	50	50
Lake Shore	149⅝	149¾	149½	149¾	149⅝
Western Union	84⅛	85⅝	85⅛	85½	86
*Missouri Pacific	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	25¼
Union Pacific	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	7¾
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	18	18¼	17⅞	18⅛	18
Atchison	14¾	14⅞	14⅛	14⅞	14⅞
Reading	11⅝	12⅛	11⅝	12⅛	11½
Louisville & Nash	49¾	50⅛	49¾	50⅛	50
North. Pacific pref.	12⅛	12⅝	12⅛	12⅜	12¼
St. Paul	76⅞	77½	76⅞	77⅜	77⅛
Rock Island	69⅞	70⅛	69⅝	70⅛	70
Chicago Gas	69	69⅛	68⅝	69	68⅞
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	79	79⅝	78⅞	79⅝	79⅛
Am'n Sugar Refinery	122⅛	123⅜	121¾	123⅛	123
Erie	......	......	......	14½	14
Am'n Cotton Oil	......	......	......	13½	13⅝
General Electric	34⅛	34⅝	33⅞	34¼	34⅛

Naval Stores.

Savannah, May 8—Turpentine opened firm at 24¾ for regulars with sales of 930 casks and closed at 24½; sales 400; receipts 1 895. Rosin firm; sales 3,000 bbls; receipts 3,968; A, B and C $1.50; D $1.50; E $1.50; F $1.50; G $1.55; H $1.60; I $1.65; K $1.70; M $1.80; N $1.85; windowglass $2.00; waterwhite $2.10.

Wilmington, May 8—Rosin steady; strained $1.40; good strained $1.45; spirits turpentine, nothing doing; machine —; irregulars —; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.30; soft $1.70; virgin $1.90.

Charleston, May 8 — Turpentine nominal at 26. Rosin firm; good strained $1.10@1 25.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years	101½		Augusta 7s, L.D.	113	
Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years	101½		Macon 6s	115	116½
Ga. 4½s, 1915	114	115½	Columbus 5s	103	
Ga. 7s, 1896	100		Rome graded	101½	
Savannah 5s	109	110	Waterworks 6s	105	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	116		Rome 5s	100	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	115		South Car. 4½s	105	
Atlanta 7s, 1899	107		Newnan 6s L. D.	100	103
Atlanta 6s, L. D.	114		Chattanooga 5s, 1921	100	
Atlanta 6s, S. D.	100		Col. S.C., graded 3s & 4s, 1910	74	
Atlanta 5s, L. D.	108		Ala. Class A	105	
Atlanta 4½s	102				
RAILROAD BONDS.					
Georgia 6s, 1897	101		C., C. & A. 1st, 5s 1909	104	106
Georgia 6s, 1910	109		Atlanta & Char. 1st 7s, 1907	115	
Georgia 6s, 1922	111		do. income 6s, 1900	100	
Ga. Pac. 1st	113	115			
S. A. & M c't'fs	70	72			
RAILROAD STOCKS.					
Georgia	170	175	Aug. & Sav.	93	
Southwestern	90	92	A. & W. P.	100	103
Central			do. deben	100	102
Cent. deben					

Atlanta Clearing House Statement.

Darwin G. Jones, Manager.

Clearings today.................. $ 166,091.43
Clearings for 6 days.................. 1,003,199.16

Groceries.

Atlanta, May 8 — Roasted coffee 22.10 ₩ 100 lb. cases less 2c lb rebate. Green coffee, choice 19½; fair 17½c; prime 16½. Sugar, standard granulated 5.70c; New Orleans white, 5⅛c; do. yellow 5⅛c. Syrup, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed, 12½@20c; sugarhouse, 20@35c. Teas, black, 30@65c; green, 20@ 50c. Rice, head, 6c; choice, 5½c. Salt, dairy, sacks, $1.35; do. bbls., $2.25; ice cream, 90c; common, 70c. Cheese full cream, 11@11½c. Matches 65s, 50c 200s, $1.30@$1.75; 300s, $2.75. Soda boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 5½c; cream, 7c; ginger snaps, 8½. Candy common stick, 6¼c; fancy 12¾@13½. Oysters, F. W. $1.75; L. W., $1.25. Powder, rifle, $3.00. Shot $1.30.

New York, May 8 —Coffee, options closed quiet and unchanged to 10 points down; May 13.00; July 12.45; September —; December —; spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7 14. Sugar, raw quiet and steady; fair refining 3⅜; refined quiet and unchanged; off A 4⅞@5 1-16; standard A 5⅜; cut loaf and crushed 6; powdered 5½; granulated 5⅜; cubes 4 3 16. Molasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans moderately active and firm; open kettle, good to choice 27@37. Rice in moderate demand and steady; domestic fair to extra 3@5¾; Japan 4@4½.

Live Stock.

Chicago, May 8—Cattle easy and 5@10c lower; receipts 7,500; common to extra steers $3.50@4.50; stockers and feeders $2.90@4.00; cows and bulls $1.50 @3.25; Texans $2.40@4.10; western rangers —. Hogs easy and 5@10c lower; receipts 28,000; heavy packing and shipping lots $3.25@3.45; common to choice mixed $3.25@3.55; choice assorted $3.55@3.65; light $3.35@3.65; pigs $2.75@3.60. Sheep weak; receipts 8,000; inferior to choice $2.50@3.75; lambs $3.25@ 4.80.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, May 8 — Apples $5.00@5.50 ₩ bbl. Lemons, Messina $3.75@4.00. Oranges, California $3.25@3.75. Cocoanuts, 3½c. Pineapples, crates of 12 doz., $2.00@2.50; 4 doz., $4.00@4.50. Bananas, straights, $1.25@1 50; culls 75c@$1.00. Figs 11@ 11½c. Raisins new California $1.10@125; ¼ boxes 50@60c. Currants, 6½@7c. Leghorn citron, 13c. Nuts, almonds, 13c; pecans, 7½@8c. Brazil, 7½@8c, filberts, 11½c; walnuts, 10@11c; mixed nuts, 8@10c Peanuts Virginia electric light, 5@6c; fancy handpicked, 3½@5c; North Carolina, 3@4; Georgia, 3 @3½c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, May 8 — Eggs, 9@10c Butter, western creamery 22@24c; fancy Tennessee, 18@ 20c; choice 12½c Georgia, 12½@15c. Live poultry—Turkeys 9@10c ₩ lb; hens 25@27½c; spring chickens 20@27½; ducks 25@27½c. Irish potatoes—Burbank, $1.50@1.75 ₩ bbl; 50@55c ₩ bu; Tennessee, 30@40c ₩ bu. Sweet potatoes, 50@55 ₩ bu. Honey, strained, 8@10c; in the comb, 10@12½c. Onions, 60@75c ₩ bu.; ₩ bbl., $2.00@2.50. Cabbage, 2@2½.

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Waist ruined for the want of the Canfield Dress Shields.

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Dealers in
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No. 9 E. Alabama street.

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Standard Time.

Southern Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
†35	Washington	5 20 am	†35	Greenville	6 00 am
†13	Jacksonville	5 50 am	† 8	Brunswick	7 20 am
† 8	Chattanooga	7 00 am	†13	Chattanooga	7 30 am
†26	Tallapoosa	8 20 am	†12	Richmond	7 50 am
17	Lula	8 30 am	†38	Washington	12 00 n'n
†19	Fort Valley	10 30 am	† 9	Chattanooga	1 50 pm
† 9	Macon	11 15 am	†20	Fort Valley	4 00 pm
†38	Birmingham	11 40 am	†10	Macon	4 10 pm
†10	Chattanooga	1 30 pm	†37	Birmingham	4 15 pm
†37	Washington	3 55 pm	18	Lula	4 35 pm
† 7	Brunswick	7 55 pm	†25	Tallapoosa	6 20 pm
†14	Chattanooga	8 15 pm	†14	Jacksonville	8 35 pm
†11	Richmond	9 30 pm	† 7	Chattanooga	10 00 pm
†36	Gr'nv'le, Miss.	10 00 pm	†36	Washington	11 15 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
101	Hapeville	6 45 am	100	Hapeville	5 40 am
† 3	Savannah	7 45 am	102	Hapeville	7 00 am
103	Hapeville	8 05 am	† 2	Savannah	7 30 am
† 11	Macon	10 45 am	104	Hapeville	8 30 am
105	Hapeville	9 50 am	108	Hapeville	12 15 pm
109	Hapeville	2 00 pm	110	Hapeville	2 45 pm
111	Hapeville	4 00 pm	† 12	Macon	4 30 pm
113	Hapeville	6 05 pm	112	Hapeville	4 35 pm
115	Hapeville	7 20 pm	114	Hapeville	6 10 pm
† 1	Savannah	8 05 pm	† 4	Savannah	7 50 pm
‡117	Hapeville	10 40 am	‡116	Hapeville	9 00 am
‡119	Hapeville	2 45 pm	‡118	Hapeville	12 50 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 3	Nashville	7 00 am	† 2	Nashville	8 05 am
73	Rome	8 30 am	† 6	Chattanooga	3 00 pm
† 5	Chattanooga	12 10 pm	72	Rome	5 30 pm
† 1	Nashville	7 30 pm	† 4	Nashville	8 20 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
12	Newnan	7 35 am	†35	Montgomery	5 35 am
14	College Park	10 00 am	11	College Park	8 10 am
†38	Montgomery	11 40 am	13	Palmetto	11 50 am
16	Palmetto	2 20 pm	†33	Montgomery	2 15 pm
18	College Park	3 50 pm	15	College Park	2 30 pm
†34	Montgomery	8 30 pm	†37	Selma	4 20 pm
†36	Selma	11 05 pm	17	Newnan	5 45 pm
‡26	Newnan	10 20 am	‡27	Newnan	1 00 pm

Georgia Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 3	Augusta	5 00 am	† 2	Augusta	7 15 am
9	Covington	7 45 am	‡28	Augusta	2 55 pm
†27	Augusta	12 15 pm	10	Covington	6 15 pm
† 1	Augusta	6 10 pm	† 4	Augusta	11 10 pm

Seaboard Air-Line.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 41	Norfolk	5 20 am	†402	Washington	11 45 am
†403	Washington	6 45 pm	† 38	Norfolk	8 10 pm

†Daily. ‡Sunday only. Other trains daily except Sunday

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Electric Building, Room 538, Fifth Floor.

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Our large resources and special facilities enable us to receive on favorable terms accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and individuals. Special attention is called to our magnificent system of Safe Deposit Boxes, which will be rented at reduced prices. Drafts issued on all parts of Europe. Interest paid on time deposits.

$5.85 ROUND TRIP TO SAVANNAH.

On account of interstate drill and gala week at Savannah, round trip tickets will be sold via Central of Georgia railway on May 11th, 12th and 13th at $5.85 and on May 9th, 10th and 14th at $8.36, tickets good returning until May 18th. Cheap rates from all stations on the system.

The Massachusetts Benefit Life Association

of Boston, Massachusetts, has today:

Insurance in force of $113,490,730.
Claims paid, $12,351,113.87.
Cash surplus, $1,100,000.
Deposited with State Treasurer of Mass., $250,000.
All this has been accomplished since 1878.
In the month of January, 1896, the Association wrote 1327 policies amounting to $1,333,175.
In February, 1498 policies amounting to $1,507,700.
In March, 1451 policies amounting to $1,527,175.
In April, 1313 policies amounting to $1,387,300.
During these four months the Assn. paid in death claims $696,477.07.

Do not be deceived by enemies of the Natural Premium system. This Association is in the front rank of Natural Premium Companies and is here to stay. Get facts and you will insure in the MASSACHUSETTS BENEFIT LIFE ASSOCIATION.

April 30, 1896. GEORGE A. LITCHFIELD, President.
THOS. H. COBB, 202 Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
may 5-8t tu sat

SURE CURE FOR PILES
Itching and Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield at once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Stops itching, absorbs tumors. A positive cure. Circulars sent free. Price 50c. Druggists or mail. DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON. (London-Paris.)
TWIN SCREW U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
Sailing Every Wednesday 10 a. m.
PARIS ....May 13. | ST. LOUIS ....June 3.
ST. PAUL ....May 20. | BERLIN.. Sat., June 6.
NEW YORK ....May 27. | ST. PAUL ....June 10.

RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
NOORDLAND........Wednesday, May 13, Noon.
FRIESLAND........Wednesday, May 20, Noon.
KENSINGTON....Wednesday, May 27, 10:30 a.m.
WESTERNLAND......Wednesday, June 3, Noon.

International Navigation Co.,
Pier 14, North river. Office, 6 Bowling Green, N.Y.
R. D. MANN & CO., Kimball House.

Miss Peebles & Miss Thompson's
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Nos. 30, 32, 34 East 57th street, New York, reopened March 30th, for the spring term. The school year of 1896 and 1897 will begin on October 1st.
apr26-1m-eod.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. B. REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Room 38 Inman building, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 35.

EDWARD WILSON
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
405 Norcross building. Phone 98.

C. WALTER SMITH, Architect.
62 Peachtree Street. . . . . Atlanta, Ga.

PRYOR L. MYNATT, JR.,
Insurance and Commercial Law, Atlanta, Ga.
Room 708 Temple Court.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, LAWYERS.
Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe Building, 39½ Whitehall street. Telephone 520.

TAYLOR ... TEL...
Says He Was ... the S...
TALKS AB...
And Says H... Safe...
DOESN'T WANT...
Gives a Vivid ... in the Swa... in Whic...

Standing at ... police station, ... ly against the ... Delk insisted ... the murder of ... that he was a... officer and his ... persons from ...

Taylor Delk ... ance yesterday ... against his ba... the crime with ... for which he w... occasions. He ... as he was at... lanta in the c... accomplished h...

The prisoner ... and said he d... thing to fear, ... and had never ... which would g... if the truth s...

"I have been ... shooting occur... all that is th... evidence again... that I had any... ing. I wan't e... been there fo... sheriff arrived...

"Those peopl... me of it becau... there, and tha... business. The... for shooting S... one of my be... have harmed ...

Delk...

The story of ... he sheriff and ... the swamps a... was told in a ... day.

"It had been ... about two yea... nice way, unti... on account of ... keep the peopl... iff Guinn and ...

"The afterno... night," said ... tive, "I stood o... a dog which h... ens and break... that night I c... swamp, and th... the house tha... thirty men ca... commenced sh...

"They were t... arrest Tom L... who were at th... back from the ... shots and I ... wouldn't go u... knew the offi... Langford.

Filled th...

"The officers ... night," said ... crowd came u... the front of th... filled with bu... in the walls ...

"While the ... wife was sho... shot cut throu...

"While all o... sitting down b... ing all the tim... afraid they w... her. If I had ... got hold of a w... just as long a... would have be...

"I don't kno... thoughtful ma... have just ope... told them to ... wanted, just s... They wan't af... boys who wer...

"Tom Langfo... afternoon. My...



Gladn...
With a bet... transie... ical ills whi... forts—gentle e... rightly direct... the knowledge... sickness are n... ease, but simp... tion of the sys... family laxativ... ly removes. ... remedy with m... everywhere e... who value goo... effects are du... one remedy ... cleanliness, ... organs on whi... all important, ... ficial effects, ... chase, that yo... which is manu... Fig Syrup Co. ... utable drugg...

If in the en... and the syste... tives or other... If afflicted wit... may be comm... physicians, b... then one shou... the well-infor... Figs stands hi... used and gives...

TAYLOR DELK TELLS HIS STORY

Says He Was Not at His House When the Shooting Occurred.

TALKS ABOUT HIS ARREST

And Says He Is Glad To Be in Jail Safe from the Mob.

DOESN'T WANT TO BE CARRIED TO SENOIA

Gives a Vivid Description of His Life in the Swamps and the Manner in Which He Evaded Mobs.

Standing at the door of his cell in the police station, with his face pressed eagerly against the iron rods, yesterday, Taylor Delk insisted that he was not guilty of the murder of Sheriff Guinn and denied that he was at the house when the brave officer and his deputy were shot down by persons from within.

Taylor Delk presented a rugged appearance yesterday afternoon as he leaned against his barred prison and talked of the crime with which he is charged and for which he was almost lynched on several occasions. He was without a coat, just as he was attired when he reached Atlanta in the custody of the detectives who accomplished his arrest.

The prisoner talked freely of the case and said he did not believe he had anything to fear, as he was guilty of no crime and had never done anything in his life which would give him any serious trouble if the truth should come out at his trial.

"I have been arrested just because the shooting occurred at my house. That is all that is the matter. Nobody has any evidence against me and nobody can swear that I had anything to do with the shooting. I wan't even at the house and had not been there for a half hour before the sheriff arrived with his posse.

"Those people at my home just accused me of it because I have got some enemies there, and that's all that's in the whole business. The idea of trying to lynch me for shooting Sheriff Guinn, when he was one of my best friends and I would not have harmed a hair on his head."

Delk Tells His Story.

The story of the shooting, the arrival of the sheriff and posse and the wild life in the swamps after the shooting occurred was told in a vivid manner by Delk yesterday.

"I had been living near Concord for about two years, and was getting on in a nice way, until the shooting at my house, on account of which I had to leave to keep the people who were friends of Sheriff Guinn and Mr. Madden from killing me.

"The afternoon before the shooting that night," said Delk, growing communicative, "I stood on my front porch and killed a dog which had been catching the chickens and breaking up the hen's nests and that night I dragged the dog off to the swamp, and it was while I was off from the house that Sheriff Guinn and about thirty men came up to the house and commenced shooting.

"They were not after me, but wanted to arrest Tom Langford and my boy, Tom, who were at the house. I was just coming back from the swamp when I heard the shots and I stopped in the woods and wouldn't go up to the house, because I knew the officers were after Tom and Langford.

Filled the House with Lead.

"The officers and posse shot nearly all night," said Delk, "and then another crowd came up and they shot, too, until the front of the house and the porch were filled with bullets, and lead was sticking in the walls everywhere.

"While the shooting was going on my wife was shot in the face and several shot cut through the skin into the flesh.

"While all of this was going on, I was sitting down by a tree in the woods, wishing all the time I could be inside, as I was afraid they would shoot my wife and kill her. If I had been inside, and could have got hold of a winchester, I would have shot just as long as I had bullets, for then I would have been protecting my family.

"I don't know, though," said Delk, in a thoughtful manner. "I believe I would have just opened the door wide open and told them to come in and do what they wanted, just so they didn't hurt anybody. They wan't after me at all, but after the boys who were at the house.

"Tom Langford came to my house that afternoon. My boy Tom was already there and I supposed somebody who knew about them being there went off and told the sheriff."

Could Have Killed Looney.

Delk was asked about the capture and the reason he offered no resistance. He laughed in a queer way, and drawing himself up to his full height, said:

"Why, I could have killed Looney and the whole crowd when I was arrested, if I had wanted to.

"The detectives came right up the road and I had Tom Delk's gun in my hand, and if I had wanted to I could have shot the fellers to death before they got me.

"I wanted to give myself up and had decided to come to Atlanta the next day if I could get out of the swamps without anybody knowing it. Those people down there guarded the bridges and watched the roads so close that I just couldn't get out, and had to stay in the woods and eat what I could get and do the best I could."

A Month in the Swamps.

Delk said the night after the shooting he was joined by Tom Delk and Tom Langford, and the three went off to the woods and hid in the swamps to keep from being lynched.

"Langford went off, but me and Tom lived in the swamps and killed squirrels and birds and got whatever we could to eat. I staid in the woods all the time, and when it rained, why I just let it rain and was satisfied just as long as nobody knew where I was and couldn't get to me to lynch me.

"I am glad that I am in jail, now," said he in conclusion, "for I feel safer and know that I will get justice. I am going to get a lawyer and want my preliminary trial to be held in Atlanta, where they wont swear my life away."

Knew Looney Was in the Swamp.

Delk was asked if he was not greatly surprised when he was arrested by the detectives.

"No, I wa'n't," said he, "for I knew all about Looney being at the farmhouse, and I wanted to be arrested and would have given myself up to an Atlanta officer if I could have had an opportunity.

"You see I was kept posted by somebody all the time, and when I heard Looney was there I kinder felt relieved, for I hoped he would get me and take me to Atlanta, where my trial could be held and I would be protected."

Delk says he wants to remain in jail here, as he does not think it safe to return to Senoia, where he knows the people to be prejudiced against him.

He will secure a lawyer at once, he says, and will insist that he be given a preliminary trial as soon as possible, and will then await the criminal hearing which is to be given him probably at the next term of the court.

THE PASSING THRONG.

Captain Roche, South Carolina's commissioner of agriculture, who was here yesterday, is one of the most successful growers of small fruits and vegetables in his state. He lives in Charleston and for years was engaged in market gardening, shipping his crops to the northern cities. He was the first in his state to plant ten acres of strawberries. His neighbors said that he was making a great mistake. They did not see where so much small fruit could be consumed. But Captain Roche had been raising strawberries and from one acre sold $2,600 worth of berries in one season. The freight, picking, crates and expenses of getting the fruit into the consumers' hands cost about $1,400 and he had about $1,200 profit from his acre.

"There was a time when the man who had a little patch of asparagus as large as half this lobby floor was a millionaire in asparagus," said the commissioner yesterday while standing in the Kimball. "Now we have farmers who put fifty, sixty and some as high as 100 acres in asparagus. Florida, though, beats us into the market and the farmers of that state have taken a great deal of trade from the planters higher up the coast."

Speaking of cotton manufacturing in his state, Captain Roche said that all the mills are running on full time and are going night and day. They are not making anything now, but that is because they bought their cotton when it was at its highest last fall and now it is so much lower that the mill man who buys his stock now can afford to undersell. The southern mills buy their stock early in the fall. They want the top cotton and go into the market as soon as the crop begins to come in. Spartanburg county produces about 40,000 bales a year and the mills consume 120,000 bales. To lay in this supply requires from 4,000,000 to $5,000,000. The capital is borrowed in the east at from 4 to 5 per cent. If borrowed at home it would cost 8 per cent."

Colonel Kincaid, of Griffin, who was up on Thursday, had some beautiful samples of goods which he is making at his mills. The samples were in all the colors of the prism. They excited much admiration among the visitors from the different states who were attending the convention in the interest of the exposition at Chicago. Colonel Kincaid's mills can make a handsome display of the cotton manufacturing industry in the south.

"We are always glad to get hold of a Constitution," said Mr. Cornwall, of Louisville, yesterday. "Our papers are all for the gold standard, and naturally the sentiment is very strong that way in the city. But the silver supporters are very numerous, too, although we do not get any encouragement from our home press. If we had a Constitution, the masses would get educational matter and would hear both sides of the case and we would carry the city any time. Blackburn is making a great fight for a silver delegation from our state. He is opposed by all the power of the administration and is fighting against tremendous odds. The country counties are for silver, but all the postmasters and revenue collectors will come up to the convention and endeavor to capture it."

An Iowa doctor, who was attending the medical convention, said to ex-Governor Garcelon yesterday: "I am a republican, but as certainly as the republican party declares against silver I shall quit it, and so will thousands of other republicans in my state. McKinley seems to be sure of the nomination. Some of his goldbug friends are stating that he is for the single gold standard. That is possibly true, although his votes in congress were for silver. There is no reason for him to declare himself subservient to Wall street, because he is going to be nominated anyway. But if the party or the candidate straddles on the financial question, or if either comes out boldly for gold and against silver, the republicans of the west will vote another ticket."

Major G. M. Ryals returned last night to Savannah. He has as many friends in Atlanta as any representative that ever came up to the house. He says that he is not mixing in the political campaigns which are being waged now in his county, Chatham. The contest of greatest interest over the state is that between Solicitor General Fraser and ex-Senator W. W. Osborne for solicitor general of the eastren circuit. Osborne's friends expect to elect the delegates from Chatham and Fraser counts on getting a strong support from the other counties in the circuit.

Mr. W. J. Garrett Ill.

Mr. W. J. Garrett, one of the best known and most prominent citizens of Atlanta, is very sick at his home on Washington street. Mr. Garrett was taken sick about ten days ago. The cause of his illness seems to be a general collapse of the system. At present nothing serious is anticipated.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

A MAINE MAN FOR FREE SILVER

Ex-Governor Garcelon Talks About Honest Dollars and Wages.

SENTIMENT IN NEW ENGLAND

Says There Is a Widespread Feeling Among the Masses.

THE PEOPLE WANT A DOUBLE STANDARD

Promises Made To Obtain Unconditional Repeal Have Not Been Fulfilled.

"There is a strong sentiment for silver among the masses of the people of New England," said ex-Governor Alonzo Garcelon, of Maine, yesterday.

"The papers are mostly owned or controlled by the gold people and the outside world has no opportunity to get at the true condition. The political leaders are to a great extent influenced by the bankers and capitalists. But we will soon begin to hold our political meetings in the counties and then we will see whether there is any strength to the silver movement. I know from contact with the people how they feel on this question. But often the voice of the masses is smothered by adroit politicians for a time. I have been an observer of political affairs for about seventy years now, and never until silver was demonetized did we hear anything about silver dollars being dishonest. We hear talk of dishonest dollars. That has all sprung up within the last ten years. But is not the silver dollar just as honest as any other? The democratic party has always stood for the recognition of both metals—silver and gold. Four years ago the party declared for both metals and 'parity.' Give silver a chance and the parity will be all right. The commercial ratio and the coinage rato between gold and silver were nearly the same when silver was surreptitiously demonetized. Silver



EX-GOV. ALONZO GARCELON, of Maine, One of the Delegates to the National Convention.

was not a dishonest dollar in 1873. If either dollar was, it was the gold dollar.

"The employment of the two metals side by side gives no financial trouble. Baron Rothschild said that 'whether gold or silver dominates for the time being, it is always true that the two metals concur together in forming the monetary circulation of the world, and it is the general mass of the two metals combined which serves as the measure of the value of things. The suppression of silver would amount to a veritable destruction of values without any compensation.'

"Rothschild's words were prophetic. Values have been destroyed and the producers, the farmers and manufacturers, and the labor which they employ, have had to stand the loss. Our New England manufacturers are being driven out of business because competition is sharp and on the present basis margins of profit are so small that they cannot make interest on their investment. When the volume of redemption money is large, prices are good and the higher prices are, the wider is the margin which constitutes profit, whether labor or the products of labor. Here in the south your monufacturers of cotton declare that they are losing money. And yet they were told in the summer and fall of 1892, not four years ago, that if the last vestige of legislation favorable to silver was repealed the country would flourish, business would revive and the distress disappea rs. But where it disappeared? Has the mechanic's wages been restored to what they were before that 20 or 30 per cent cut? Is that carpenter out there getting as much by 15 to 25 per cent as he received five years ago? Do the railroad shop men get as much by 10 to 20 per cent as they did five years ago? Do the higher officials get the same pay they used to receive? And which feels it the most, the general manager or vice president who was receiving $15,000 a year salary and had $1,500 cut off, or the shop worker who got $960 a year and was cut $96? Have wages been restored? If not, and if the financial depression is as bad as it was when Mr. Cleveland was contending for unconditional repeal as the savior of the coutry, why should we believe that a further persistence in the single gold standard will bring a return of good times? The predictions which were made by the gold advocates four years ago have failed signally. Is not that enough to destroy our faith in their declarations now? The words which Mr. Carlisle utter when he was denouncing demonetization came true, but the relief which he promised when advocating the contrary policy has never materialized."

Governor Garcelon was in the same school of politics with James G. Blaine. Tom Reed is a younger man, but he and the ex-governor are old acquaintances. The ex-governor smiled at the suggestion of Mr. Reed's name for the presidency. "He has not a ghost of a show. It looks like McKinley."

Dr. Garcelon is still practicing medicine at Lewiston, which has been his home all his life. His father was a prominent citizen of the town. He owned a large farm on which Alonzo worked during his youth, attending school in the winter. He graduated from Bowdoin college just sixty years ago, at the age of twenty-three. Then he studied medicine and soon built up a large practice. Politically he was reared as a whig, but his strong admiration for President Andrew Jackson for the stand he took against nullification, induced him to join the democrats. Afterwards he was a free soiler. During the war he was a republican, but being opposed to the attempt to impeach President Andrew Jackson, joined the democrats. He represented Lewiston in the legislature in 1853 and 1857, serving a term in the senate between those years. He was mayor of Lewiston in 1871, being the first democrat to hold that office. In 1879 he was elected governor by the legislature.

Dr. Garcelon built the first mill in Lewiston, and was influential in securing railroad connections for the city. He established the first newspaper there, and he has been actively identified with the progress of Lewiston for three-score years.

The ex-governor will remain here a few days. He is stopping at the Aragon.

Mr. A. H. Cransby, of 158 Kerr street, Memphis, Tenn., writes that his wife had cancer which had eaten two large holes in her breast, and which the best physicians of the surrounding country treated, and pronounced incurable. Her grandmother and aunt had died of

Cancer

and when told this, the most eminent specialists of New York, under whose treatment she was placed, declared her case was hopeless. All treatment having failed, she was given up to die. S. S. S. was recommended, and astonishing as it may seem, a few bottles cured her sound and well.

Our treatise on this disease will be sent free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THAT "SOCIETY CIRCUS."

THE LADIES BELIEVE IT WILL HELP THE HOSPITAL FUND.

The Constitution Elephant Will Be One of the Stellar Attractions—The Clowns Are Being Coached.

The sale of reserved seats for the "Society Circus" will open this morning at Harry Silverman's and will doubtless go with a rush, for no amateur entertainment ever given in Atlanta has attracted such wide-spread attention. There are only a limited number of reserved seats and eight boxes and they should be sold without delay.

The sale of tickets is already very large and the indications are that the ladies' auxiliary of the Grady hospital will increase the sum in their treasury very largely by the affair.

A large number of tickets to the circus were sent out by the committee and many have remitted but some have not. The ladies are anxious to have all remittances for the tickets by Monday morning at the latest and every one who received tickets is requested to remit today or, if they do not wish to buy, to return them.

The tabernacle has been converted into a regulation circus auditorium and the performers are rehearsing daily, while numerous mechanics, artists and others are at work on the big chariots, cages and wagons to be used in the street parade.

Clio, The Constitution elephant, and Joe, the king of the Gress zoo, are being carefully groomed and prepared for their appearance in the parade, while the other animals are also in readiness to be shown. Ringmaster Harry Silverman and the half-dozen funny clowns are getting their "ring business" in ship shape.

To give every child in Atlanta an opportunity to see this big show, the admission for children has been fixed at 25 cents.

***

Yesterday at noon Mrs. A. B. Steele gave a very elegant luncheon party to a number of her lady friends.

The table decorations were of white and green, with exquisite lilies as the principal adornment. Pond lilies of refreshing beauty formed the center piece and were bordered by maiden hair ferns. Crystal bowls and vases held Easter lilies and lilies of the valley, and the dresden lamps illumining the whole had shades of green and white. The menu was delicious and delightfully served. Those present were: Mrs. Raoul, Mrs. Collier, Mrs. Traylor, Mrs. E. A. Johnson, Mrs. Henry Porter, Mrs. Spencer Atkinson, Mrs. Lumpkin, Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, Mrs. Taylor, the guest of Mrs. Raoul, Mrs. Porter King and Miss Corinne Stocker.

***

The friends of Mrs. Charles Meador will be delighted to hear she is rapidly improving.

***

Mrs. Lula Morris will entertain her friends in honor of Miss Hale next week.

***

Miss May Burt Howard gives a bicycle tea next week.

***

A number of dinner parties will be given Monday night, the guests afterwards attending the society circus.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Gibeny, who have been the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Todd, left for New York yesterday.

***

Mr. James Swann left for New York last night.

***

Mrs. J. E. Butler will spend the month of June in Canada.

***

Atlanta will be interested in the closing debate of the Boys' High school. The young gentlemen have selected that hackneyed but ever interesting subject, "The New Woman." The affirmative will be represented by Messrs. Haas, M. Hirsch, Hopkins and Youngblood. The negative will be represented by Messrs. Cole, Mayfield, Wood and Hillyer. The first honor man in the graduating class, Mr. Harry Hale, will be the presiding officer. The debate will take place the last Friday of May in the Browning hall of the Girls' High school. Two speakers of the day will be Messrs. Rich, Haygood, Breitenbucher, H. Hirsch and Little.

***

Miss Carrie Johnson will return home from Selma, Ala., next week, where she has been visiting Miss Lida Nelson.

***

Miss Bertha Willingham has returned to Macon after a ten days' visit to Miss Mildred Cabaniss.

***

Miss Lewis Butt, of Augusta, will remain in the city during the coming week.

***

Dr. John A. Alley, of 83 West Peachtree, has returned after a short but very pleasant visit to his old home in Charleston, S. C.

***

Dublin, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—No event of the social season has been looked forward to with so much interest as the nuptials of Mr. J. E. Smith, Jr., and Miss Carrie Belle Blackshear, which occurred at the Methodist church last week. The ceremony was performed by Rev. O. B. Chester. At 9:30 o'clock a. m. the wedding party arrived at the church, entering in the following manner: Ushers, Messrs. Warren Robbins and Dr. Hugh Moore; Dr. Summerlie, with Miss Callie Prince; Mr. John Williams, with Miss Maud Grantham, of Hawkinsville; Mr. Sam Prince, with Miss Clara Mumford, of Talbotton; Mr. Will Kellam, with Miss Bertha Baum, of Wadley; the groom with his best man, Mr. Marmaduke, of Blackshear; the bride and her maid of honor, Miss Pauline Daley, of Wrightsville.

The party grouped around the chancel presented a scene of loveliness. The bride looked winsome. Her graceful form was attired in a handsome Dresden silk, shaded gray and blue designs, with gold brown satin and amber passamenterie trimmings, and in her hand she held an immense bouquet of marschal nell roses. Beautiful Miss Daley, maid of honor, was a radiant vision in a stylish suit of salmon silk.

As the bridal party entered and left the sacred edifice Professor W. L. Peacock executed in admirable style Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," and during the rites Lange's "Flower Song" was sweetly and affectingly rendered. The church was neatly decorated with palmettoes, bamboo vines, roses, grasses, etc. The bride is the oldest daughter of ex-Mayor and Mrs. D. S. Blackshear, and is one of the fairest scions of one of the oldest and best families in the state. She is admired for her many womanly graces, Christian loveliness, and possesses all the entrancing virtues of southern womanhood. The groom, besides his high social standing and his personal popularity, is a young man above reproach, and of business qualifications. The wedding presents were numerous and costly.

Miss Bertha Baum, a charming young lady of Wadley, is visiting in the family of Councilman N. B. Baum.

Miss Sallie Harrison, of Agricola, after visiting friends and relatives, has returned home, after a pleasant visit.

Miss Clifford Fowler, of Milledgeville, spent a few days in the city the guest of Miss Lizzie Chapman.

WISE PARENTS

Take advantage of this opportunity. We are overloaded with Boys' Clothing, sizes 3 to 15.

Determined to reduce stock at once, we offer for a few days, for cash only, our entire stock of reliable BOYS' CLOTHING at

ACTUAL COST.

$2 Suits at	$1.60
$2.50 Suits at	$1.85
$3 Suits at	$2.25
$4 Suits at	$3.00
$4.50 Suits at	$3.25
$5 Suits at	$3.75
$6 Suits at	$4.50
$7 Suits at	$5.00

Positively no goods charged during this sale, as we are only swapping dollars with you at these prices.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

Mens' and Boys' Outfitters.

3 WHITEHALL ST.

There is fun in the foam, and health in the cup of HIRES Rootbeer—the great temperance drink.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

LONG BRANCH,

West End Hotel and Cottages.

Cottages Open Thursday, June 11th.
Hotel Opens Thursday, June 25th.

New and improved toilet and bath arrangements on every floor of the hotel. Plans can be seen and engagements made at the New York office, 52 Broadway, room 39. D. M. & W. E. HILDRETH, Prop.
may 9-tf-sat

HOTEL CUMBERLAND,

Cumberland Island, Ga.

Summer Season Opens June 1st.

Finest sea beach in the south.

Fishing unexcelled on the continent.

Street cars free to the beach.

Naphtha launch and fleet or rowboats.

Splendid livery appointments.

Ample accommodations for 500 guests.

Grand orchestra! Music morning and evening.

LEE T. SHACKELFORD, Proprietor.

THE INN, LITHIA SPRINGS, GEORGIA.

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RATES—American plan, $3 to $5 per day; European plan, $1.50 to $3.50 per day.

Sheriff's Sales for June, 1896.

WILL BE SOLD before the courthouse in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit: A certain improved lot in ward 5, in the city of Atlanta, on the southwest corner of Hayden and Baker streets, fronting 50 feet, more or less, on Hayden street and running along West Baker street same width, 50 feet, more or less, known as No. 132 West Baker street; also a certain lot adjoining the foregoing lot on West Baker street, 40 feet, more or less, running back same width, 50 feet, more or less, levied upon as the property of Jacob Eiseman, one of the defendants in fi. fa., to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of Adolph Deits versus Culver, Eiseman & Company, principal, C. F. Tyler, security, same having been satisfied by C. F. Tyler and transferred to him and sold to reimburse said C. F. Tyler.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, and being parts of land lots 163 and 164, to-wit: One parcel being the north half of land lot 163, containing one hundred and one-fourth acres, more or less, the other parcel being the southeast quarter of land lot 164, containing fifty-two acres, more or less, levied upon as the property of John L. Conley and Eliza T. Conley to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of A. E. Buck versus the said John L. Conley and Eliza T. Conley.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and part of land lot 84, in said district, lying in the city of Atlanta, the same being part of lot No. 2 of the survey of H. L. Wilson, auctioneer of the Evans Chapel property, the same being part of the property formerly belonging to Evans Chapel M. E. church, and being all of said lot No. 2, except that portion deeded by Laura E. Foote to J. R. Seawright on August 28, 1893, and recorded in deed book 24, page 678, clerk's office superior court, Fulton county. Levied upon as the property of E. B. Chapman to satisfy two fi. fas. issued from 1124 district G. M., Campbell county, Georgia, in favor of South Philadelphia Woolen Company versus the said E. B. Chapman.

J. J. BARNES, Sheriff.
may 8-16-22-30

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Geo. Muse Clothing Company

MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS,

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

Editor Constitution—I hereby announce my name as a candidate for sheriff of Fulton county, subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held June 6, 1896. The names of the following gentlemen on my ticket as my deputies: Walter C. Dean, J. J. Jordan, George Shelverton. If I deem it necessary, may add one or two more, as I am in the race to win.

C. W. MANGUM.

John W. Nelms, deputies, A. J. Shropshire, L. P. Thomas, Josh Tye, Eugene Hardeman, Clark Tolbert, N. A. Chastain, J. J. Fain, C. Q. Trimble, W. C. Maddox. Subject to primary June 6th.

Subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held June 6, 1896, for sheriff, J. J. Barnes. Deputies, A. W. Hill, M. N. Blount, W. D. Greene, E. A. Donahoo, H. D. Austin, Dick Clarke.

A Card.

Editor Constitution—I found my name mentioned in the columns of your valuable paper as being on a ticket for sheriff headed by Mr. Wheeler Mangum. Kindly allow me to say that I am not in the race and that my preference for sheriff for the ensuing election is the one made by Captain John W. Nelms. Respectfully,

JOHN J. JORDAN.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the legislature from Fulton county, subject to the democratic primary, to take place on June 6th.

mch23-td JOHN M. SLATON.

I announce myself a candidate for member of the house of representatives from Fulton county in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the democratic primary, to be held on June 6, 1896.

T. B. FELDER, JR.

I am a candidate for representative from Fulton county in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the primary to be held 6th June, 1896.

CLARENCE KNOWLES.

I am a candidate to represent Fulton county in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the primary to be held June 6, 1896.

W. H. PATTERSON.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of county commissioner of Fulton county, subject to the action of the primary June 6th.

E. B. ROSSER.

I hereby respectfully announce to the voters of Fulton county that I am a candidate for commissioner of roads and revenues of this county, subject to the action of the primary on June 6, 1896.

H. E. W. PALMER.

Joseph Thompson is announced as a candidate for county commissioner from the nort side, subject to the democratic primary June 6th.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR

I announce myself a candidate for the office of tax collector of Fulton county, subject to the primary election on the 6th day of June.

A. P. STEWART.

FOR CORONER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of coroner of Fulton county, and ask the support of my friends, and pledge myself to work for the county's interest.

J. M. REEVES.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for coroner of Fulton county, subject to the primary election to be held June 6, 1896, and I solicit the support of my friends.

Mr. J. M. Peden, the present coroner, will not be a candidate for re-election, but will give me his earnest support. Respectfully,

W. H. BETTIE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER.

I most respectfully announce myself as a candidate for reelection to the office of tax receiver of Fulton county, subject to the action of the primary, June 6th. If elected Mr. Zach Castleberry will be with me in the office.

T. M. ARMISTEAD.

I respectfully announce to the voters of Fulton county that I am a candidate for tax receiver, subject to the action of the primary of June 6th. John H. Welch and Mr. David O. Stewart will be with me in the office.

HENRY L. HARRALSON.

FOR ORDINARY.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of ordinary of Fulton county, subject to the primary election to be held June 6, 1896. If elected, I promise a faithful, fair and efficient discharge of the duties of the office.

WM. H. HULSEY.

April 2, 1896.

I respectfully announce to the voters of Fulton county that I am a candidate for re-election to the position of ordinary, subject to the primary of June 6, 1896. My record is before you; if again honored I shall bring all my ability and experience to a full and satisfactory discharge of the duties of this important office.

W. L. CALHOUN.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the primary June 6th, and will be exceedingly grateful for the support of the citizens of Fulton county, and will execute the duties of the office faithfully and promptly.

MARK W. JOHNSON.

I am a candidate at the primary on June 6, for the nomination for re-election to the office of county treasurer.

C. M. PAYNE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the primary June 6th. If elected, I promise a thorough business-like administration of the office.

FRANK N. MALONE.

The friends of Mr. John H. James announce him as a candidate for treasurer of Fulton county, subject to the action of the democratic primary June 6th.



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University of Pennsylvania, the College. Examinations in all subjects required for entrance to the college courses in Arts and Science, Sciences and Technology, Finance and Economy, Chemistry, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Biology and Architecture will be held in Atlanta on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 16th and 17th, at 30½ Marietta street, under the charge of W. S. Elkin, M. D., Local Examiner, 30½ Marietta street. For information and copy of catalogue address the Examiner, or George S. Fullerton, Dean of the College, University of Pennsylvania, West Philadelphia, Pa. may9, 11, june12, 13, 15

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AN ATLANTA BOY WON OUT FIRST

Bob Walthour Beats the Wheelmen at Columbus Yesterday.

ONLY SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD

Known Among Atlanta Wheelmen as a Rider of Great Promise.

ATLANTA WON YESTERDAY WITH EASE

After the Game Today Knowles Will Bring His Boys Home with the Birminghams.

Columbus, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—The bicycle meet here, given by the Columbus Bicycle Racing Association, of which Mr. F. L. Bussey is at the head, opened today under auspicious circumstances.

The meet is under the auspices of the League of American Wheelmen, and is quite an event in southern cycling circles, as the southern championship medal is to be contended for on this occasion.

The affair was opened this morning with a grand public parade of bicyclists divided into several squads. A large number of riders were in line, and headed by a military band the procession was a most delightful one. The weather was all that could be desired and a large crowd witnessed the first day's races, which took place at the exposition park.

Mr. Robert Walthour, the well-known Atlanta rider, carried off the honors of the occasion, winning three races, in fact every one in which he engaged. One of these was the two mile handicap, which he won in 4:27 minutes, breaking the southern record.

Messrs. George Drury, Dan Joseph, M. H. Tuggle, Ben Murphey and Charles Eifler officiated as judges, while Mr. George W. Ermy was starter.

The following is the official record of the races, each of which was quite exciting:

Slow race, 100 yards, prize, a silk umbrella; entries H. Griffeth, Will Dudley and R. A. Hogue. Dudley won, Griffeth second, Hogue third. Time, 3:05.

One mile, open, first prize, silver medal; second prize, sweater. Entries, J. M. Chapman, Bob Walthour, W. C. Johnson, R. H. Allison, Will Dudley and H. M. Lum. Walthour won, Lum second, Johnson third. Time, first quarter 42 seconds, half mile 1:36, three-quarter mile 2:00, mile 2:43 1-5.

One mile, boys under sixteen, prize silver medal. Entries, H. Griffeth, V. J. Pepperman, Bunnie Hill. Hill won, Griffeth second, Pepperman third. Time, first quarter 44 seconds, half mile 1:25 2-5, three-quarter mile 1:54 3-5, mile 2:40 1-5.

Two mile handicap, first prize bicycle suit, second prize bicycle lamp. Entries, Walthour, Chapman, Johnson, Allison, Griffeth, Pepperman, Lum and Ed Nix. Walthour won, Johnson second, Chapman third. Time, first mile 2:30, two miles 4:27.

Half mile dash, open, prize League American Wheelmen pin. Entries, Johnson, Lum and Dudley. Johnson won, Dudley second, Lum third. Time, 1:27.

One mile championship of Columbus, prize gold medal. Entries, Charles Screws, R. A. Hogue, C. R. Hunt, Bunnie Hill. Hunt won, Screws second, Hill third. Time, first quarter 30 seconds, half mile 1:29, three-quarter mile 2:05. Mile, 2:40.

Five mile handicap, prize suit of tailor-made clothes. Entries, Allison, Nix, Griffeth, Chapman, Walthour, Johnson, Pepperman and Screws. Walthour won, Pepperman second. Time, first mile 2:17 by Allison, second mile 4.54 by Chapman, third mile 7:34 by Walthour, fourth mile 10:29 by Walthour and fifth 13:37 by Walthour.

The last race was particularly exciting, Walthour and Pepperman remaining within a few feet of each other during the entire five miles. Pepperman and Lum are from Montgomery.

Tomorrow the medals for the championships of the south and of Georgia will be raced for.

AN EASY MARK.

The Atlantas Took the Second Game from Birmingham.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pr. Ct.
Montgomery	18	14	4	.777
New Orleans	16	10	6	.625
Atlanta	20	11	9	.555
Mobile	18	8	10	.444
Columbus	18	6	12	.333
Birmingham	18	4	14	.222

Birmingham, Ala., May 8.—(Special.)—Atlanta won the second game of the series from Birmingham today with ease. The locals could hardly have played a more miserable game.

Walker was in the box for Atlanta, and did some good work, especially his fielding. In the fifth inning he caught a hot liner and, throwing the ball to third base, made a double play.

The Birmingham team made some very rank errors, while the visiting club did not do their best playing.

Atlanta's outfielding was almost perfect, and Knowles showed himself a good manager by watching his club's interest at the hands of the umpire.

Walker gave ten hits, but they were scattered, except in the first inning. At no stage of the game did it seem that Atlanta was going to be beaten.

Fricken pitched well, but fielded poorly. Atlanta did not show up well, the team seeing early in the game that it was unnecessary to exert themselves. About 700 people were out, and became disgusted at the ragged playing of the locals.

The score was:

Birmingham—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Walsh, rf	5	1	1	1	0	0
Fuller, c	5	1	2	6	0	1
Katz, lf	5	0	3	3*	0	0
Ryan, 1b	3	0	0	10	0	0
McKenzie, 2b	4	1	2	0	1	3
Godar, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	1
Hoolihan, ss	3	0	1	3	7	1
Gorton, cf	4	0	1	1	0	1
Fricken, p	4	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	37	3	10	24	9	7

Atlanta—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Callahan, 2b	4	1	0	3	6	1
Turner, rf	5	1	3	0	0	0
VanDyke, cf	5	1	0	4	0	0
Fields, c	4	2	2	7	0	0
Knowles, 1b	4	2	1	8	0	0
Walker, p	4	1	1	2	2	0
Wagner, lf	4	1	1	1	0	1
Murray, ss	4	0	0	0	1	0
McDade, 3b	4	1	1	1	1	2
Totals	38	10	9	*26	10	4

*Katz hit by batted ball.

Score by innings:
Birmingham.. .. ..2 0 0 [illegible] 0 1 0 0 0—3
Atlanta.. .. .. [illegible] 5 0 0 0 *—10

Summary—Earned [illegible] Birmingham 2, Atlanta 1; bases on [illegible] off Fricken 1, off Walker 2; struck [illegible] by Fricken 5, by Walker [illegible]; passed [illegible] Fields 1; sacrifice hits, Callahan 1; [illegible]two-base hits, Walsh, Katz 2, McKenzie, Turner; stolen bases, Katz, Ryan, McKenzie, Callahan, Fields 2, Knowles, McDade and Turner. Time of game, two hours. Umpire, Lally.

FINISHED UNDER PROTEST.

Columbus Objected to Keefe's Rulings, but Ended the Game.

Mobile, Ala., May 8.—Mobile won her first game at home this afternoon from Columbus with the greatest ease, batting the ball opportunely and hard, and earning seven of her twelve runs.

Hughes was put in to pitch for the visitors, but he did not pitch a little bit and was an easy mark for the locals.

Casey, a new man signed by Mobile, was played on third base and showed up very well for a man who had traveled all the way from St. Louis and got right into the game. Keefe umpired a very good game, but made a decision in the fourth inning which caused Columbus to continue the game under protest. There were men on second and third, when Paynter made a long line drive to center, scoring both runners, but was called out afterward for cutting first base. Columbus protested against the scoring of those runs and when the umpire decided that the scorer was right to score them, they protested the game. The score was

Mobile.	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Dobbs, cf	5	1	2	2	0	0
Buschman, ss	5	0	1	1	7	1
Wiseman, lf	6	2	4	1	0	0
Fisher, c	6	3	3	5	0	0
Casey, 3b	5	1	2	2	1	1
Gifford, rf	5	1	1	3	1	0
Paynter, 2b	3	3	2	5	5	0
Stewart, 1b	5	0	2	8	0	1
Hahn, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Schmidt, p	4	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	45	12	18	27	15	3

Columbus—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Carroll, 3b	2	1	0	1	4	0
Broderick, lf	5	1	1	3	0	0
McFadden, 1b	5	0	1	16	0	0
Pedrose, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hunt, c	4	0	0	2	0	1
Hall, ss	4	1	1	2	1	2
Daniels, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Phelan, 2b	4	1	2	1	4	0
Hughes, p	4	0	1	0	6	0
Totals	33	4	6	27	15	3

Score by innings:
Mobile.. .. ..2 1 2 3 2 0 0 2 0—12
Columbus .. ..0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—4

Summary—Earned runs—Mobile, 7. Two-base hits—Gifford, Hughes. Three-base hits—Wiseman, Stewart, Phelan, McFadden. Bases on balls—Off Hahn, 1; off Schmidt, 5; off Hughes, 4. Bases for being hit—By Schmidt, 1. Wild pitches—Schmidt. Struck out—By Schmidt, 2. Umpire—Keefe.

Pittsburg 16, Washington 5.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 8.—German tried to pitch for Washington today, but made a dismal failure. He filled the bases in the first inning and then forced in two runs, giving way to Boyd with the bases still full. The visitors did poor work in this inning and Pittsburg scored enough runs to win. Score:

		R	H	E
Pittsburg	7 1 0 0 0 2 1 5 *	16	12	0
Washington	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 3	5	8	6

Batteries—Hughey and Merrill; Boyd, German and Maguire. Attendance 2,500.

Cleveland 11, Brooklyn 5.

Cleveland, O., May 8.—Hard hitting by Cleveland, assisted by two errors and a base on balls gave the home club a lead in the third inning. A similar combination in the seventh clinched the game. Attendance 1,200. Score:

		R	H	E
Cleveland	0 0 5 0 1 1 4 0 *	11	12	1
Brooklyn	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	6	4

Batteries—Wilson and Zimmer; Abbey, Kennedy and Grim.

New York 5, Louisville 2.

St. Louis, Mo., May 8.—Donohue's wildness and errors by Cross and Parrott enabled the New Yorkers to win. Attendance 1,000. Score:

		R	H	E
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	2	5	2
New York	0 2 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	5	5	1

Batteries—Donahue and McFarland; Clarke and Wilson.

Manager Harry Diddlebock, of the St. Louis Browns, was suspended this morning. It is alleged that he won considerable money on the races Thursday night and began celebrating. He did not show up this morning and it is said Arlie Latham will take his place.

Chicago 5, Philadelphia 3.

Chicago, May 8.—Captain Nash will protest the game today between the Phillies and the Colts, in which the latter got the decision by a score of 5 to 3. The trouble happened in the first half of the ninth inning, and grew out of a wrangle between Nash and the umpire. The game was good on both sides. Attendance 2,500. Score:

		R	H	E
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 3 2 0 x	5	8	3
Philadelphia	0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	3	5	2

Batteries—Griffith, Kittredge and Donahue; McGill and Boyle.

Boston 7, Louisville 0.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—Louisville was shut out today by Boston through Stivetts's magnificent pitching. William McCunnigle is expected here tomorrow to have a consultation with the Louisville club owners in regard to taking the management of the team. Attendance 300. Score:

		R	H	E
Louisville	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	2
Boston	0 1 2 0 0 0 1 3 x	7	7	0

Batteries—Smith and Warner; Stivetts and Ganzel.

Cincinnati 9, Baltimore 5.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—Arlington Pond, who has won out three games for Baltimore this season, was knocked out of the box in the fourth inning today. Red Ehret was in good form, and had perfect support. McPhee's batting and Keeler's catch in right field of a hit that looked good for three bases, were the features. Attendance 3,00. Score:

		R	H	E
Cincinnati	2 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 0	9	12	0
Baltimore	0 3 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	5	9	5

Batteries—Ehret and Peitz; Pond, Clarkson and Donnelly.

Knoxville Defeats Nashville.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 8.—The most exciting game of baseball ever seen in Knoxville was played at Baldwin park today between the local team and the athletics, of Nashville. The score by innings is as follows:

Knoxville ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3 h, 9; e, 3
Nashville . . . .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 h, 9; e, 2

Batteries—Miller and Gibson; Kirwin and Foreith.

Miller and Gibson are both imported boys from Columbus, Ga., but their playing today was phenomenal. Miller struck out the third man in the ninth inning with all bases full. This made a shut out on each side, necessitating the tenth inning.

Catcher Dobbs Released.

Columbus, Ga., May 8.—(Special.)—One of the catchers on the Columbus ball team, Dobbins, has been released by the management of the club, who state that while he is an efficient player he cannot throw as his arm is out of shape. A Mobile catcher will probably be secured in his stead. Some time ago Dobbins was released by Mr. Strouthers, who then managed the club, but a day or two ago he was taken back on trial, he stating that his arm was all right again. He is quite a favorite among the local fans, who regret his release.

South Carolina Champions.

Spartanburg, S. C., May 8.—(Special.)—Wofford college and Furman university met on the diamond here this afternoon. Wofford won the game by a score of 8 to 7. This gives the local team the state championship.

The Louisville Track.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—Five well-contested and exciting races were run today, two of which were very much on the "dump" order. Only two favorites won and the books got their first win of the meet. There was a splendid crowd in attendance. Track fast.

First race, five furlongs—Souffle, 100, Thorpe, 15 to 1, won; Penury second; First Mate, third. Time 1:28.

Second race, five furlongs—Burlesque, 108, Thorpe, 15 to 1, won; Penury, second; First Assassin, third. Time 1:02¾.

Third race, mile and fifty yards—Judith, 111, Thorpe, 4 to 5, won; Lester, second; Fretful, third. Time 1:47.

Fourth race, the Maiden stakes, six and a half furlongs—Aimee, 100, Sherrer, 20 to 1, won; Bonnie Dundee, second Leonaise, third. Time 1:22½.

Fifth race, four furlongs—Stentor, 110, R. Williams, 4 to 1, won; Ethel Lee, second; Chappie, third. Time :48¾.

Today's Entries at Louisville.

First race, three-fourths of a mile—Caesarian 108, Old Gentleman 107, Sligo 107, Rondo 106, Twinkle 104, Bona Vera 101, Miss Francis 99, Zanone 98, Maggie S 92, Reprieve 90, Dorothy 87.

Second race, one mile, handicap—Jake Zimmerman 110, Rel del Mar 109, Ben Holloday 106, Egbart 105, The Dragon 100, Loki 99.

Third race nine-sixteenths of a mile, the Cadet stakes—*Boanerges 123, *Lord Zeni 118, Remp 113, Vengeance 113, Abe Furst 113, Arrezzo 113, Zo-Lo 110.

Fourth race, one mile—Ko Ko 110, Plutus 110, Mate 106, Chicot 98, Fred Barr 98, Presidio 94, Cherub 89, Rubber Neck 85.

Fifth race, half mile—Flexible 114, Mazeppa 107, Myora 107, Princess Teck 107, Garminella 107, Ilida 107, High Society 107, Lady Estelle 107, Govinda 107, Rosinante 107, Forfeit 107, Ella T 107, Alice C 107, Ardiente 107.

*Hot Springs stable entry.

Weather clear; track fast.

A Good Day in Chicago.

Chicago, May 8.—The struggle of the day at Sheffield came up in the last race in which Dago and Belvour indulged in a head and head finish, Dago winning out by a nose. Sammie Young at 3 to 1, was the only favorite to take a race. The Indiana derby, valued at $2,000, will be run at Sheffield tomorrow.

First race, six furlongs—G. B. Swift, 102, Soden, 6 to 1, won; Denistette, second; Warren Point, third. Time 1:16¾.

Second race, seven furlongs—Sammie Young, 97, Clay, 3 to 1, won; Terra Archer, second; Waterman, third. Time 1:30¾.

Third race, six furlongs—Frankie D., 110, Hyle, 6 to 1, won; the Rook, second; Longdale, third. Time 1:16½.

Fourth race, mile—Evanatus, 100, Dorsey, 5 to 1, won; Redskin, second; Orinda, third. Time 1.43¼.

Fifth race, five furlongs—Floreanna, 126, Lewis, 3 to 1, won; Tramp, second; Loretta, third. Time 1:02¾.

Sixth race, six furlongs—Dago, 106, Hueston, 3 to 1, won; Belvour, second; Merry Monarch, third. Time 1:14¾.

Not a Good Day for Croker's Stable.

London, May 8.—The Kempton Park spring meeting opened today. The Hanworth Park welter of 200 sovereigns, Jubilee course, one mile, was won by Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's bay colt, Moor, three years old. Mr. Beauchamp's bay colt, Marton, three years old, second, and Mr. C. Morbey's chestnut colt by Pioneer, out of Hypatia, three years old, third. Richard Croker's chestnut colt, Nashville, by Iroquois, out of Bulette, three years old, was among the starters, but was not placed.

The Fullwell plate of 105 sovereigns, six furlongs, the winner to be sold at auction for 100 sovereigns, was won by Blanc Mange. Maffio, was second and Full of Fashion third.

Mr. Croker's brown gelding, Eau Gallilee, formerly Utica, by Iroquois, out of Duchess, four years old, was a starter, but did not get a place. The betting on Eau Galilee was 7 to 4.

The Royal two-year-old plate, 2,900 sovereigns, five furlongs, on the straight course, was won by Mr. Faire's bay colt, Eager, Lord Rosebery's bay filly, Chandlery, second and the duke of Portland's bay filly, Lady Frivoles, third.

TO BUILD THE BRIDGE.

Contract To Build Peachtree Creek Bridge Let Yesterday.

The new bridge over Peachtree creek on the road to Buckhead will be built by the Louisville Bridge and Iron Works at a cost of $6,300, and work on the structure will be commenced at once.

At the meeting of the finance committee of the board of county commissioners yesterday morning the bids which were opened at the last session of the board were considered, and the contract was let to the Louisville Bridge and Iron Works, as the bid of this firm was the lowest and was thought to be the best in the opinion of the county commissioners.

The terms of the contract require work to be begun immediately upon the award of the contract and the wooden structure which now spans the stream is unsafe for travel. Many complaints have been received by the commissioners from people living out the Buckhead road who were compelled to cross the bridge in order to reach the city, claiming that the floor of the bridge was in danger of giving away at any time, and that there was danger of the foundations and floor timbers crashing under the weight of the heavily loaded teams which daily cross the bridge.

The plans and specifications for the new bridge were executed by Supervising Architect Grant Wilkins, and require a bridge to be built on modern principles, of iron, steel and stone. The floor may be paved with blocks, and other additions may be made to the structure by the county.

New Improvements To Be Made.

Not only is the bridge to be erected at once by the county, but much work has been mapped out for the approaches to the bridge.

For many years the long hill leading to the bridge from the city has been almost, if not quite, impassable in the winter, and the road bed has frequently been allowed to wash until it was almost an impossibility for a heavily loaded team to reach the bridge.

"This hill is to be cut down almost to a level," said Commissioner Thompson yesterday, "and the bridge proper will be raised eight feet higher than the present structure, making it possible to carry out the plans of Mr. Wilkins.

"In a short time the chert pavement will be extended to the bridge, and probably on toward Buckhead, as this road is doubtless used more than any other thoroughfare leading into the city.

"I have worked long and patiently for years," said Mr. Thompson, "to secure this improvement for the people who live beyond the bridge and whose business requires them to bring their teams into the city. The long, tedious approach to the end of the bridge has always been an obstacle in the way of the farmers hauling their produce to town, and I am pleased to know that I have at least succeeded in securing the improvements to the road and the new bridge across the creek."

To Extend the Chert.

Now that Commissioner Thompson has succeeded in securing the bridge, he will endeavor to have the chert paving extended as far as the bridge, if no further.

"I hope to see the road from the city limits all the way to Buckhead paved with the chert," said he, "and I am going to endeavor to get this work done before the winter rains set in, and make the road a loblolly, as it has often been after hard rains.

"The chert paving we have used on this end of the road has proven entirely satisfactory, and I think we will make no mistake to extend this improvement out to the county limits."

The material necessary for the construction of the bridge will be made in Louisville, and will be shipped to Atlanta ready for the different pieces to be placed in position.

The work will probably be completed within ninety days, and the bridge will be opened to the public by the early part of the fall.

MILLS ON SPANISH TYRANNY.

Texas' Senator Speaks His Mind on Cuban Matters.

In a letter to Dr. I. T. Tichenor, of this city, on the Diaz case, Hon. Roger Q. Mills presents strongly his views of Cuban freedom. He says:

"United States Senate, Washington, D. C., April 23, 1896.—I. T. Tichenor, D. D., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: I have your letter of the 20th instant, and the resolutions of the home mission board of the southern Baptist convention. I feel as keenly as you do for Mr. Diaz and the oppressed people he is trying to help. I hope he will soon be restored to liberty. Our state department has been doing all it could do for his release, and the indications are that he will be released from imprisonment upon condition that he leaves the island and the doomed people to their fate. I wish I could say to you that I hoped for the early release of the people of Cuba from the power of the despot, but you know hope is made up of expectation as well as desire. I desire it will all my heart, and I believe with all my heart that Cuba will eventually come out of the dungeon and take her place among the governments that stand for personal, political and religious liberty. I rejoice to see the Baptist people speaking out on the subject. I remember the history of the struggle for religious liberty in our own country and recall the steadfast support the Baptists gave to Jefferson and Madison while they were leading the people against intolerance and biogtry. It was greatly through their united and active support that the church was divorced from the power of the state and freedom of thought, speech, and conscience was made the inheritance of the American people. I hope the Baptist people will see that despotism in all its despicable features in Cuba is suppressed by the power of the United States, and when they do see it, that they will speak out as their fathers did and demand of their government either that it shall cease its guardianship over the island of Cuba, or compel the tyrant to cease his butcheries of the helpless people whom we hold in subjection to his power. With kind regards, yours truly,
R. Q. MILLS."

GROOM ALLEN GETS A CELL

The Honeymoon of the Young Man Was Cut Short Yesterday.

SIDE BY SIDE WITH DELK

The Old Man Sees His Son-in-Law a Prisoner.

HE IS IN LOVE WITH HIS WIFE

Declares That It Was a Bona Fide Love Match—What He Has To Say.

Joe Allen, the self-professed captor of old man Delk, and the newly acquired son-in-law of the noted outlaw, is himself a prisoner at police station.

Allen arrived in Atlanta yesterday morning from Concord, where he left his bride, and before he had been in Atlanta a dozen hours was arrested by Detective Wooten on a charge of forgery and locked up at police headquarters in a cell adjoining the one occupied by old man Taylor Delk, his father-in-law.

As the young man passed the cell of the old outlaw Turnkey Dobbins said, "Well, Mr. Delk, I've got your son-in-law, Joe Allen, here."

"Well, take him on by," the old man replied dryly, and Allen was ushered into the next cell.

When arrested Allen wore a light suit and light pair of lace shoes and presented an altogether dapper appearance.

Allen declared he did not know on what charge he had been arrested—in fact, so far as he knew he had not been arrested.

"I passed police headquarters a half dozen times today," said the amateur detective, "and was not arrested. It was while standing on Whitehall street that I was told that I was wanted at headquarters and I came on down with Detective Wooten."

Allen admitted that Wooten was the one who told him he was wanted but insists that he was not arrested but came on down of his own volition. When told that he was wanted on a charge of passing a worthless check for $5 Allen said he could explain that very easily. "Last Saturday," said Allen, "just before leaving for Concord I stopped at a dago's stand and told the proprietor I was broke and wanted to borrow $5. I told him of my intentions and plans to capture the Delks and that I expected to make a big pile of money out of the capture. He agreed to let me have the $5 if I would give him my personal check for that amount and put the money in the bank to cover it later. I merely borrowed it and gave him my check as an acknowledgment of the debt, and I did this on his own suggestion.

"This whole business is a hatched up scheme to do me out of the reward money for the capture of Delk. I never was in jail before in my life, and I'm sorry I'm here this time. It will all come out all right, thought."

Allen declared he could not remember the name of the dago to whom he gave the check nor where the dago's stand is located. His talk was in a somewhat rambling, disconnected way which may be attributed to the excitement under which he labors. About four years ago Allen had his head badly mashed between two bumpers on a car. This came near causing him to lose his life and he said last night as he exhibited the scars on his head that there were times when he was hardly at himself, that when he got to thinking too hard on a subject his mind seemed to become clouded and failed him.

Allen bitterly repudiated the statement published that he had married Addie Delk because he feared the wrath of his wife's relatives. The statement which was published and credited to Allen intimated that the marriage was one of those matches which are made without the least desire on the part of the groom for benedictine honors. Indeed a very natural inference to be drawn is that the groom was invited to attend the wedding by the father and brother of the bride, who advanced such eloquent arguments and potent reasons that the slight coyness on his part was overcome and his presence secured. Allen vigorously denies that he ever made such a statement.

"I wish you would just say for me that I've been engaged to my wife for months before all this trouble with the Delks began. I love her as well as any man eve loved his wife, and with God's help I intend to do the right thing by her. She is a lady and so is her mother—the women of the family are all good, devout Christians. Nothing has ever been said against them, and if anything is said against Mrs. Delk or her daughter, it is a lie."

When asked why, if he loves his wife, he wished to capture her father and turn him over to the officers, Allen said he did that because he thought it best for the female members of the family. He knew his father-in-law was innocent, not only of the murder of Sheriff Guinn, but of any of the robberies attributed to him. "He'll prove his innocence when he has a trial—now you watch that. I wanted him captured more on his own account, and on account of his wife and daughters than for the reward which I hoped to get."

Allen says the Atlanta detectives sneaked his plans which were published in The Constitution and worked on them. Just on what ground he will claim the reward does not appear, but he declares that he alone is entitled to the credit and reward for the capture.

When asked what he intended doing after he got out of jail, he said: "I'm going to follow the advice of my father and mother. If I had done so before this I would never have got into all this trouble. I would never have known any member of the Delk family. But I love my wife," he repeated hurriedly and with emphasis. "I have given up everything for her and haven't got a friend in Atlanta, so far as I know. I've been turned out of home on her account," said the young man, with deep emotion. "I'm sorry I've brought this trouble on my family, although it don't amount to anything, as will be seen at the trial.

"I just borrowed the money and gave the check on the Capital City bank. I intend to put my reward money in that bank because I know Mr. Wall, who stays there."

Allen's father, Mr. George W. Allen, lives at No. 6 Hill street, and is car inspector for the Western and Atlantic railroad. The old man enjoys the respect and confidence of those who know him and keenly feels the shame attaching to his son's present predicament.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

SOCIAL, CRIMINAL, RELIGIOUS AND OTHER MATTERS.

Some Local Happenings of a Day Gathered from Many Sources by Constitution Reporters.

Buried Yesterday.

Mrs. Sarah A. Davis, who died Wednesday at her home on Gartrell street, after a lingering illness, was buried yesterday in Newnan, Ga.

Mrs. Davis was for many years a consistent member of the Central Baptist church, and her death is mourned by all who knew and appreciated her splendid Christian character. She leaves four children—Mrs. W. F. Randall, Mrs. Mollie Williams, Mrs. Ed. Lyle, of Carrollton, Ga., and Mr. Joe Davis. The funeral services were conducted in Newnan by Rev. Mr. Stacy.

The Junior Cycle Club.

Owing to the great number of young cyclists in Atlanta, the Junior Cycle Club has been organized and the young riders will soon be taking club runs. A great race will be given after a while by the club and in the meantime the boys will be getting up good speed. A meeting of the club will be held Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, at The Constitution, Jr., office, at which all young cyclists desiring to join will be given an opportunity.

Called to Augusta.

Dr. Julian A. Thomas has been hurriedly called to Augusta to the bedside of his brother, who is critically ill.

For Burglary.

Elijah Goodwell, colored, was arrested at a late hour last night on a charge of burglary. It is claimed that Goodwell broke into another negro's house and stole a quantity of blankets. He declares, however, that the blankets were put on a wagon with his effects, which he was moving, "onbeknowenst" to him, through the mistake of a negro girl.

New Post Starts Tonight.

A new post of the Travelers Protective Association of America will be organized tonight in the convention hall of the Aragon hotel. The new post will be known as post F, and will start on its career with thirty members. This is the second post of this association that has been organized in this city, and there is no doubt that it will be a success. Officers will be elected tonight, and the new post will be started out under a bright star.

To Be Conducted by Young Men.

The meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock will be conducted by the young men of the Trinity Epworth League. Speeches will be made by the different members of the league, and all young men of the city are especially invited to attend.

They Ride to Lakewood.

The Young Men's Christian Association Cycle Club takes its regular run this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock from the building. The run will be to Lakewood and back, with a few minutes' rest at Lakewood. The roadt o this place in in excellent condition, and it makes one of the prettiest runs anywhere about the city. All wheelmen are invited to participate in the run.

Meeting Notice.

A new post of the Travelers' Protective Association of America, will be organized tonight at the Aragon hotel. All members wi'l meet in convention hall of the Aragon promptly at 8 o'clock.

Moerlein's Won It.

Several members of the Industrial Nnion were discussing a few nights ago the question as to the most popular brand of beer, and as there was considerable difference of opinion on the subject, it was finally suggested that nine men be selected at random, that three kegs of different kinds of beer be sent for and that judgment be taken on them. This was agreed to and the committee appointed, and the three kegs were brought in covered. The test was made and the unanimous verdict was in favor of the first keg, which was uncovered and found to be Moerlein's Cincinnati beer.

Two Boys Bound Over.

Luther Brown and Jessie Franklin, two negro boys, were bound over by Judge Foute yesterday afternoon on the charge of larceny. These boys were employed in a store some time ago, and the proprietor of the store soon began to miss articles. The boys were watched and the theft traced to them. They were arrested yesterday morning and given a speedy trial. In default of $100 bond, they went to jail.

Died of Dread Consumption.

Mr. R. C. Whittle, a young man from Mildar, Miss., died yesterday morning after an illness of some months with consumption. Mr. Whittle came here early in February, hoping that this climate would improve his health. But he gradually got worse, and expired yesterday morning. The remains will be sent to his home, where they will be interred today.

RIFLES' VETERAN CORPS.

Older Members of the Company Organize.

A veterans' corps of the Atlanta Rifles was formed at a meeting held Thursday night, and it was decided that a bronze medal would be given each one who had served five years.

The following officers were elected:

M. B. Spence, president; W. T. Kuhns, first vice president; H. L. Francis second vice president; E. W. Reinhardt, captain; F. S. Spencer, first lieutenant; W. W. Richardson, second lieutenant; Frank Pittman, secretary; Thomas Fleming, treasurer. Executive committee, Frank Hill, C. O. Hill, G. W. Mann, C. E. Winship, T. J. Ripley.

By unanimous vote, Mr. E. C. Bruffey was elected an honorary member.

OFFICE OF BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY. DURHAM, N. C.

To ALL Merchants Who Retail TOBACCO.

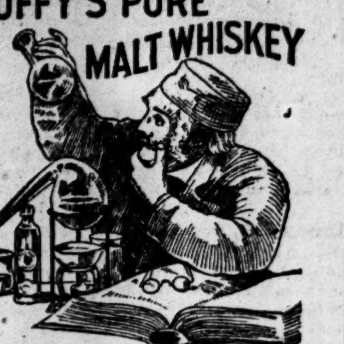
Dear Sir:
You are entitled to receive FREE from your wholesale dealer, WHITE STAR SOAP with all the Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco you buy. One bar of soap Free with each pound, whether 16 oz., 8 oz., 4 oz., or 2 oz., packages.

We have notified every wholesale dealer in the United States that we will supply them with soap to give you FREE. Order a good supply of GENUINE DURHAM at once, and insist on getting your soap. One bar of Soap FREE with each pound you buy. Soap is offered for a limited time, so order to-day. Yours very truly,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY



FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

For Coughs, Colds, Grip, Pneumonia and the early stages of Consumption. It is sold by all reliable druggists and grocers. Insist upon having Duffy's. Send for illustrated pamphlet to

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO.
Rochester, N. Y.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's office, May 8, 1896.—Myra H. Boynton, administratrix on the estate of C. E. Boynton, Sr. has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased located in Cobb county, said state. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will he then granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
may 9-16-23-30 sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, April 17, 1896.—G. A. Adamson has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 13th day of May, 1896, at my office. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
may8-2t

HELP WANTED—Male.

PRINTERS WANTED—Can give employment to six good, steady printers. Come at once. Stewart's Printing House, Winston, N. C. may 9-3t

WANTED—Man with push to introduce a new article among merchants and stablemen in Atlanta and every city and town in Georgia and surrounding states. Easily pay $9 per day; sells on sight; no competition. Address, with stamp, American Mfg. Co., 434 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa. may 9-2t

WANTED—Three or four good job printers. Apply at once to Franklin Print. and Pub. Co., 65 Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga. may8-3t

WANTED—Superintendents and agents. Indemnity for accident, sickness and death. Address Western Industrial Association, Temple building, St. Louis, Mo. may 3-11t

WANTED—A good solicitor to travel through the south and take orders for a high-class subscription book; applicant must be competent to do business with professional and business men; references required. Address C. A. Nichols Company, Camden, O. may3-8t

WANTED—Salesman.

SALESMEN understanding cigar business desiring employment answer; goods sold by sample on credit; good pay, expenses, exclusive territory assured to proper applicant. Address P. O. Box 420, N. Y. city. mch11-12t-wed-sat

WANTED—Salesman; salary from start. Brown Bros.' nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. apr11-24t sat sun

$75 TO $150 a month and expenses paid salesmen for cigars; experience unnecessary; standard goods; Little Clerk cigar machine free to each customer. Bishop & Kline, St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN to show our cigars to dealers; $150 monthly; salary and expenses; inexperienced men less. Folk Ritchie Co., St. Louis. apr19-1m.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

6-ROOM HOUSE, 384 Spring street, $22.50; exellent order and good surroundings. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street. may8-7t

8-ROOM HOUSE, 262 Forest avenue. This must be rented at once; see the house and then see me for price. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street. may8-7t

38-ROOM BRICK HOTEL, Trinity avenue and Forsyth street, well arranged and suited for business. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street. may8-7t

FOR RENT—Elegant 9-room house on Pulliam street, close in; desirable neighborhood with every modern convenience. A. S. Byers, care Ware Furniture Company. 'Phone 377. may7-3t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—One store or ground floor offices on Alabama street; one large store on Whitehall street. J. H. & A. L. James. may 9-3t

$12.50 FOR THE STORE and 4 rooms corner Pryor and Ridge avenue. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street. may8-3t

PERSONAL.

YOUNG MEN, after you have tried everything else and want to be cured at once of gonorrhoea and gleet, also syphilis in its worst form; never fails. Confidential, Box 40, Atlanta, Ga. may 3-7t

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED at 89 Capitol avenue; pleasant summer home, close in, all modern conveniences; terms reasonable.

WANTED BOARDERS—Choicest place, situation lovely, fare excellent, location convenient, new house, newly and elegantly furnished, 187 South Pryor.

WANTED for the summer—Three couples without children to board with private family in Marietta; large, comfortable rooms and all the comforts of home; references given and required. Address J. N., Marietta, Ga. may8-5t

WANTED—A couple to occupy nice front room, with board. Terms reasonable. No. 163 Loyd street. may8-2t

THE GRANT HOUSE, on Whitehall st., is offering very low rates for the summer months. may7-7t

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE FIVE—Prettiest lots in Inman Park for sale. Will improve to suit purchaser. T. W. Baxter &Co., 210 Norcross building.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

YOU THROW money away if you pay more than $35 for a typewriter. Call and get a sample of the work of a "Blick." Compare with any high-priced machine. K. M. Turner, general agent, No. 41 N. Broad street. apr 19 6m

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A cigar stand doing good business; owner has to retire on account of sickness. Apply No. 4 Marietta street, Bob Steele's barber shop.

FOR SALE—Cheap, restaurant fixtures, show case and counter, 1,100 pound platform scales, etc. 32 Peachtree street. may7-3t

PLANING MILL in first-class condition, ready to commence work, for rent or sale. Equipped with all modern improvements. George S. May, 706 Temple court. may2-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished Houses.

FRONT ROOM to rent; large, cool, pleasant, furnished. Call 340 Luckie street.

MEDICAL.

LADIES!—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond brand) are the best. Safe, reliable, take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. All druggists. Chichester Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa. may 26-20t mon [illegible] thu sat su.

ROOMS—With or Without Board.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with Cain street. may 9 4t sat sun tu wed

If You Think it's about time for the diamond engagement ring, get it now, don't take any chances; have the ring ready. We've got just what you want. All you have to do is to pick it out.

Julius R. Watts & Co. Jewelers, 57 Whitehall.
Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver

MONEY TO LOAN.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office, fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, cashier.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building, Atlanta.

MONEY ON HAND to lend at 6, 7 and 8 per cent straight on real estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties; also monthly payment loans; good notes and building and loan stock bought. W. A. Foster, No. 1 North Broad street.

TRADERS' COMPANY negotiates loans on real estate; city property to exchange for good farms or timber land; bank stocks for sale. 47 N. Broad street. jan11-ly

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street.

ON ALL valuables, diamonds, jewelry, etc.; liberal and confidential. Henry H. Schaul, 56 Decatur street, near Pryor.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgage loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases. apr 19-6m

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate; amounts $500 to $10,000; no delay. S. A. Corker, 720 Temple court.

T. W. BAXTER & CO. make loans on choice, improved Georgia farm lands a specialty at very low rate of interest. If security is satisfactory rate will be made so. No. 210 Norcross building, Atlanta.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS—$90 weekly salary to right parties. Little work, a snap for some one, new scheme; failure impossible; write for special proposition. Lock Box 5308, Boston, Mass. apr 19 3m sun mon wed sat

WANTED—Soliciting agent for the Chattanooga Saving and Building Association. Organized in 1881. Liberal inducements to good men. Address P. R. Albert, general manager, Chattanooga, Tenn. may 3-6t eod

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Light, strong, easy one-horse buggy. Describe and give age, use and approximate weight, and price. Address "Cash," Constitution.

WANTED—A double-seated conveyance; a trap, surrey or phaeton; must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Address L. H., care Constitution. may 3-3t su tu thur

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

MUST BE SOLD by the 10th, restaurant fixtures, 1,100 pound platform scales, two coffee urns. National Cash register, show case and counter, two ranges, one broiler, dishes, etc.; come, make your own prices, at 32 Peachtree street. may7-3t

SWEET POTATO slips for sale. Pumpkin, Fullerton and bunch yams $2 per thousand. W. E. Silas, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Real Estate.

A PARTY DESIRING to purchase a house and lot near Atlanta; would pay part cash and part in good Florida property. Address E. T. Robinson, 86 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. may8-2t

For Exchange

I have a piece of improved business property, renting at $50 per month, on lease of two years to a responsible tenant, and valued at $5,000, that I will exchange for a desirable vacant lot on north side. Will give or receive difference. Address P. O. box 83, city.

FOR RENT

By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad, corner Walton.

7-r. h., 284 Spring
5-r. h., 324 Crew
10-r. h., 57 Walton, G. & W.
10-r. h., 182 Jackson
5-r. h., 51 James
5-r. h., 15 W. Pine, G. & W.
7-r. h., 49 Garnett, G. & W.
7-r. h., 195 Ira
8-r. h., 456 Washington, very nice
10-r. h., 120 West Peachtree
8-r. h., 231 Courtland
8-r. h., 77 Fairlie
12-r. h., 60 Cedar and Peachtree
11-r. h., 34 Capitol Ave
11-r. h., 103 Walton
10-r. h., 273 Washington
7-r. h., 73 Williams
6-r. h., 692 South Pryor
5-r. h., 228 Forest Ave.
8-r. h., 243 Capitol Ave., furnished

We move tenants free—see notice.

FOR RENT

by D. P. Morris & Sons, 48 N. Broad St., Cor. Walton.

9-r. h., West Mitchell, G. & W.	$35 00
9-r. h., Jenkins, G. & W.	20 00
8-r. h., Windsor, G. & W.	30 00
7-r. h., Auburn Ave., G. & W.	30 00
8-r. h., Piedmont avenue G. & W.	30 00
8-r. h., Peachtree, G. & W.	25 00
7-r. h., Woodward Ave., G. & W.	20 00
7-r. h., Capitol Ave., G. & W.	22 50
6-r. h., East Pine, G. & W.	18 00
5-r. h., Hood St., G. & W.	12 50
6-r. h., Luckie, G. & W.	13 50
5-r. h., Gullatt	15 00
5-r. h., Hunnicutt	15 00

For Rent

By C. H. Girardeau, 8 East Wall St.

20 rooms, 10½ W Mitchell street	$50 00
Central store, 14 W. Mitchell street	50 00
10-r. h., 32 Auburn avenue	60 00
9-r. h., 143 Capitol avenue	40 00
9-r. h., 212 Capitol avenue	35 00
8-r. h., 11 Garnett street	20 00
8-r. h., 104 Formwalt street	27 50
8-r. h., 106 Trinity avenue	35 00
8-r. h., 160 South Forsyth street	30 00
8-r. h., 262 Forrest avenue	33 33
7-r. h., 176 Mangum street	12 50
7-r. h., 93 N. Boulevard, May 19th	18 00
6-r. h., 87 Orange street	20 00
5-r. h., Ridge avenue and Pryor street	11 00
5-r. h., 175 Davis street	15 00
4-r. h., Plum and Dairy streets	9 00
4-r. h., 33 Corput street	20 00

FOR RENT.

On lease of one to five years to an approved tenant the Gordon school building, on Edgewood avenue, containing three stories and dry basement with entrance from street; floor space measuring about 240x480 feet. Very central and desirably located; well adapted for business, college, hotel or manufacturing purposes. Heated by steam and lighted by gas and electricity. For price and further particulars address P. O. Box 83, city.

C. B. Howard, Real Estate, 409 Equitable.

Some beautiful building lots on Boulevard. 5-room house and store, adjoining Linden and Fort; 2 desirable shady lots on Glynn street; a gold mine in White, now being operated; valuable peach land near Fort Valley for exchange; small farm to exchange for merchandise.

PATENTS Promptly procured and sold. Write for pamphlet. All about it. Chandlee, Chandlee & Ward, Kiser Building, Atlanta.

MONEY can always be had on good notes and collaterals. Checks and Drafts on city and out-of-town Banks cashed after regular banking hours. TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 23, SECOND FLOOR INMAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

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time for the diamond
ring, get it now;
any chances; have the
We've got just what
All you have to do is
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R. Watts & Co.
57 Whitehall.
for Old Gold and Silver
EY TO LOAN.
L ESTATE you can borrow
ey you want from Atlanta
ny, Office, fifth floor Temple
N. Moody, cashier.
OLLEMAN negotiate loans
l estate and Georgia farms
ilding, Atlanta.
ND to lend at 6, 7 and 8
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ATLANTA, GA.

DOES THE CITY OWN THE BUILDINGS?

The Fate of the Purchase Rests on the Decision of the Mayor.

ACTION MAY BE TAKEN TODAY

City Attorney Anderson Has Rendered His Opinion

AND MAYOR KING WILL NOW TAKE ACTION

The Citizens Are Ready with Their Subscriptions and All Hangs on the Mayor's Final Decision.

The interesting question as to the ownership of the exposition buildings has been placed in the hands of Mayor Porter King for decision, and upon his action rests the fate of the purchase, which has been passed upon by the general council and conditionally concurred in by the aldermanic board.

Late yesterday afternoon City Attorney Anderson sent his opinion on the question to Mayor King and final action will doubtless be taken by the mayor this morning.

The opinion of City Attorney Anderson is quite lengthy and goes into all the details of the question, reciting the terms of the lease between the exposition company and the city, and giving in full the law and his decision.

Mayor King stated last night that he would pass upon the question at the earliest possible opportunity, as he was anxious to have the question disposed of.

Until the mayor passes upon the action of council, the fate of the buildings will be unknown. At the mass meeting of citizens Mayor King made a favorable speech to the purchase of the buildings and added a subscription of $50 to the list of donations, but at the same time he stated that he reserved the right to pass upon the matter as an official, as he thought was right.

Taking into consideration the expressed opinion of the mayor, it is probable that only the legal side of the issue will be taken into consideration by him. If the city owns the buildings, the city will, of course, not purchase its own property; if the buildings are not owned by the city, the mayor will in all probability, approve the action of the council and the buildings will become the property of the city.

It is now a matter of ownership, and upon this hangs the decision of the mayor.

The Opinion of the City Attorney.

Judge Anderson has fully investigated the issue, and his opinion, consisting of a number of closely typewritten pages, was placed in the hands of Mayor King last night for his consideration.

"The mayor has requested me in writing to furnish him an extended opinion of the question," said Attorney Anderson yesterday," and in pursuance of his request I have furnished the opinion, and it is ready to be placed in his hands.

"As the mayor has asked for the opinion and has not yet passed upon the matter, I do not deem it the part of wisdom to make any statement upon the matter. The opinion is the mayor's private property, and until he passes upon it, I cannot say anything of its contents."

In regard to the action of both the council and the aldermanic board Attorney Anderson said that he thought it illegal, as the terms of the purchase made by the council was more in the nature of a trade than that of an appropriation, which was illegal, and the aldermanic board in saying that the concurrence was conditionally made, was also illegal.

Having taken this position, the action of both council and the aldermanic board is annulled and the matter goes back to the time at which the proposition was first made, as though no action had been taken.

Will Act at Once.

Though Mayor King has four days in which to make his decision, he will doubtless act today, or as soon as an opinion has been formulated as the result of his investigation.

"I do not feel that I am in a position to say anything about the question," said he last night, "as I have written the city attorney, asking him for an extended opinion on the subject, and this opinion will be made the basis of my action.

"I will pass upon the question as soon as I can reach it," said he, "and I do not think that will be very long, as I am exceedingly anxious to dispose of the issue at my first possible opportunity."

The matter of ownership of the buildings is seemingly a knotty question, as the terms of the lease between the exposition and the city is susceptible of more than one construction. In one paragraph it is stated that the city has the right to remove or sell the buildings at any time during the existence of the lease or within ninety days of its termination, and in another paragraph the same privilege is apparently given the exposition company.

The Rights of the City.

The rights of the city as expressed in the lease contract are very plain, and the paragraph relating to the ownership of the buildings is as follows:

"It is expressly stipulated that the party of the second part may remove at any time within the continuance of this lease or within ninety days from its termination, any and all of the buildings, structures and improvements put thereon by said party of the second part, and the said party of the second part shall have the further right to sell any such buildings, improvements and structures and invest the purchaser thereof with like authority of removal, it being understood that the owner of said grounds at the time of any such sale shall have the option to purchase the same at the highest price offered by any bona fide bidder."

As the $75,000 subscription made by the city was to be placed in buildings or other improvements, the question naturally arises as to what certain buildings this fund was used in.

Mr. C. A. Collier says that the contribution went into the general fund and was used for various purposes, and that none of the money was spent under the supervision of the city, as was also provided for in the lease which was entered into at the same time.

How Much Does the City Own?

If the city contributed $75,000 toward the erection of $300,000 worth of buildings, it will be seen that the city does not own all the buildings, but only a certain per cent of them in the proportion of $75,000 to $300,000.

Attorney Westmoreland says that since the fund has become mixed, and neither the city nor the exposition company can tell where the city's money was expended, the city was entitled to all of the buildings.

The question has taken a decided turn from the status of the citizens' meeting, and what seemed then to be a certain purchase has assumed a legal complexion which may mean defeat to the proposition.

The Citizens Are Ready To Pay.

The popular subscription which was to be raised by the citizens has about all been secured, but the various committees which were appointed at the citizens meeting have not made their report to Mr. George W. Parrott.

"I will have the reports tomorrow," said Mr. Parrott last night, "but I can safely say upon information received that the amount of $7,500 has been raised and will be ready for payment if the mayor approves the purchase."

NO SETTLEMENT YET.

ATTORNEYS OF EX-CLERK COOPER HAVE MADE NO DECISION.

A Proposition To Liquidate the Shortage Was Not Made by the Finance Committee Yesterday.

The conference between the attorneys of ex-County Clerk John Tyler Cooper and the finance committee of the board of county commissioners was not held yesterday morning as was expected by many.

The probable cause of the delay in making a proposition to settle the amount short was due to the absence from the city of County Attorney Rosser, who was also to be present at the conference.

Attorney Rosser is out of the city and will not return until tomorrow. If the attorneys of Mr. Cooper so desire, the finance committee will doubtless hold a special meeting for the purpose of making a final adjustment of the matter and this may be done within the next few days.

Mr. Cooper will not accept the report of the finance committee in its entirety, as he has already pointed out several items to Mr. Kontz, which he says are incorrect, and claims that several entries of money received and charged to him were never made during his term of office.

The present indications point to the making of another investigation of the books of the county, which will be conducted by the attorneys of Mr. Cooper. If this statement is prepared the two will then be compared, and an adjustment will probably follow in short order.

A SECOND RECEIVER ASKED FOR

Blount Stave and Machine Works Again in the Courts.

A second application for receiver has been filed in the superior court by two of the stockholders of the Blount Stave and Machine Company, charging that President A. C. Conn, the permanent receiver, and J. N. Moore and others are trying to wreck the business of the company.

The petitioners, R. O. Randall and Carry Turrentine, who claim to hold together seventy-five shares of the stock of the company, charge that President A. C. Conn, who is now the permanent receiver of the company, is trying to conduct matters in such a manner as to wreck the assets and business of the corporation and ruin its credit.

The applicants claim that the gentlemen who are the officers of the company have extended a credit to the firm of Blodgett & Moore to an amount almost double their rating, also alleging that President Conn executed a mortgage to himself to secure an alleged claim of $8,176.46 against the company without the knowledge of the stockholders.

In the petition it is alleged that the Atlanta Cooperage Company, to whom a deed was made by President Conn for a consideration of $22,500, was never organized and that the transaction was fraudulent.

Many other charges of a sensational nature are made in the bill and the petitioners state that they are in danger of losing the value of their stock.

Judge Lumpkin granted a temporary restraining order yesterday morning and the case will be heard on May 23d, in chambers. In the meantime the parties are enjoined from changing the status of the business of the corporation or in any way encumbering or disposing of the assets.

IN BANGS'S FARCE.

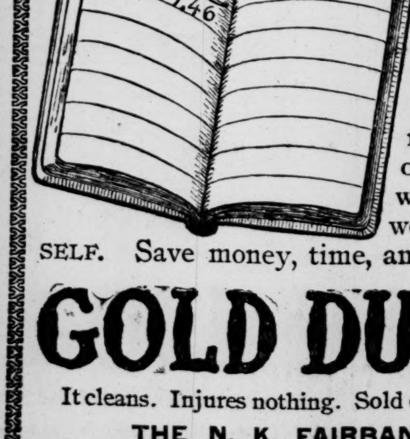
The Presentation of "The Bicyclers" Will Be a Great Success

The society comedy, in which a number of well-known young society people will take part, is already an assured success, as the rush for tickets has commenced and the most of the boxes have been spoken for.

This is the play in which Mrs. Sarah Grant Jackson, Mrs. Dr. Jarnigan, Miss Lucy Peel, Miss Annie Maude, Miss Julia Collier, Miss Cabell, Mr. Ernest West, Mr. James Nutting, Mr. Burton Smith, Mr. Fulton Colville, Mr. Ben Neal Thornton and others will play the leading roles.

Tickets have been put on sale at 50 cents with no extra charge for reserved seats. The performance will be given at the Grand Thursday evening, May 14th. It will be for the benefit of the chimes.

It will be the last social and dramatic feature of the season and probably the best, and a large audience will doubtless greet the comedy company's first appearance before the footlights.



Cut Down Expenses

by buying a package of Gold Dust. Stop money leakages all over the house. Save wear and tear on woodwork, china, and YOURSELF. Save money, time, and labor, by using

GOLD DUST Washing Powder.

It cleans. Injures nothing. Sold everywhere. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

WAS WILLIAMS FOULLY KILLED?

Several Facts Which Show That He Is Not a Suicide.

WAS WELL KNOWN IN ATLANTA

Was Traveling for a Drug Firm in This City.

HIS FIANCEE KNOWS OF HIS FATE

He Was Engaged to a Young Lady in This City and His Wedding Day Had Been Fixed.

Was Herbert D. Williams murdered?

A special to The Constitution from Little Rock Wednesday morning told of the finding of the body of a young man about five miles from the city. The body was floating down the river, and when examined it was found that a bullet hole was in the head.

It was supposed that he committed suicide. Papers were found upon him which went to show that he was engaged by an Atlanta firm. No reason could be assigned for the act. Williams was located yesterday by a representative of The Constitution, and the strange story of his death lends color to the theory that he was foully dealt with.

The young man is well known in this city. He came to Atlanta some years ago from Dalton, where his family still lives, and where he was highly thought of, for his genial manners and unselfish disposition made many friends. For the past several years he has been employed by Dr. Mozely, the lemon elixir man, on Peters street, and he was traveling in the capacity of a representative for that firm on the trip to Arkansas.

He is a brother-in-law of Mr. C. D. Willingham, well known as the stenographer for the Blue Ridge circuit, and the news of his tragic fate brought deep sorrow to the family. Only a few days before a letter had been received from him stating that he would return home soon, and was looking forward to seeing all again with great pleasure.

Was To Be Married.

But there was another, not a sister, to whom the news of his untimely fate came with greater grief. He was engaged to be married to a young lady in this city. The marriage had been set for October. Williams was happy in the anticipation of the coming event. Seven weeks ago he left Atlanta, and on the night previous to his departure called upon his prospective bride.

"I wish the day to come quick," he said, "when I can call you my own."

Last week the young lady received a letter from him written in the merriest mood, and in it was no indication of the fact that he contemplated suicide. The news of his death was a horrible shock to her. Since hearing that the body of Herbert Williams was found floating down the Arkansas river, she has been prostrate with grief. It was only a few months ago since her father died.

Was Straight with the Firm.

Williams was straight in his accounts with the firm for which he traveled. He was steady in his habits, and looked upon as a thoroughly reliable man. A letter was received from him dated April 28th, giving full reports of his work, and stating exactly the business outlook.

Since the announcement of his death, members of the family have been in constant correspondence with the authorities in Little Rock, and, from all facts gained, they have arrived at the conclusion that he was foully dealt with. They have learned that no inquest was held. Williams was found about ten miles below Little Rock, at Wells's crossing, by a farmer. His body had apparently been in the water for several days. A bullet hole was in the right side of his head.

Mr. W. H. Ramsey, of Little Rock, who is a friend of the family, is investigating the strange case.

"I cannot believe that Herbert committed suicide," said Mr. Willingham yesterday, "I have known him since he was a boy, and he had no reason for committing the rash act. Looking at it in an impartial light, why should a man cast himself into the river and shoot himself at the same time? Herbert was happy. He had every reason to live. I believe that he was murdered, and when the full facts are known it will develop that he was foully dealt with. I have ordered the case to be fully investigated. There is some mystery about it."

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, etc., quickly relieved by Brown's Bronchial Troches. They surpass all other preparations in removing hoarseness and as a cough remedy are pre-eminently the best.

BEAUTIFYING THE ROOMS.

Many Improvements Being Made by the Railroad Y. M. C. A.

The rooms of the railroad department Young Men's Christian Association are just from under the painter's brush and have been greatly beautified. The entrance and stairway have been painted a bright and cheerful color and the interior of the parlors, reading room and bath rooms have been made fresh and inviting. The railroad men are proud of the place and many of them make it their home while off duty.

The membership contest is progressing in a most gratifying manner. Ninety-seven names have been added since the contest began two weeks ago. The two teams are pushing and the race is pretty even. Captain Coleman's team, the Blues, is in the lead by nine, his team having reported fifty-three names and Captain Wardlaw's forty-four. The ground will be warmly contested and lively times will be experienced before the close, on June 25th.

Arrangements are being made for a meeting of special interest for men, at the rooms tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. H. J. Ellis, of the Edgewood Methodist church, will be the speaker, and Conductor Mayes and Mr. George W. Andrews, of the Southern Railway shops, will make the singing interesting. All railroad men and all in any way connected with railroad service are cordially invited. Christian workers who wish to aid a good cause will be welcome.

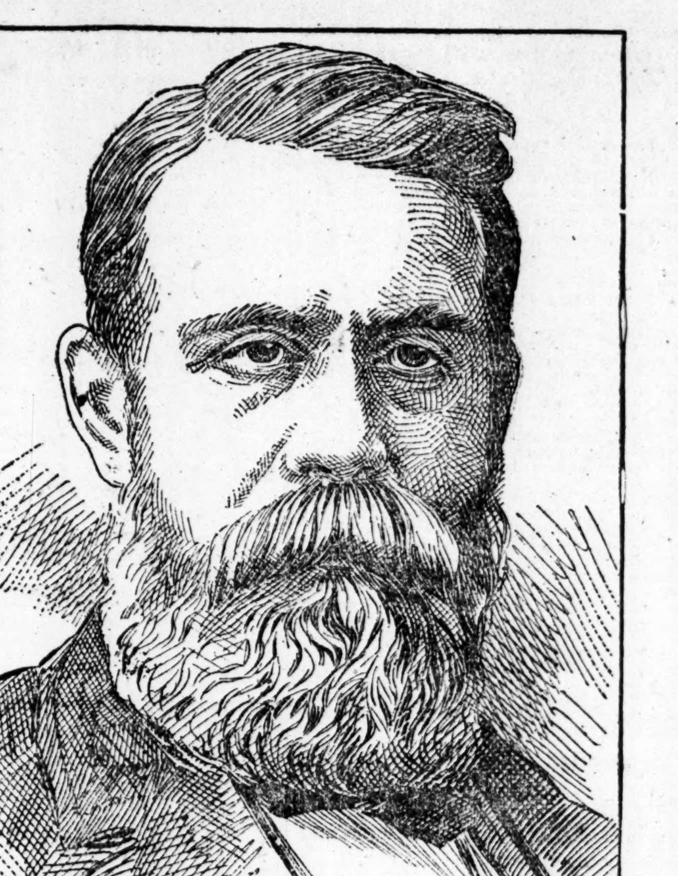
NEW BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY.

List of New Reading Matter at the Y. M. L. A.

The list of new books just received at the library and now ready for circulation is as follows: "A Woman Interferes," Robert Barr; "A Few Memories," Mary Anderson; "Poems" by Orelia Key Bell; "Experiences of a Lady-Help," Steel; "Miss Fraumerie," Albert M. Bagby; "Etidorpha," John Uri Loyd; "Labour and the Popular Welfare," Mallock; "The Brown-Squire," S. Baring-Gould; "Our Government," Jesse Macy; "Lectures on the Council of Trent," Froude; "My Musical Memories," A. R. Haweis; "History of Ancient Art," Dr. Framy von Reber; "Venezuela," William E. Curtis; "Mrs. Romney," Rosa N. Carey; "A House-Boat on the Styx," Bangs; "A Fool of Nature," Julian Hawthorne; "Snowbird and Water Tiger," Margaret Compton; "Joan Haste," Rider Haggard; "The Dominant Seventh," Kate E. Clarke; "Miss Cherry-Blossom, of Tokyo," John Luther Long; "The Continuity of Christian Thought," Allen; "Phra, the Phoenician," Edwin Lester Arnold; "Under the Deodars," Rudyard Kipling; "Out of the East," Lafcadio Hearn; "History of Ancient Sculpture," Mitchell; "Island Life," Alfred Russell Wallace; "Walks in London," Hare; "Elements of Natural Philosophy," Thompson.

UNITED STATES SUPT.

Family of Hon. William R. Smith Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.



"To him who in the love of Nature
Holds communion with her visible forms,
She speaks a various language."

No one has a deeper insight into nature's ways than the superintendent of the extensive botanic gardens of the United States at Washington.

No one knows so well as he what precious opportunities come with the spring.

Superintendent Smith, like most scientific persons, firmly believes that every one would be benefited by taking a spring remedy while the blood is readiest to be purified and invigorated.

Paine's celery compound is the only genuine spring remedy worthy of that name, in the opinion of Superintendent Smith. He writes:

"Washington, D. C., March 4, 1896.—Gentlemen: The female members of my household are more than delighted with Paine's celery compound. I learn from other friends that its popularity is steadily growing. It aids digestion, and in view of the prevalence of dyspepsia, it is one of the benefactions of the age. Very respectfully,
WILLIAM R. SMITH,
"Superintendent United States Botanic Garden."

Paine's celery compound is as far removed as the poles from the many trivial, unscientific preparations that call themselves spring remedies. It has earned the complete confidence of men and women the world over.

It is exclusively employed in families where nothing short of the best of everything pertaining to health will do.

It has lived up to the most sanguine expectations of physicians who naturally look for extraordinary results from the discovery of so eminent a physician as Professor Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL.D., of Dartmouth Medical school.

That Paine's celery compound does cure positively and permanently all diseases arising from impure blood or decline in the vigor of the nerves is cheerfully attested by thousands of earnest men and women.

Weakness, depression, irritability, pain and languor tell that the nervous matter in the brain, nerves and spinal cord is not getting sufficient nourishment.

To quickly furnish a fresh and abundant supply of nutriment for every tissue of the body is the purpose for which Paine's celery compound was first prepared. This rapid production of fresh nervous energy and pure blood was the aim of Professor Edward E. Phelps's long study of the causes of nervous exhaustion.

The result of his life work was Paine's celery compound—this remarkable remedy that permanently cures diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. It is the greatest nerve regulator and blood purifier of this century.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

50c. and $1 per box. 6 for $5. Japanese Pile Ointment, 25 and 50c. per box. Japanese Liver Pellets, 50 pills, 25c.

Will cure all kinds of Piles. Why suffer with this terrible disease? We give written guarantee with 6 $1.00 boxes, to refund the money if not cured. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Japanese Pile Cure Company, St. Paul, Minn.
HAMMACK, LUCAS & CO., Cor. Peachtree and Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

WILL CONTINUE FAIR.

Today's Weather Will Be Auspicious, So Says Mr. Hunt.

As had been the case for several days previous, there was yesterday but little change in the location of barometric areas, distribution of heat or general weather conditions. The day was without precipitation, except a trace at Norfolk, Va.

At nightfall the mercury was registering between 70 and 80 degrees over the districts bordering along the gulf coast and throughout the eastern gulf and south Atlantic states. From the Carolinas northward to the lake regions and along the coast the temperature was quite low, Norfolk, Va., reporting 56 degrees and New York city 60 degrees. A warm wave extended over the lower portion of the Ohio valley, and thence westward over the Mississippi, Arkansas and Missouri valleys. Throughout this warm area the temperature was 80 degrees or above.

For Georgia today: Fair, slightly warmer.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily mean temperature	69
Daily normal temperature	68
Highest temperature	81
Lowest temperature	57
Precipitation during last 24 hours	00
Deficiency precipitation since Jan. 1st	11.74

GEORGE E. HUNT,
Local Forecast Official.

Forecast for Saturday.

North Carolina—Generally fair; possibly showers on the coast; easterly winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Fair; easterly winds; slightly warmer.

Eastern Florida—Fair; easterly winds.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Generally fair; southerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair; possibly local thunder storms in extreme northern portion; southeasterly winds.

Arkansas, Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair; continued warm; easterly to southeasterly winds.

If you would always be healthy, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier.

PROHIBITION CLUB

Will Not Indorse a Ticket for County Officers.

The prohibitionists will take no action in the election of county officers this fall. So said Captain W. H. Brotherton, one of the most enthusiastic members of the club, yesterday morning. They will put out no candidates, but it is possible that they will indorse three of the candidates for legislature. It is not certain that this will be done, and it will not be definitely settled until the next meeting of the club, which will be held Thursday, June 4th.

Captain Brotherton said yesterday that the club would not indorse a single candidate for county office. If any are indorsed, it will be those running for the legislature.

THE "Monarch" BRAND SHIRTS ARE GUARANTEED GOODS



SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

More Excursion Tickets Via the Southern Railway.

The Southern railway will sell in addition to the special rates already announced for the summer, round trip tickets to Richmond, Va., and to Washington, D. C., as follows:

For the annual meeting of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association, at Richmond, June 27th and 28th, one first-class fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold June 23d, limited to July 26, 1896, for return.

For the fifteenth convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, July 7th to 13th, 1896, one first-class fare for the round trip to Washington, D. C. These tickets will be sold July 5th, 6th 7th, limited for return to July 15th, and may be extended and made good for return until and including July 31st, upon their deposit with the joint agent at Washington, on or before July 1, 1896.

For schedules and further information apply to any agent of the Southern railway or to W. H. Tayloe, district passenger agent at Atlanta, Ga. may5-3t

$5.85 ROUND TRIP TO SAVANNAH.

On account of interstate drill and gala week at Savannah, round trip tickets will be sold via Central of Georgia railway on May 11th, 12th and 13th at $5.85, and on May 9th, 10th and 14th at $8.36, tickets good returning until May 18th. Cheap rates from all stations on the system.

TRADE MALYDOR MARK INJECTION
THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE
MALE AND FEMALE
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa Spermatorrhœa, and all unhealthy sexual discharges. Free Syringe.
No Pain, No Stain. Prevents Stricture and all forms of Private Diseases of both Male and Female.
At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00.
"Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies."
DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

FRED. G. PAINTER,
(From London)
Fresco Painter,
Georgia Paint and Glass Depot,
'Phone 1046. 40 PEACHTREE

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, May 7, 1896. J. W. Bairfield has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 28th day of May, 1896, at my office,
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
may8-2t

RARE BARGAINS



EASY TO UNDERSTAND!

FOR SATURDAY ONLY MAY 9th, 1896.

Out-of-Town Orders Must Reach Us by Tuesday.

Jacobs' Pharmacy Leads.

Household Medicines.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, regular price $1.00, our cut price .. 66c
CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS, regular price $2, our cut price .. $1.50
CHLORIDE LIME, in pound boxes, regular price 20c, our cut price .. 10c
BARCLAY STERILIZER, 7 bottles with patent stoppers, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 99c
LAVANTINE SHOE POLISH, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 8c
WOOD TOOTH PICKS, regular price 60c dozen packages, our cut price per dozen packages .. 25c
SEIDLITZ POWDERS, full weight and fresh, regular price per box 50c, our cut price per box .. 20c
SPIRITS CAMPHOR, regular price $1 pint, our cut price per pint .. 50c
LAUDANUM, regular price $1.50 per pint, our cut price per pint .. $1.00
TINCTURE ARNICA, regular price per pint $1, our cut price per pint .. 50c
CASTOR OIL, regular price 35c pint, our cut price per pint .. 20c
SPIRITS TURPENTINE, regular price 20c pint, our cut price per pint .. 10c
SWEET OIL, regular price 50c per pint, our cut price per pint .. 20c
EPSOM SALTS, regular price per pound 10c, our cut price per pound .. 5c
BLACK PEPPER, regular price per pound 25c, our cut price per pound .. 15c
COXE'S ELATINE, regular price 25c our cut price .. 15c
SULPHATE MORPHINE, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 25c
SULPHATE QUININE, regular price per dozen 75c, our cut price .. 40c
QUICKSILVER, 4 ounce bottles regular price 50c, our cut price .. 25c
MIXED BIRD SEED, regular price 10c per package, our cut price .. 6c
CREAM TARTAR, Power & Weightman's, 1 pound boxes, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 35c
FOUTZ STOCK POWDERS, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 15c
JACOBS' POULTRY POWDER, for chickens, ducks, turkeys and poultry of all kinds; cure cholera, fever, etc., etc.; keeps poultry healthy and makes hens lay, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 15c
DARBY'S FLUID, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 35c
WARNER'S KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE, regular price $1.25, our cut price 83c
DR. LASKER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF PINE SPLINTERS is a prompt cure for all diseases of the kidneys, liver and urinary organs, and is especially serviceable in inflammation of the bladder. This preparation combines in a highly concentrated state the active properties of Holland Gin, African Buchu Leaves, Splinters of Georgia Pine and Spirits of Nitre, the most efficient remedy known to the medical profession; regular price $1, our cut price .. 50c

Toilet Articles.

JACOBS' CITRON CREAM SOAP, an elegant toilet soap, highly perfumed, regular price 25c cake, our cut price per box of 3 cakes .. 20c
ALMOND MEAL, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 15c
CALDER'S DENTINE, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 18c
JACOBS' ROSE TOOTH POWDER, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 15c
WIRE HAIR BRUSHES, regular price 35c, our cut price .. 15c
JAPANESE TOOTH BRUSHES, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 10c
EXTRA HEAVY HARD RUBBER DRESSING COMB, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 20c
HEAVY HARD RUBBER DRESSING COMB, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 10c
RUBIFOAM, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 18c
DELECTALAVE, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 35c
LONDBORG'S SACHET POWDERS, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 10c
JACOBS' SACHET POWDERS, Violet and Heliotrope, regular price 25c, our cut price .. 10c
WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 25c
PEACH BLOOM SOAP, 3 cakes in box, regular price 25c, our cut price per box .. 10c
GOSNELL'S BLUE MOTTLED SOAP, 2½ lb bars, regular price 35c, our cut price .. 18c
WOOL SOAP, regular price 10c, our cut price .. 5c
GIRARD'S IMPORTED VIOLET WATER, regular price 75c, our cut price .. 50c
BAY RUM, 8-oz. bottles, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 20c
RAZOR STROPS, regular price 50c, our cut price .. 18c
SHALENBERGER'S SHAMPOO POWDER, regular price 25c, our price .. 10c
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, regular price $1.00, our cut price .. 50c
PALMER'S HAIR VIGORATOR, restores the hair to its natural color, leaves it clean, soft and glossy and no one dreams that you color it, cures dandruff, falling of the hair, etc.; regular price $1.00, our cut price .. 40c
JACOBS' QUININE HAIR TONIC is the best preparation for the hair that we carry in stock. It prevents the old hair from falling out, if the roots are not completely destroyed. It is perfectly harmless, keeps the scalp clean and cures troublesome humors. Regular price 50c, our cut price .. 25c
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM, a first-class preparation—better than the usual advertised hair remedies; excellent for removing dandruff and preventing a diseased condition of the scalp. It will also prevent the hair from falling out and restore gray hair to its original color. Regular price 50c, our cut price .. 30c

Liquor Department.

AT COST—AT COST—AT COST.

The following goods must be obtained at the old stand of Donald M. Bain, 6 and 8 Marietta street. Their immense stock must be sold at once to make room for our occupancy. These are real cost bargains. Call at once as they go off rapidly.

Whiskies by the Quart.

OLD OSCAR PEPPER WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price 75c
OLD CROW WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 75c
OLD HERMITAGE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.00
OLD HUNTER RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.75; our cut price $1.10
ESTEL SPRINGS WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 90c
OVERHOLT RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 99c
SILVER COINAGE RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.33
DOUBLE STANDARD RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.33
FELTER'S "AA" RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.33
OLD PRIVATE STOCK RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.33
OLD EAGLE RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 99c
ROB ROY RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price, $1; our cut price .. 73c
OLD POPLAR LOG BOURBON WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.25; our cut price .. 83c
"A SWALLOW" RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.25; our cut price 73c
W. H. McBRAYER RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price 99c
ELK CLUB RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 73c
OLD GAME COCK RYE WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 73c
CALEDONIAN CLUB MALT WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 83c
RAMSAY'S SCOTCH WHISKY, quarts, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.43
ROYAL CLUB COCKTAILS WHISKY, MARTINI, MANHATTAN AND VERMOUTH, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 99c
UNCLE REMUS CORN WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 66c
GOLDEN SHUCKS CORN WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 66c
CHEROKEE CHIEF CORN WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 50c
RABBIT'S FOOT CORN WHISKY, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 50c

Liqueurs and Cordials.

LIQUEUR CHARTREUSE, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.13
EXTRAIT D'ABSINTHE, regular price $2; our cut price .. $1.33
VINO VERMOUTH, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 75c
Other kinds at similar cost prices.

Gins.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, quarts, regular price, $1.50; our cut price .. 99c
OLD CROW GIN, quarts, regular price, $1; our cut price .. 73c
OLD HOLLAND GIN, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 66c
OLD TOM GIN, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 73c

Rums.

NEW ENGLAND RUMS, quarts, regular price $1, our cut price .. 50c
MEDFORD RUM, quarts, regular price $1, our cut price .. 50c
JAMAICA RUM, quarts, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 83c

Beer and Ale.

GINGER ALE, imported C. & C., regular price $2 dozen, our cut price per dozen .. $1.65
BASS ALE, regular price $2.50 dozen, our cut price per dozen .. $2.00
MOERLEIN, Cincinnati beer, pints, regular price $1.50 dozen, our price per dozen .. 99c
LION BEER, pints, regular price $1.50 dozen, our cut price per dozen .. 99c

Brandies.

DUPONT'S COGNAC BRANDY, quarts, regular price $2, our cut price .. $1.00
HENNESSEY'S COGNAC BRANDY, 3 stars, quarts, regular price $2.50, our cut price .. 1.25
PEACH BRANDY, quarts, regular price $1.25, our cut price .. 73c
APPLE BRANDY, quarts, regular price $1.25, our cut price .. 73c
BLACKBERRY BRANDY, quarts, regular price $1, our cut price .. 63c
JAMAICA GINGER BRANDY, quarts, regular price $1, our cut price .. 50c
BRANDY PEACHES, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 99c
BRANDY CHERRIES, white and red, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 99c
BRANDY STRAWBERRIES, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 99c
BRANDY APRICOTS, regular price $1.50, our cut price .. 99c

Wines by Quart.

P. H. S. CHAMPAGNE, AMERICAN, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 99c
P. H. S. CHAMPAGNE, AMERICAN, pints, regular price 75c, our cut price 49c
ST. JULIAN CLARET, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 40c
DE TURK CAVERNET CLARET WINE, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 63c
ZINFANDEL CLARET WINE, quarts, regular price 75c; our cut price 40c
BLACKBERRY WINE, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 40c
CALIFORNIA PORT WINE, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 40c
CALIFORNIA SHERRY WINE, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price 40c
MADEIRA WINE, quarts, regular price $1; our cut price .. 50c
LONDON DOCK SHERRY WINE, quarts, regular price $1.50; our cut price .. 33c
CATAWBA WINE, quarts, regular price 75c; our cut price .. 40c
SCUPPERNONG WINE, quarts, regular price 75c; our cut price .. 40c
RHINE WINE, quarts, regular price 75c; our cut price .. 50c

Cigars.

HARVEST TIME CIGARS, regular price $4 per 100, put up 50 in box, our cut price per box .. 1.60
TALK OF TOWN CIGARS, regular price $4 a 100, put up 50 in box, our cut price .. 1.25
MINO CIGARS, regular price $3 a 100, put up 50 in box, our cut price per box 75c
RED CROSS CIGARS, regular price $5 a 100, put up 50 in box, our cut price per box .. 1.73
AVALON CIGARS, regular price $5 per 100, put up 50 in box, our cut price per box .. 1.75

Everything Retailed at Wholesale Prices.

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claret and appollinaries—don't cost much—it's so refreshing and healthy—we have clarets in thirty grades—from the cheapest california to the finest bordeaux—drink it with meals and other occasions.

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If you prefer—such brands as canadian club, old oscar pepper, four aces, etc.

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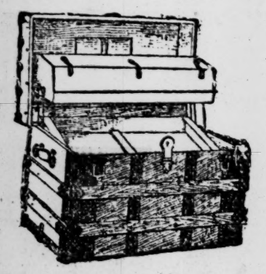
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REVOLVING TRAY TRUNK.

NO STRAIN ON THE BACK.



So easy that a child can work it. See it and you will buy no other. Manufactured and for sale ONLY at

Lieberman's Trunk Factory
92 WHITEHALL ST.

E & W TRADE MARK ARAPAHOE A NEW COLLAR

$1.00

ROUND TRIP!

ATLANTA to WEST POINT, GA

Monday, May 11th.

Leave Atlanta, 7:30 A. M.

Returning, Leave West Point 5 P. M., same day.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors

All creditors of the estate of Jerry Murphy, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. April 18, 1896. ABBIE MURPHY, Admx., apr 18 6t sat Room 617 Temple Court.



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Treats Club Feet, Diseases of the Spine, Hip Joints, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Female and private diseases, Hernia, Rheumatism, Urinary Organs, etc. Send for illustrated circulars.

PATRIOTIC MR. DAY

A Civic Insignia for Atlanta Seems To Be His Fad.

HIS A UNIQUE COLOR SCHEME

The Sanitary Committee Considers the City Flag, but the Aldermanic Board Wants More Light.

The aesthetic taste of Councilman Thomas Day will receive a sore shock when council again assembles, and a fond hope which he has been sacredly treasuring during the past fortnight may be dashed to earth.

In his patriotic zeal, Councilman Day introduced an ordinance before the general municipal assembly several weeks ago. As carefully recorded upon the big ledger of Clerk Phillips the ordinance read in toto:

"By Councilman Day, an ordinance establishing the flags and colors of the city of Atlanta.

"Whereas, the city of Atlanta has no authorized flag or ensign, and whereas, it is fitting that such should be established in accordance with the ancient custom of independent municipalities, therefore be it resolved by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta that the following shall be the forms, devices and colors of the civic flag, ensign and pennant of the city of Atlanta:

"That the colors in the several forms shall be yellow and blue, of the hues or tints expressed upon the pattern, and the exact copy of which is hereby directed to be placed on file in the office of the clerk of the council and displayed in the city hall marked: 'Approved colors of the city flags of Atlanta.'"

Councilman Day is one of the most patriotic members of the municipal assembly. This ordinance was the outspoken token of that higher valor which is indicative of statesmanship, and exemplifies inspiring instincts. Since his election, Councilman Day had long regretted the sad neglect which caused Atlanta to be without a flag. In his broad knowledge of effects the councilman had divined that nothing would be more ennobling to the boys and girls of Atlanta than some symbol of her progress, some material emblem of her wonderful prosperity, some flaming insignia to which the people of Atlanta could point with pride and proclaim lasting allegiance to its colors.

Just what colors these should be the aesthetic councilman could not at first decide.

It was one day in early spring when the silhouette of the doughty wardsman fell athwart the desk of Clerk of Council Phillips, and that official pushing his pen behind one ear asked what service could be rendered.

Councilman Day spoke in a voice full of serious contemplation and weighty deliberation:

"Phillips," he said, "I have an idea."

"Ah," said the clerk, bending nearer with a look of wistful surprise.

"Yes, sir; I have an idea. Atlanta has no flag. Atlanta has no colors. Suppose some day the members of council should be called out in a body, as it often occurs; suppose there should be a public parade in which Atlanta ought to be represented, would it not be well for some emblematic colors to be displayed; would it not be meet and proper for us to fly our flag?"

"In truth that is an idea—an idea most meet and proper," replied the clerk.

"Then," continued the councilman, "why not write to some of the larger cities and find their flags and devices. This must be done at once."

In accordance with this expressed wish Clerk Phillips issued a letter to many cities. Immediate replies were received. For the most part the larger cities did not have flags, but some samples were sent, and these were presented to Councilman Day.

The councilman had supplemented these with a collection of colors which would dazzle an artist. He spread out before him all cardinal colors and as many shades and mixtures as could be gathered. Councilman Day first thought of red, but this was too flaring, and he decided to select something more austere. He had the colors arranged in their prismatic form, red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet. The councilman skipped orange, as it was not positive enough. It was yellow he decided upon, signifying the fading of all things bad in the city politic. Councilman Day is not a decadent, and his selection of this hue had no reference to degeneracy in any form. He wished another color and fixed upon blue, signifying hope—the blue of the skies.

In accordance with this his ordinance was framed and duly presented to council. Here it was read once and referred to the ordinance committee. Considering it in all its lights the committee reported favorably and returned it to council.

It was read the second time and referred to the sanitary committee. Councilman Day lifted his eyebrows in mild surprise. He could not understand what connection ditches and dirt could have with the glorious colors of the city of Atlanta. But Mayor Pro Tem. Hirsch was wanting in sentiment and ordered the matter to be considered by the sanitary committee.

At the last session of council Chairman Thomas, together with other matters of sanitation, reported on the color question. It was acted upon favorably by council and sent up to the aldermanic board. In the meantime it had chanced to fall into the hands of the mayor and he wrote his approval thereon. Yesterday it came up to be considered by the aldermanic board.

The flag was discussed from an artistic standpoint. Some of the members of the board did not like yellow.

"Make it green," said Mr. Colvin.

"Black would be better," put in Colonel Howell.

Inasmuch as there were no colors with the ordinance, and inasmuch as there was no drawing of the flag, nor anything to show its device the aldermen decided to refer it back to council. This disapproval will be a serious shock to the patriotism of Councilman Day. It will necessitate another sharp struggle for his colors.

WILL PAY THE TEACHERS.

County School Commissioner Guinn May Issue the Checks Today.

The teachers of Fulton county who have been teaching district schools since the first of the year, will doubtless be paid their salaries for the first quarter of the scholastic year this morning by Commissioner Guinn.

Commissioner Guinn, who was elected last Wednesday to fill the long term as school commissioner, has been engaged in making out the pay roll since his election and he will probably pay the teachers their salaries this morning.

The salaries were due after the expiration of the first quarter, but on account of the vacancy in the board, the pay roll was not made out as is usually the custom.

After the grip, typhoid fever, diphtheria or other prostrating diseases, nothing builds up the strength and restores full health like Hood's Sarsaparilla. It sharpens the appetite.

No buffet should be without a bottle of Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, the South American appetizer and invigorator.

Summer Excursion Tickets to Seashore Resorts.

The Southern railway now has on sale summer excursion tickets to Cumberland Island, Morehead City, Tybee, Ga.; St. Simon's Island, Suwanee Springs, Fla.; White Springs, Fla.

These tickets are good to return until October 31, 1896.

For full information apply to agent Southern Railway, ticket office Kimball house corner.

A. A. VERNOY,
Passenger Agent.
W. H. TAYLOE,
District Passenger Agent.
Atlanta, Ga.

FROM DEATH'S JAWS.

AN INSURANCE MAN SNATCHED THEREFROM.

Made To Feel Like a Man of Thirty-Five—Vigorous Now in Mind and Body.

"Such Wonderful Results Should Be Heralded to the World"—So Says the Restored Gentleman.

"Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, 519 Guaranty Building, Minneapolis, Minn., December 13, 1895.—Gentlemen—Will you accept my thanks for the great benefits received from the use of Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets? At the time of commencing its use, last July, I could not read without my glasses the signs on our business streets; could not retain on my mind a matter of business sufficiently long to get to the street from my office, and could not call the names of my intimate friends, and would frequently get lost in parts of the city where I had been a daily visitor for the past seven years. I attributed my condition to advanced age. Thanks to Kola Nervine Tablets, however, although fifty-six years of age, I am satisfied that I am today in as good condition in every respect as I was at thirty-five. Anything that will accomplish such wonderful results as this should be heralded to the world. I might add for the benefit of the public that this testimonial is given without any solicitation on your part whatever. Yours truly,

"W. S. SWETT, Manager."

Mr. Swett is one of the best known insurance men in the northwest—in fact, throughout the country. His case is not singular. Thousands similarly afflicted have been similarly cured by the wonderful Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets.

Fifty cents and $1.00 at druggists or sent direct. See Dr. Charcot's name on label. Write for free sample package and testimonials. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing Company, La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

WHERE SHALL WE SPEND THE SUMMER?

Lookout Inn, Lookout Mountain, Tenn., the Palace Hotel of the South

Offers inducements superior to any other resort in the south. Here the atmosphere is always cool and clear. The nights are perfect. There are no mosquitoes and malaria is absolutely unknown. The scenery is the finest in the world, so pronounced by the historian Bancroft, the great traveler Stanley and a host of others. Lookout Inn is a beautiful gem of architecture, built of the famous old red sand stone and wood; finished in the interior throughout in quartered oak, and decorated by some of the best known artists of the country at enormous expense. The water used on the tables is from the celebrated Leonora Spring, the purest in the world. This historic resort promises to be unusually brilliant this season. Write for circulars and terms to M. S. Gibson, manager. Special rates for May and June.

HERMITAGE HEIGHTS AT PASTURAGE!

Near Grant Park. 200 acres. Fine grasses and spring water in each pasture. Jersey males. Careful attention given to all stock and rates reasonable.

F. W. BENTEEN, JR.
39 Peachtree Street, City.
may 5-1m

Foote's Trunk Factory.

Selling Steamer Trunks and all others; also valises and telescopes at greatly reduced prices. Call before buying. Repairing a specialty. Telephone 230, 17 East Alabama street.

New York World, Only One Cent

Cut prices on all New York papers. Sunday Herald, World and all New York Sunday papers at 5 cents each.

Cut prices on books and all kinds of office stationery at JOHN M. MILLER'S. 29 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

Atlanta's Leading Tailor Is Offering His Stock at Reduced Prices.

This is the time of year when every one should don a new suit. Nothing looks nicer or more pleasing than a well-dressed man, and especially this season of the year, when every one expects it.

Mr. H. B. Elston, the tailor, No. 3 East Alabama street, is offering inducements in tailor-made goods such as were never before offered, and many have already taken advantage of this offer. As a rule, you can count on saving 25 per cent—not to say anything of the perfect fit he gives you.

A more superb line of imported fabrics were never offered, and this opportunity should be sought after.

One Cent Per Mile Rate Via Central of Georgia Railway.

Account interstate drills and May week festivities, excursion tickets via Central of Georgia railway to Savannah, at 1 cent per mile traveled, from all points in Georgia, (except stations within 50 miles of Savannah) will be sold May 11th, 12th and 13th, and at one fare for round trip on May 9th, 10th and 14th; final limit of all tickets May 18th. Grand sham battles, dress parades, competitive drills, review of troops by Governor Atkinson, fireworks, vaudeville performances and various other attractions. A chance to visit Tybee cheap. may7-6t

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The Atlanta Lithographing Company is giving its employes a picnic at Lakewood park today. Mr. Warren Boyd, secretary and treasurer, and Mr. W. C. Nunemacher, general manager are acting as masters of ceremony.

Real Estate Notes.

Mr. S. B. Turman will sell twenty-five acres, in large lots, today, on the Jonesboro road and electric car line, just this side of Lakewood park.

Excellent in every regard are the beers of the celebrated Cincinnati Lion Brewery, as shown by the fact that they received highest award at the Cotton States and International exposition. Jerry Towns, agent, keg beer; Aug. Flesh, agent bottled beer.

"BIG FOUR" TO ST. LOUIS.

"No Tunnel Route."

The national republican convention will be held in St. Louis, June 10, 1896. There will be many thousand people in that city on that occasion. The "Big Four" offers to the public the most comfortable and luxurious line to St. Louis, with elegant through Wagner sleeping car service and unexcelled dining car service from New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Washington and all eastern and southeastern cities.

mch 14-sat e o w may 30

$5.85 Round Trip to Savannah.

On account of interstate drill and gala week at Savannah, round trip tickets will be sold via Central of Georgia railway on May 11th, 12th and 13th at $5.85 and on May 9th, 10th and 14th at $8.36, tickets good returning until May 18th. One cent per mile traveled for military companies. Cheap rates from all stations on the system. Make sleeping car reservations before taking train. S. B. WEBB, T. P. A., may 3-1wt 16 Kimball House.

One Fare Rate to Memphis, Tenn.

On account of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, the Western and Atlantic railroad and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway will sell round-trip tickets to Memphis, Tenn., at rate one fare for the round trip on May 19th and 20th; limited to return to June 2, 1896. For further information, write or apply to C. E. Harman, general passenger agent. may8-7t

THE OVERCOAT

Is getting seldom and burdensome. You can't make it hide the fact that you have no new Spring Suit.

The man who owns one of our beautiful Suits cannot be induced to cover it up. He knows it fits. He knows that it is at the top notch of style. He knows that it looks twice as costly as it was . . . . . .

$12 and $15 suits in all the most desirable weaves and patterns seem most popular, though we have others from $10 to $30. Your money back if you want it.

Eads-Neel Co.

Sick People

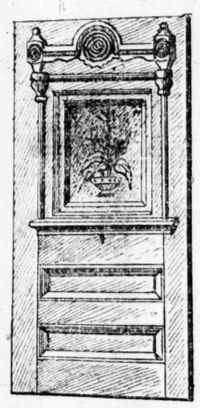
MUST HAVE PROPER NOURISHMENT TO

Get Well.

We make a specialty of Health Foods, viz:

Granase, Granola, Caramel Cereal, Oatmeal and Graham Wafers, Zweiback and Beaten Biscuit from Battle Creek Sanitarium; Farwell and Phines' scientifically prepared Flours for Diabetes, Dyspepsia and Bright's Disease; Schumacher's white and amber Graham Flours, Parched Farinase and Cereals, Franklin Mills' fine Flour of Entire Wheat, Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY COMPANY,
390 and 392 Peachtree Street.



TRAYNHAM & RAY'S

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE.

We have decided to close out our stock of sash, doors and blinds, mantels, grates, tiles, lumber, shingles, laths, moldings and all kinds of mill work, builders' hardware, tools, etc. Full and complete stock on hand. All who intend to build should get our prices. Everything must be sold within a short time.

Office, salesroom and factory, 90 Decatur street; mills and yards corner Glen street and Southern railroad. apr 12—1m

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Thin Clothing

Just the kind to keep a man cool in hot weather and make life worth living. Serge Coats, Alpacas, Sicilians, Crash Suits for $5.00; Crash Suits for $7.50. Duck Vests, Pique Vests, Fancy Vests, Duck Trousers—Everything in the summer goods line. Step in and look.

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None at all in having his better han yours.

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The Best Machines of Lower Price are Hartfords $80, $60, $50. The $50 kind for Boys and Girls. Riding School in Gate City Guard Armory. Ladies' Class 10 to 1. Gentlemen's Class 8 to 10 p.m.

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Suits, Straw Hats, Negligee Attire of every description for the hot weather.

THE RELIABLE KIND ONLY!

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Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agents,
No. 28 Peachtree Street.

FOR RENT—9-room house, hot and cold water, furnished completely, all comparatively new, 2-acre lot, nice shade, fine peaches, apples, grapes, fine garden, fine jersey cow, chickens, etc., two minutes' walk from Kirkwood electric car station, neighborhood elegant; from now till first of October next for $40 per month. Come quick if you want a nice summer home.

FOR SALE, 6-room house; water and gas; lot 44x130, at $2,400. Very cheap.

Ten-room house on East Hunter street, lot 50x200; price $4,500, $2,000 cash, balance easy. A bargain.

Four acres of land, very large home, a fine suburban home, all outbuildings, fine fruit, etc., in fact everything to make a place comfortable; four and a half miles from center of city; $3,500. Who will buy this and get a bargain?

Store and house on Center street, near Hemphill avenue, lot 50x120 to alley, at $700, one-half cash, balance monthly.

Forty acres on Peachtree road and railroad; four-room house and outbuildings, 15 acres in cultivation, fine orchard, balance original forest. Price $1,500; cheap.

Sixty-five acres on Bellwood avenue, one-half cleared, balance in original forest, in high state of cultivation, three-room house and outbuildings, with fine orchard of about 200 pears, 600 to 700 apples and plums, 400 to 500 Alexander peach trees, etc., well watered, about four miles from center of city, land lies well, at $60 per acre. Very cheap.

Three-room house, hall running through, front and back porch, the house well finished, cost $500 to build, on one acre of ground, about 50 yards from Georgia railroad at Clarkston, Ga., can be bought at $350. The cheapest place around Atlanta. Buy this and stop paying rent. Call and see us. ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

Wanted, for cash, vacant lot, 60x200; must be a bargain and in good neighborhood.

8-r. Boulevard, new and modern, lot 50x260, $500 cash, balance $45 month, $3,600.

8-r. h., Washington, new and modern; will take vacant lot as part pay, $5,000.

3 2-room houses, near West Fair street, big bargain, $500.

7-r., McDaniel street, worth $2,600, can be bought for $1,800 cash.

2-r. h., rents $26, $2,250.

2-r. h., $25 cash, $5 per month; no interest, $525.

6-r. h., Bowden street, 50x270, near Peachtree, $2,000.

J. B. ROBERTS,
45 Marietta Street.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate Loans and Auctioneers.

$6,000—Elegant Jackson street 9-room house, corner lot, cost $7,500, every convenience.

$3,250—Beautiful South Kirkwood home, fronting electric line, shaded lot, large and elevated. Any terms desired.

$800—One of those beautiful shaded lots at South Kirkwood, 100x200—cheap.

$15,500—The handsomest place on Piedmont avenue—if you look at it you will say so.

$6,000—One of the prettiest homes in Atlanta, corner lot, 80x150, shaded and very near in. Easy terms.

$2,750—For the cheapest place on the north side; 8-room house, cost $3,000 and good lot.

OFFICE 12 EAST ALABAMA STREET.
Telephone 363.

City of Rome, Ga., Bonds.

Sealed bids will be received by the mayor and council of Rome, Ga., until eight (8) o'clock p. m. 20th day of May, 1896, for an issue of city of Rome bonds aggregating $169,000, to be issued in denominations from $500 to $1,000, all bearing date July 1, 1896, and maturing thirty years thereafter, drawing interest from date at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in Rome or New York; said bonds to be issued under and by authority of an act of the legislature of Georgia approved November 18, 1895, for the purpose of retiring that portion of the bonded debt of Rome which matures on said first day of July, 1896. Each bid must be accompanied by certified check for 5 per cent of the amount of such bids all bids must be sealed and addressed to S. S. King, mayor of Rome, Ga. Bids will be opened in the council chamber at Rome, Ga., in the presence of the mayor and council at 8 o'clock p. m., on the 20th day of May, 1896, and the right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

THOMPSON HILES.
J. A. GLOVER.
J. BRANHAM.
Finance Committee.
apr 16tomay 20.

W. L. STANTON,

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

Six choice shaded lots on Gordon avenue. Twelve lots and one cottage on Culberson and Lawton streets. This property is located in West End, Atlanta's most desirable residence community, where—

First, Whisky is forever barred by legislative enactment.

Second, Statistics show the best health record of any ward in the city. Persons desiring the best facilities for educating their children cannot do better than locate in College Park, Atlanta's educational suburb. The property here is beautiful for situation, many of the lots are covered with native oak and hickory.

Call or write for plats with description. 65 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

GRAND AUCTION SALE

OF 13 GROVE LOTS (25 ACRES)

Grove acre lots! One to four acres! Springs and branches! Lakewood park near by! ON ATLANTA ELECTRIC RAILWAY and JONESBORO ROAD! Choice residence lots. Fine location for gardens and truck farms! Twenty minutes' ride from postoffice! Right at the end of the extension of Capitol avenue and South Pryor street. A rare opportunity to be choice and close in suburban property cheap, and on easy terms. This sale will be absolute. An opportunity to buy an acre or two of land, from two to three hundred dollars, possibly, which will, in a short time, be worth a thousand dollars; strictly white neighborhood. I will sell the above property at AUCTION MAY 9TH, SATURDAY 3 P. M., FREE CAR RIDE TO ALL WHO WILL MEET US AT THE POSTOFFICE at the above date, at 2:15, 2:30 and 2:45 p. m. SATURDAY NEXT. Plats will be mailed or delivered on application.

STEVE R. JOHNSON, Auctioneer,
S. B. TURMAN,
Real Estate Agent. No. 8 Wall, Kimball House. 'Phone 164.
may6-4t-wed-thur fri w

Thos. H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

NORTHEN & DUNSON,

REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
CORNER of BAKER and SPRING STS., block of Peachtree, 7-room house and lot 64 feet front, only $6,000.

$1,100 BUYS 3-room house and lot 50x150 in Inman Park.

FOREST AVE. LOT, 2 blocks of Peachtree street, with a frontage of 50 feet, for only $3,000.

WEST PEACHTREE LOT, near junction of Peachtree, for just $3,000. New 7-room house, every convenience, south side, $3,000.

SIX-ROOM HOUSE, water and gas, near Baltimore block, $3,500.

MONEY TO LOAN, from 6 to 8 per cent. Office 409 Equitable. Telephone 126.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent,
14 Wall St., Kimball House.

FOR RENT.

10-r. h., Edgewood, large lot. . . . $35.00
10-r. h., 23 Baltimore block. . . . 40.00
10-r. h., Peachtree road, furnished. . . . 60.00
9-r. h., 23 West Peachtree 35.00
9-r. h., 196 Woodward avenue. . . . 30.00
9-r. h., 156 Capitol avenue. . . . 35.00
9-r. h., 190 Crew. . . . 30.00
9-r. h., 400 South Pryor. . . . 30.00
8-r. h., 400 Courtland. . . . 30.00
8-r. h., 5½ Peters. . . . 22.50
7-r. h., 11 Clifford. . . . 18.00
7-r. h., Murphy avenue, West End. . . . 18.00
6-r. h., 270 Washington. . . . 22.50
6-r. h., 64 West Harris. . . . 20.00
6-r. h., 51 Auburn avenue. . . . 18.00
6-r. h., 39 McDaniel 20.00
6-r. h., 104 Crew. . . . 20.00
6-r. h., 143 Crew. . . . 20.00
5-r. h., 414 Edgewood avenue. . . . 16.00
5-r. h., 224 Cooper 15.00

G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall Street.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store. Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

SHERIFF'S SALE

At 82 and 84 Whitehall St

BARGAINS.

Commencing tomorrow, May 7th, at 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing from day to day until sold, the entire stock of L. Snider & Co., 82 and 84 Whitehall street, consisting of baby carriages, diamonds, watches and jewelry of every kind, and also optical goods, lamps, china, crockery, table and kitchen furniture, bric-a-brac, tinware, willow ware, pictures, etc. This will be a chance for dealers and others to secure rare bargains. Be sure and attend.